

WORKING GROUP ON WIDELY DISTRIBUTED STOCKS (WGWIDE)

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|------|---|-----|
| 4 | Herring (<i>Clupea harengus</i>) in subareas 1, 2, and 5, and in divisions 4.a and 14.a, (Northeast Atlantic) (Norwegian Spring Spawning) | 192 |
| 4.1 | ICES advice in 2019 | 192 |
| 4.2 | The fishery in 2019..... | 192 |
| 4.3 | Stock Description and management units | 192 |
| 4.4 | Input data..... | 193 |
| 4.5 | Stock assessment..... | 196 |
| 4.6 | NSSH reference points | 200 |
| 4.7 | State of the stock | 200 |
| 4.8 | NSSH Catch predictions for 2020 | 200 |
| 4.9 | Comparison with previous assessment | 201 |
| 4.10 | Management plans and evaluations..... | 202 |
| 4.11 | Management considerations | 203 |
| 4.12 | Ecosystem considerations..... | 203 |
| 4.13 | Changes in fishing patterns..... | 204 |
| 4.14 | Recommendations | 205 |
| 4.15 | References | 205 |
| 4.16 | Missing surveys and catch data for Covid-19 disruption – some recommended methods and reporting requirements. | 207 |
| 4.17 | Tables | 210 |
| 4.18 | Figures..... | 254 |

4

Herring (*Clupea harengus*) in subareas 1, 2, and 5, and in divisions 4.a and 14.a, (Northeast Atlantic) (Norwegian Spring Spawning)

4.1 ICES advice in 2019

ICES noted that the stock is declining but estimated to be above $MSY B_{trigger}$ (3.184 million tonnes) in 2019. Recruitment was estimated to be average or low since 2007 (2005 year-class). Fishing mortality has increased 2015 but was estimated to be below F_{MSY} in 2018.

A long-term management plan agreed by the European Union, the Faroe Islands, Iceland, Norway and the Russian Federation, is operational since 2019. ICES evaluated the plan and concluded that it is in accordance with the precautionary approach (ICES, 2018b). The management plan implied maximum catches of 525 594 t in 2020.

4.2 The fishery in 2019

4.2.1 Description and development of the fisheries

The distribution of the 2019 Norwegian spring-spawning herring (NSSH) fishery for all countries by ICES rectangles is shown in Figure 4.2.1.1. The catches by ICES statistical rectangle and quarter, are seen in Figure 4.2.1.2. The 2019 herring fishing pattern was similar to recent years and the proportion of landings among quarters was similar to the fishery in 2018. The fishery began in January on the Norwegian shelf and focused on overwintering, pre-spawning, spawning and post-spawning fish (Figure 4.2.1.2 quarter 1). In the second quarter, the fishery was insignificant (Figure 4.2.1.2 quarter 2). In summer, the fishery had moved into Faroese, Icelandic and Greenlandic waters (Figure 4.2.1.2 quarter 3). In autumn, the fishery partly shifted to the overwintering area in the fjords and oceanic areas off Lofoten, and the central part of the Norwegian Sea. 64% of the catches were taken in the fourth quarter, mainly in the international part of the Norwegian Sea (Figure 4.2.1.2 quarter 4). Catches of Norwegian spring-spawning herring inside the NEAFC regulatory area was estimated by the working group to be 281 092 tonnes in 2019, which represents 36% of the total catch.

4.3 Stock Description and management units

4.3.1 Stock description

A description of the stock is given in the Stock Annex.

4.3.2 Changes in migration

Generally, it is not clear what drives the variability in migration of the stock, but the biomass and production of zooplankton are likely factors, as well as feeding competition with other pelagic fish species (*e.g.* mackerel and to a lesser extent blue whiting) and oceanographic conditions (*e.g.* limitations due to cold areas). Besides environmental factors, the age distribution in the stock will also influence the migration. Changes in the migration pattern of NSSH, as well as that of other herring stocks, are often linked to large year classes entering the stock initiating a different migration pattern, which subsequent year classes will follow. The large 2016 year class has now entered the adult stock and was mainly distributed in the eastern and north-eastern part of the Norwegian Sea during this year's ecosystem surveys. These herring concentrations in the eastern part of the Norwegian Sea represent a change in the distribution compared to earlier years, however, the distribution of older herring seems similar to earlier years. In 2017/2018 there was a shift in wintering areas. While wintering has been observed in fjords west of Tromsø (Norway) for several years, the 2013 year-class wintered in fjords farther north (Kvænangen) since 2017/2018 while the older fish seemed to have had an oceanic wintering area. The oldest and largest fish move farthest south and west during feeding, and the older year classes were in May-July 2020 concentrated in the south-western areas during the feeding season.

4.4 Input data

4.4.1 Catch data

Catches in tonnes by ICES division, ICES rectangle and quarter in 2019 were available from Denmark, Faroe Islands, Germany, Greenland, Iceland, Ireland, The Netherlands, Norway, Russia, the UK (Scotland), Poland and Sweden. The total working group catch in 2019 was 777 165 tonnes (Table 4.4.1.1) compared to the ICES-recommended catch of maximum 525 594 tonnes. The majority of the catches (90%) were taken in area 2.a as in previous years. Samples were not provided by Greenland, The Netherlands, UK, Poland or Sweden (less than 2 % of the total catch were taken by these countries). Sampled catches accounted for 97 % of the total catches, which is on a similar level as in previous years. The sampling levels of catches in 2019 in total, by country and by ICES division is shown in Table 4.4.1.2, 4.4.1.3 and 4.4.1.4. Catch by nation, ICES division and quarter are shown in Table 4.4.1.5. The software SALLOC (ICES, 1998) was used to calculate total catches in numbers-at-age and mean weight at age representing the total catch. Samples allocated (termed fill-in in SALLOC) to cells (nation, ICES division and quarter) without sampling information are shown in Table 4.4.1.5.

4.4.2 Discards

In 2008, the Working Group noted that in this fishery an unaccounted mortality caused by fishing operations and underreporting probably exists (ICES, 2008). It has not been possible to assess the magnitude of these extra removals from the stock, and considering the large catches taken after the recovery of the stock, the relative importance of such additional mortality is probably low. Therefore, no extra mortality to account for these factors has been added since 1994. In previous years, when the stock and the quotas were much smaller, an estimated amount of fish was added to the catches.

The Working Group has not had access to comprehensive data to estimate discards of the herring. Although discarding may occur on this stock, it is considered to be low and a minor problem to the assessment. This is confirmed by estimates from sampling programmes carried out by some EU countries in the Data Collection Framework. Estimates on discarding in 2008 and 2009

of about 2% in weight were provided for the trawl fishery carried out by the Netherlands. In 2010 and 2012, this métier was sampled by Germany. No discarding of herring was observed (0%) in either of the two years. An investigation on fisheries induced mortality carried out by IMR with EU partners on fisheries induced and unreported mortality in mackerel and herring fisheries in the North Sea concluded with an estimated level of discarding at around 3%.

In order to provide information on unaccounted mortality caused by fishing operations in the Norwegian fishery, Ipsos Public Affairs, in cooperation with IMR and the fishing industry, conducted a survey in January/February 2016. The survey was done by phoning skippers and interviewing them. A total of 146 herring skippers participated in the survey, 31 skippers representing the bigger vessel group and 115 skippers representing the smaller vessel group. The data provided an indication that there have been periods of increased occurrence of net bursting. This was seen especially in the period 2007–2010. There was, however, no trend in the size of catches where bursting has occurred.

When it comes to slipping, the data showed a steady increase in the percentage that has slipped herring from 2004–2012, and then a significant decline in recent years. The variations in the proportion that have slipped herring were largely driven by the skippers on smaller coastal purse-seiners. Average size of purse-seine hauls slipped seems to be relatively steady over the period. However, the average size of net hauls slipped was lowest in the recent period.

4.4.3 Age composition of the catch

The estimated catch-at-age in numbers by years are shown in Table 4.4.3.1. The numbers are calculated using the SALLOC software. In 2019, about 25 % of the catches (in numbers) were taken from the 2013 year-class, followed by the 2011 and 2006 year classes (both contributing about 10% each).

Catch curves were made on the basis of the international catch-at-age (Figure 4.4.3.1). For comparison, lines corresponding to $Z=0.3$ are drawn in the background. The big year classes, in the periods of relatively constant effort, show a consistent decline in catch number by cohort, indicating a reasonably good quality of the catch-at-age data. Catch curves for year classes 2005 onwards show a flatter curve than for previous year classes indicating a lower F or a changed exploitation pattern.

4.4.4 Weight at age in catch and in the stock

The weight-at-age in the catches in 2019 was computed from the sampled catches using SALLOC. Trends in weight-at-age in the catch are presented in Figure 4.4.4.1 and Table 4.4.4.1. The mean weights at age for most of the age groups have generally been increasing in 2010–2013 but levelled off around 2014. In the most recent years the weight-at-age seems to have decreased slightly for most ages – earlier for the younger ages than for the older. A similar pattern is observed in weight-at-age in the stock which is presented in Figure 4.4.4.2 and Table 4.4.4.2. The mean weight at age in the stock was based on the survey in the wintering area until 2008. Since then the mean weight at age in the stock was derived from samples taken in the fishery in the same area and at the same time as the wintering surveys were conducted in.

4.4.5 Maturity-at-age

In 2010 the method for estimating maturity-at-age in the stock assessment of NSSH was changed based on work done by the “workshop on estimation of maturity ogive in Norwegian spring-spawning herring” (WKHERMAT; ICES, 2010a). The method which was adopted by WGWIDE

in 2010 (ICES, 2010b) is based on work by Engelhard *et al.* (2003) and Engelhard and Heino (2004). They developed a method to back-calculate age at maturity for individual herring based on scale measurements, and used this to construct maturity ogives for the year classes 1930–1992.

The NSSH has irregular recruitment pattern with a few large year classes dominating in the stock when it is on a high level. Most of the year classes are, however, relatively small and referred to as “normal” year classes. The back-calculation dataset indicates that maturation of the large year classes is slower than for “normal” year classes.

WKHERMAT and WGWIDE considered the dataset derived by back calculation as a suitable candidate for use in the assessment because it is conceived in a consistent way over the whole period and can meet standards required in a quality controlled process. However, the back-calculation estimates cannot be used for the most recent years since all year classes have to be fully matured before the calculation can be made. Therefore, assumptions have to be made for the recent year classes. For recent year classes, WGWIDE (2010) decided to use average back-calculated maturity for “normal” and “big” year classes, respectively and thereby reducing maturity-at-age for ages 4, 5 and 6 when strong year classes enter the spawning stock. The default maturity ogives used for “normal” and “big” year-classes are given in the text table below.

| age | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| normal year class | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| strong year class | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Assumed values should be replaced by back-calculated values in the annual assessments for each year where updated values are available. In 2020 the year 2015 could be updated with back-calculated values used in the present assessment. Assumed and updated values are shown in figure 4.4.5.1. The 2016 year-class was considered a strong year-class by the working group based on the 2020 assessment where several survey indices of this year-class are included, and maturity at age 4 was set to 0.1 for this year-class in the 2020 assessment according to the table above. The maturity ogives used in the present assessment are presented in Table 4.4.5.1.

4.4.6 Natural mortality

In this year’s assessment, the natural mortality $M=0.15$ was used for ages 3 and older and $M=0.9$ was used for ages 0–2. These levels of natural mortality are in accordance to previous years and their justification is provided in the stock annex. Information about deviations from these levels in the time-series, *e.g.* due to diseases, are also provided in the stock annex.

4.4.7 Survey data

The surveys available for the assessment are described in the stock annex. Only two of the available surveys are used in the final assessment and will therefore be dealt with in this section:

- 1) The International Ecosystem Survey in the Nordic Seas (IESNS) in May. This survey covers the entire stock during its migration on the feeding grounds, the adults in the Norwegian Sea and adjacent waters (“Fleet 5”) and the juveniles in the Barents Sea (“Fleet 4”).
- 2) The Norwegian acoustic survey on the spawning grounds in February (“Fleet 1”).

The cruise reports from the IESNS and spawning survey in 2020 are available as working documents to this report. The spawning survey and IESNS in the Norwegian Sea were carried out successfully in 2020, however, the Barents Sea part of IESNS (“Fleet 4”) was not carried out in 2020 due to technical issues with the Russian vessel.

The abundance estimates from “Fleet 1” are shown in Table 4.4.7.1 and Figure 4.4.7.2; from “Fleet 4” in Table 4.4.7.2 and Figure 4.4.7.1 and “Fleet 5” in Table 4.4.7.3 and Figure 4.4.7.1. In 2020 it was decided to use the bootstrap mean values as point estimates of abundance instead of the baseline estimates. This applies to the years where the software Stox is used to estimate abundance. Variance estimates from the bootstrap runs are already being used in the assessment, thus it is more logical to also use point estimates from the bootstrap. A comparison using point estimates for both bootstrap and baseline was made, and the effect on the assessment was negligible.

Catch curves were made on the basis of the abundance estimates from the surveys “Fleet 1” (Figure 4.4.7.3) and “Fleet 5” (Figure 4.4.7.4). The same arguments are valid for the interpretation of the catch curves from the surveys as from the catches. In 2010, the numbers of all age groups decreased suddenly in “Fleet 5” and this is seen as a drop in the catch curves that year. This drop has continued for some of the year classes and the year classes 1998 and 1999 are disappearing faster from the stock than expected. This observed fast reduction in these age classes may also be influenced by the changes in “Fleet 5” catchability, with seemingly higher catchability in years 2006–2009. Like the catch curves from commercial landings, the corresponding curves from “Fleet 5” are also quite flat for year classes 2005 onwards. As “Fleet 1” was not conducted in the years 2009–2014, there is a gap in the catch curves, making it difficult to interpret them.

4.4.8 Sampling error in catches and surveys

Sampling errors for Norwegian catch-at-age for the years 2010–2018 is estimated using ECA (Saltaug and Aanes 2015, Hirst *et al.* 2012). Using the Taylor function (Aanes 2016a) to model the sampling variance of the catches yields a very good fit ($R_{adj}^2 = 0.94$) and using this function to impute missing sampling variances for catch-at-age yields relative standard errors shown in Table 4.4.8.1. It is assumed that the relative standard errors in the total catches are equal to the Norwegian catches (which comprise ~60% of the total catches). Sampling errors for survey indices are estimated using StoX (<http://www.imr.no/forskning/prosjekter/stox/nb-no>) and Johnsen *et al.* (2019). For Fleet 1, estimates are available for the years 1988–1989, 1994–1996, 1998–2000, 2005–2008, and 2015–2019, for Fleet 4 estimates of sampling errors are available for 2009–2019, and for Fleet 5 for 2008–2019. Missing values for sampling variances are imputed using the Taylor function which provides good fits (R_{adj}^2 's are 0.95, 0.98, 0.96, respectively). The resultant relative standard errors are given in Tables 4.4.8.2–4.4.8.4. Due to the very good fits of the Taylor functions, estimates of relative standard error where empirical estimates are available, are also replaced by the model predicted values to reduce potential effects of imprecise estimates of errors.

4.4.9 Information from the fishing industry

No information was made available to the working group.

4.5 Stock assessment

The first benchmark of the NSSH took place in 2008. The assessment tool TASACS was then chosen to be the standard assessment tool for the stock. The second benchmark took place in 2016 (ICES, 2016) where three assessment models were explored, TASACS, XSAM and one separable model. WKPELA accepted XSAM as the standard assessment tool for the NSSH.

4.5.1 XSAM final assessment 2020

The XSAM model is documented in Aanes 2016a and 2016b. XSAM includes the option to utilize the prediction of total catch in the assessment year (typically the sum of national quotas) along with the precision of the prediction. This approach was changed in 2017 when it was found that the model estimated a highly variable and significantly lower catch compared to the working group's prediction (sum of national quotas). In addition, this caused an abrupt change in the selection pattern from 2017 and onwards. The abrupt change in the selection pattern was not fully understood by the working group, but the effect was less pronounced if not using the catch prediction from the model for 2017. Therefore, it was decided to not utilize the prediction of total catches in 2017 when fitting the model to data (*i.e.* the assessment) and consequently in the short-term forecast. The same approach is taken in the 2020 assessment, *i.e.* the catch prediction for 2020 is not included when fitting the model to data. The resulting estimated selection pattern is gradual (Figure 4.5.1.1) and in line with the current knowledge about the fishery. It is important to notice that this has marginal effect on the assessment, but larger effects on the prediction and short-term forecast.

This year's XSAM assessment was performed with the same model options as in 2017. In summary, this means that the model was fit with time varying selectivity and effort according to AR(1) models in the model for fishing mortality; the recruitment was modelled as a process with constant mean and variance; the standard errors for all input data were predetermined using sample data (Tables 4.4.8.1–4.4.8.4), but estimating a scaling constant common for all input data to allow additional variability in the input data that is not controlled by sampling. Other details in settings are given in the Stock Annex.

The same input data over the same age ranges was used as in 2017. At the 2016 benchmark, data from 1988 and onwards was used, the considered age-span was 3–12+ with input data catch-at-age, Fleet 1 and Fleet 5 and in WGWIDE 2016 it was decided to start the model at age 2 to enable short-term predictions with reasonable levels of variability. To achieve this, age 2 from Fleet 4, and age 2 in catch-at-age is included in input data. Evaluation of diagnostics including lower ages than 2 and/or other fleets resulted in excluding lower ages than 2 and other fleets for the final assessment. Input data are listed in Table C.1.1 in the Stock Annex.

The parameter estimates are shown in Table 4.5.1.1 and in Figure 4.5.1.10. For a precise definition of the parameters, refer to Aanes 2016a in ICES (2016). Note that the variance components σ_1^2 (variability in the separable model for F) and σ_R^2 (variability in recruitment) is rather imprecise. The estimate of the scaling constant h is larger than 1 showing that the model adds additional variability on the observation errors than explained by the sampling errors alone.

The catchabilities for all the fleets are on average positively correlated indicating some uncertainty due to a common scaling of all surveys to the total abundances although the correlations in general are small (Figure 4.5.1.2). There is a slight negative correlation between σ_1^2 and σ_2^2 (variability in the AR process for time varying selectivity) indicating little contrast in data for separating variability in the separable model from variability due to changes in selection pattern. The slopes in the multivariate AR model for time-varying selectivity gradually changes from negative to positive, but is expected as it is imposed due to the sum to zero constraint for the selection (see Aanes 2016a for details).

The weights each datum is given in the model fit (inverse of the sampling variance) is proportional to the empirical weights derived from sampling variances (Tables 4.4.8.1–4.4.8.4) which shows that the strong year classes in general are given larger weight to the model than weak year classes, and the ordering of the average weights (from high to low) is Catch-at-age, Fleet 5, Fleet 1 and Fleet 4 (Figure 4.5.1.3).

Two types of residuals are considered for this model. The first type is the model prediction (based on all data) vs. the data. In such time-series models, the residuals based on the prediction which uses all data points will be serially correlated although useful as they explain the unexplained part of the model (*cf* Harvey 1990 p 258). This means that patterns in residuals over time is to be expected and questions the use of *e.g.* qq-plots as an additional diagnostic tool to assess distributional assumptions. To obtain residuals which follow the assumptions about the data in the observation models (*e.g.* serially uncorrelated) single joint sample residuals are extracted (ICES, 2017). In short these are obtained by sampling predicted values from the conditional distribution of values given the observations. This sample corresponds to a sample from the joint distribution of latent variables and observations. The third approach could have been to extract the one step ahead observation residuals which are standard for diagnostics for regular state-space models (*cf* Harvey 1990). This is not done here.

The negative residuals tracing the 1983 year-class for catch-at-age represents low fishing mortalities examining the type 1 residuals (Figure 4.5.1.4). This effect is less pronounced considering the type 2 residuals. The type 2 residuals are qualitatively comparable with the type 1 residuals but generally display more mixed residuals as predicted by the theory. Otherwise the residuals for catch-at-age appears fairly mixed apart for some serial correlation for age 2 and 3 (which are very low), and some negative residuals for the plus group the most recent years. The residuals for Fleet 1 in 1994, 1999, 2006 for young and old ages are all of the same signs and may appear as year effects. Also note that the residuals for Fleet 1 for ages 12+ from 2015 are all positive (Figure 4.5.1.4) which shows that the abundance indices from Fleet 1 displays a larger stock size over these ages and years compared to the assessment using all input data. Some serial correlation for residuals for ages 3 and 4 in Fleet 1 can also be detected, but is down weighted as these is found to be uncertain. Serial correlation in residuals for age 2 in Fleet 4 can also be detected indicating trends over time in mismatch between estimates and observations of abundance at age 2. Residuals for Fleet 5 appears adequate compared to previous years although some serial correlations can be detected also here.

The residuals for small values are bigger than residuals for the larger values since smaller values in general have higher variances than larger values (Tables 4.4.8.1–4.4.8.4) (Figure 4.5.1.5). The qq-plots for the standardized residuals show that the distributional assumptions on the observation errors are adequate, except for the smallest and largest values of catch-at-age and indices from Fleet 1. As qq-plots for residuals of type 1 may be questioned (see above) it is noted that qq-plots for residuals of type 2 is more relevant and generally shows a significantly better fit based on a visual inspection compared to using type 1.

The marginal likelihood and the components for each data source (see Aanes 2016b for details) are profiled over a range of the common scaling factor h for all input data (Figure 4.5.1.6). It is apparent that the optimum of the marginal likelihood is clearly defined. The catch component is decreasing with decreasing values of h indicating that the model puts more weight on the catch component than indicated by the comparison of sampling errors for all input data. This is in line with the findings in Aanes (2016a and 2016b) who showed that these types of models tend to put too much weight on the catch data if the weighting is not constrained. However, the likelihood component for the catch is overruled by the information in Fleets 1, 4 and 5 such that the optimum for the marginal likelihood is clearly defined. The point estimates of SSB and F is insensitive to different values of h .

The retrospective runs for this model shows estimates which is within the estimated levels of precision (Figure 4.5.1.7), and has a reasonably low Mohn's rho value of ~ 0.01 (Mohn, 1999; Brooks and Legault, 2016). Note that the retrospective estimates are remarkably stable.

Figure 4.5.1.8 illustrates the conflict in data and increased uncertainty in estimates for the most recent years. The spawning-stock biomass shown for each survey index is calculated using the

stock weights at age and proportion mature at age, with the abundance indices are scaled to the absolute abundance by the estimated catchabilities. . Here we see a fairly good temporal match between the model estimate of SSB and the survey SSBs except for the years 2015 for Fleet 1, which displays a significantly faster reduction in the stock compared to Fleet 5 which shows a flatter trend in the same years. Both Fleet 1 and Fleet 5 indicate an increase in SSB from 2017 to 2019, but a decrease in 2020. It is worth noticing that although the point estimate of SSB based on Fleet 1 appears very much higher than Fleet 5 in 2015, the uncertainty in the estimates are very high, such that the respective estimates do not appear as significantly different. However, the effect on the final assessment is to lift the point estimate of SSB and increase the uncertainty which is in accordance with the data used (Figure 4.5.1.9).

The final assessment results are shown in Figure 4.5.1.9. The estimate of fishing mortality for 2019 is rather high, as a response to the high catch in 2019 with a point estimate of 0.191. In 2018 the fishing mortality is estimated to be lower than 2017 and 2019 ($F=0.131$ with 95% confidence interval between 0.098-0.164), but still higher than in 2015. The spawning stock shows a declining trend since 2009, and the 95% confidence interval of the stock level in 2020 ranges from ~2.682 to ~3.948 million tonnes with a point estimate of 3.315 which is barely above $B_{mp}=3.184$ million tonnes, such that the probability of the stock being above $B_{lim}=2.5$ million tonnes is high. Note the rather large uncertainty in the absolute levels since the peak in 2009 with the further increase in the most recent years. This high uncertainty is a result of the conflicting signals in data concerning the degree of decrease in the stock over this time period.

The final results of the assessment are also presented in Tables 4.5.1.2 (stock in numbers), 4.5.1.3 (fishing mortality) and Table 4.5.1.4 is the summary table of the assessment.

4.5.2 Exploratory assessments

4.5.2.1 TASACS

TASACS was run according to the benchmark in 2008 using the VPA population model in the TASACS toolbox with the same model options as the benchmark (see Stock Annex). The information used in the TASACS run is catch data and survey data from eight surveys. The analysis was restricted to the years 1988 – 2020. The model was run with catch data from 1988 to 2019, and projected forwards through 2020 assuming F_s in 2020 equal to those in 2019, to include survey data from 2020. The larval survey (SSB fleet) was discontinued in 2017 and no new information is therefore available from this survey. Additionally, no new index was provided for fleet 7 in 2019 (0-group from the autumn survey in the Barents Sea) since this index was not updated by the survey group. This time series (0-group) is presently being re-calculated in StoX. Additionally, there is no new data for fleet 4 since this survey was not conducted in 2020.

Residuals of the tuning series are shown in Figure 4.5.2.1.1. Particularly Survey 8 (larval survey) seems to have a poor fit. This is seen as a block of positive residuals for this survey in later years. The residual plot for survey 5 (IESNS) also shows some pattern with consecutive series of negative and positive residuals indicating year-effects.

The results from TASACS are compared to those from XSAM in Figure 4.5.2.1.2. The time-series of SSB show similar trends for XSAM and TASACS. For most of the years, the estimates from TASACS are within the confidence limits estimated by XSAM. The SSB on 1 January 2020 is estimated by TASACS to be 3.447 million tonnes, which is slightly higher than the estimated value (point estimate) from XSAM.

4.6 NSSH reference points

ICES last reviewed the reference points of Norwegian spring spawning herring in April 2018 by WKNSSHREF (ICES, 2018a). ICES concluded that B_{lim} should remain unchanged at 2.5 million tonnes and $MSY_{B_{trigger} = B_{pa}}$ was estimated at 3.184 million tonnes. F_{MSY} was estimated at the reference point workshop, but during the Management Strategy Evaluation WKNSSHMSE (ICES, 2018b) the fishing mortality reference points were revisited, because issues were found with numerical instability and settings during the reference point workshop. F_{MSY} was re-estimated at 0.157.

4.6.1 PA reference points

The PA reference points for the stock were last estimated by WKNSSHREF and WKNSSHMSE in 2018. The WKNSSHREF group concluded that B_{lim} should be kept at 2.5 million tonnes but B_{pa} was estimated at 3.184 million tonnes. WKNSSHMSE estimated $F_{pa}=0.227$.

4.6.2 MSY reference points

The MSY reference points were evaluated by WKNSSHREF and WKNSSHMSE in 2018. In the ICES MSY framework B_{pa} is proposed/adopted as the default trigger biomass $B_{trigger}$ and was estimated by WKNSSHREF at 3.184 million tonnes. F_{MSY} was estimated by WKNSSHMSE at 0.157.

4.6.3 Management reference points

In the current management strategy, which was agreed upon in October 2018, the Coastal States have agreed a target reference point defined at $F_{target} = 0.14$ when the stock is above B_{pa} . If the SSB is below B_{pa} , a linear reduction in the fishing mortality rate will be applied from 0.14 at B_{pa} to 0.05 at B_{lim} .

4.7 State of the stock

The SSB on 1 January 2020 is estimated by XSAM to be 3.315 million tonnes which is above B_{pa} (3.184 million t). The stock is declining and the SSB time-series from the 2020 assessment is consistent with the SSB time-series from the 2019 assessment. In the last 20 years, several large year classes have been produced (1998, 1999, 2002, and 2004). The year classes 2005-2015 are estimated to be average or small, while the 2016 year-class is estimated to be above average in the 2020 assessment. Fishing mortality in 2019 is estimated to be 0.186 which is above the management plan F (0.140) that was used to give advice for 2019. A new management plan was implemented for the 2019 advisory year.

4.8 NSSH Catch predictions for 2020

4.8.1 Input data for the forecast

Forecasting was conducted using XSAM according to the method described in the Stock Annex and by Aanes (2016c). WGWIDE 2016 decided to use the point estimates from this forecast as basis for the advice. In short, the forecast is made by applying the point estimates of the stock

status as input to set TAC, then based on the TAC a stochastic forecast was performed to determine levels of precision in the forecast. Table 4.8.1.1 lists the point estimates of the starting values for the forecast. The input stock numbers-at-age 2 and older were taken from the final assessment. As Fleet 4 was not conducted in 2020, *i.e.* no observation of age 2, the number-at-age 2 from the final assessment is equal to the median stochastic recruitment base on the years 1988-2019. The catch weight-at-age, used in the forecast, is the average of the observed catch weights over the last 3 years (2017–2019).

For the weight-at-age in the stock, the values for 2020 were obtained from the commercial fisheries in the wintering areas in January. For the years 2021 and 2022 the average of the last 3 years (2018 –2020) was used.

Standard values for natural mortality were used. Maturity-at-age was based on the information presented in Section 4.4.5.

The exploitation pattern used in the forecast is taken from the predictions made by the model (see Aanes 2016c for details). The resultant mean annual exploitation pattern is shown in Figure 4.8.1.1 and displays a shift towards older fish in the recent years and further in the prediction. Prediction of recruitment at age 2 is obtained by the model with a mean that in practice represents the long term (1988-2020) estimated mean recruitment (back-transformed mean at log scale) and variance the corresponding recruitment variability over the period. Forecasted values of recruits are highly imprecise but have little influence on the short-term forecast of SSB as the herring starts to mature at age 4. Note that the 2016 year-class is regarded as large; hence, the maturity is set to be lower than for smaller year-classes. This results in the contribution of the 2016 year-class to the SSB being delayed.

The average fishing mortality is defined as the average over the ages 5 to 12+, weighted over the population numbers in the relevant year

$$\bar{F}_y = \frac{\sum_{a=5}^{12} N_{a,y} F_{a,y}}{\sum_{a=5}^{12} N_{a,y}}$$

where $F_{a,y}$ and $N_{a,y}$ are fishing mortalities and numbers by age and year. This procedure is in accordance with that used in previous years for this stock although the age range was shifted from 5-11 to 5-12+ from 2018.

There was no agreement between the fishing parties on the sharing of the TAC for 2020. Therefore, to obtain an estimate of the total catch to be used as input for the catch-constraint projections for 2020, the sum of the unilateral quotas was used. In total, the expected outtake from the stock in 2020 amounts to 693 915 tonnes. F in 2020 is estimated by XSAM based on this catch.

4.8.2 Results of the forecast

The Management Options Table with the results of the forecast is presented in Table 4.8.2.1. Assuming a total catch 693 915 tonnes is taken in 2020, it is expected that the SSB will increase from 3.315 million tonnes on 1 January in 2020 to 3.505 million tonnes in 2021. The weighted F over ages 5-12+ is 0.187. The model estimates the catch in 2021 to be dominated by three age groups, age 5 (24.9%), age 8 (19.3%), and age 12+ (23.2%).

4.9 Comparison with previous assessment

A comparison between the assessments 2008–2020 is shown in Figure 4.9.1. In the years 2008–2015 the assessments were made with TASACS, whereas since 2016 XSAM has been applied, as

accepted by WKPELA 2016. With the change of the assessment tool in 2016 the age of the recruitment changed from 0 to 2 and the age span in the reference F changed from 5–14 to 5–11. In WKNSSHREF (ICES, 2018a) this was further changed to 5–12+.

The table below shows the SSB (thousand tonnes) on 1 January in 2019 and weighted F in 2018 as estimated in 2019 and 2020.

| | ICES 2019 | WG 2020 | %difference |
|-------------------|-----------|---------|-------------|
| SSB (2019) | 3 965 | 3 916 | -1.2% |
| Weighted F (2018) | 0.128 | 0.131 | 2.3% |

4.10 Management plans and evaluations

The current management strategy for the Norwegian spring spawning herring fishery was agreed upon by the Coastal States in October 2018.

The implemented long-term management strategy of Norwegian spring spawning herring is consistent with the precautionary approach and the MSY approach (WKNSSHREF, ICES, 2018a; WKNSSHMSE, ICES, 2018b) and aims at ensuring harvest rates within safe biological limits. The management strategy in use contains the following elements:

As a priority, the long-term management strategy shall ensure with high probability that the size of the spawning stock is maintained above B_{lim} .

In the case that the spawning biomass is forecast to be above or equal to $B_{trigger}$ ($=B_{pa}$) on 1 January of the year for which the TAC (*i.e.* the TAC agreed by Coastal States) is to be set, the TAC shall be fixed to a fishing mortality of $F_{mgt} = 0.14$.

If F_{mgt} (0.14) would lead to a TAC, that deviates by more than 20% below or 25% above the TAC of the preceding year, the Parties shall fix a TAC that is respectively no more than 20% less or 25% more than the TAC of the preceding year. The TAC constraint shall not apply if the spawning biomass at 1 January in the year for which the TAC is to be set is less than $B_{trigger}$.

If SSB is forecast to be lower than $B_{trigger}$ but above B_{lim} on the 1 January of the TAC-year, TAC is to be set using F, which decreases linearly from F_{mgt} to $F = 0.05$ over the biomass range from $B_{trigger}$ to B_{lim} .

The Coastal States Parties may transfer 10% of quotas between neighbouring years, except when SSB is less than B_{lim} ; those years the management plan does not allow fishing of next year's quota.

The Coastal States Parties, on the basis of ICES advice, shall review the long-term management strategy at intervals not exceeding five years. The first such review shall take place no later than 2023.

A brief history of management strategies is in the stock annex. In general, the stock has been managed in compliance with the management plan. There has, however, been no agreement on sharing of the TAC since 2013, resulting in the total catch being higher than the advised catch.

4.11 Management considerations

Perception of the stock has not changed since last year's assessment (estimated SSB in 2019 is 1.2 % lower in this year's assessment). Results of exploratory runs by another model match with those of XSAM.

Historically, the size of the stock has shown large variations and dependency on the irregular occurrence of very strong year classes. Between 1998 and 2004 the stock produced several strong year classes which lead to an increase in SSB until 2009. Since then, SSB has declined due to absence of strong year classes in 2005-2015. The 2016 year-class is however, estimated to be well above average in the 2020 assessment.

Between 1999 and 2018, catches were regulated through an agreed management. However, since 2013, a lack of agreement by the Coastal States on their share in the TAC has led to unilaterally set quotas which together are higher than the TAC indicated by the management plan resulting in steeper reduction in the SSB than otherwise.

A new management strategy was implemented for the advisory year 2019.

4.12 Ecosystem considerations

NSS herring juveniles and adults are an important part of the ecosystems in the Barents Sea, along the Norwegian coast, in the Norwegian Sea and in adjacent waters. This refers both to predation on zooplankton by herring and herring being a food resource to higher trophic levels (*e.g.* cod, saithe, seabirds, and marine mammals). The predation intensity of and on herring have seasonal, spatial and temporal variation as a consequence of variation in migration pattern, prey density, stock size, size of year classes and stock sizes of competing stocks for resources and predators. Recent features of some of these ecosystem factors of relevance for the stock are summarized below.

- Following a maximum in zooplankton biomass during the early 2000s the biomass declined with a minimum in 2006. From 2010, the trend turned to an increase and the last five years the zooplankton biomass has fluctuated around the long-term mean (ICES, 2020a). Interestingly, all the areas, excluding east of Iceland and on few occasions Jan Mayen, show co-varying changes in zooplankton biomass.

The Atlantic water mass in the Norwegian Sea was warmer and saltier over the period 2000–2016 than the long-term mean (ICES, 2020c). However, during the period, 2017-2020 the temperature remained relatively warm while the salinity had a marked decrease. Two different mechanisms can explain this, increased fraction of subpolar water (fresh and cold) and low heat loss to the atmosphere in the Norwegian Atlantic flow. Under the assumption that circulation patterns do not change, this situation with anomalously fresh Atlantic water in the Norwegian Sea can be expected to continue and even increase in the coming years. The relative minor cooling is due to the anomalous small local heat loss to the atmosphere during the same period.

- The cumulative spawning-stock biomass (SSB) of the three main pelagic species in the Norwegian Sea (Norwegian Spring Spawning herring, Northeast Atlantic mackerel and Blue whiting) increased from approximately 6 million tonnes in early 1980s to 14 million tonnes in the mid-2000s and has since fluctuated between 13 million tonnes and 15 million tonnes (ICES, 2020c).
- In general, the herring stock has had a more westerly feeding distribution (ICES 2020a; 2020b) in the recent years than what was previously observed. However, the relatively large 2016 year class included a more north-eastern distribution than the older age

classes in the stock (ICES 2020a,b). The more westerly distribution might be due to either better feeding opportunities there or a response to feeding competition with mackerel but the consequence is a less spatial overlap of herring and mackerel in Norwegian Sea and adjoining waters since around 2014 (ICES, 2015b; 2020b). In the case of the 2016 year-class in 2020 it is known that incoming strong year classes often have different migratory patterns than the older part of the stock (Huse *et al.* 2010) but the reason for the easterly distribution is unknown.

- Where herring and mackerel overlap spatially they compete for food to some extent (Bachiller *et al.*, 2016, 2018; Debes *et al.*, 2012; Langøy *et al.*, 2012; Óskarsson *et al.*, 2016) but studies showing mackerel being more effective feeder might indicate that the herring is forced to the south western and north eastern fringe of Norwegian Sea (ICES, 2015b; 2016b; 2020b). Whilst higher zooplankton biomass in the southwest could also attract the herring in to this location zooplankton biomass is much lower in the north east (ICES, 2020b).
- Results of stomach analyses of mackerel on the Norwegian coastal shelf (between about 66°N and 69°N) suggest that mackerel fed opportunistically on herring larvae, and that predation pressure therefore largely depends on the degree of overlap in time and space (Skaret *et al.*, 2015). Sampling in June 2017 and 2018, specifically studying mackerel predation on herring larvae, found significant numbers of herring larvae in mackerel stomachs in the area just south of Lofoten (IMR, Bergen RECNOR project, *Pers. Comm.*).
- Herring growth (*i.e.* length-at-age) varied over the period 1994-2015 and was negatively related to stock size (Homrum *et al.*, 2016), which indicates interaction between fish density and prey availability. Since 2015 the SSB has continued to decline but mean length of age 6 fish has remained fairly stable, even decreasing slightly (ICES, 2020c) suggesting that factors other than fish density are currently driving changes in fish size.
- The 2016 year class of herring is the strongest since the 2004 year class in the Norwegian Sea as 4 year old based on the IESNS survey 2020 (ICES, 2020a). This is indicative of good recruitment to the stock over the next ~two years.

In the winter 2017/2018, the overwintering grounds shifted northward along the coast of Norway with older individuals occurring in oceanic areas (ICES, 2020c). Such changes previously coincided with large year classes entering the spawning stock, however this recent change did not. Also, the onset of the overwintering period is later in the year since the end of the 2000s.

4.13 Changes in fishing patterns

The fishery for Norwegian spring spawning herring has previously (before 2013) been described as progressing clockwise in the Nordic Seas during the year. However, the last 5-7 years the annual progression of the fishery has changed into a pendular behaviour, starting in the winter along the Norwegian coast, moving gradually to the west towards Iceland in the summer, and then slightly east again into the central Norwegian Sea in the last quarter of the year.

The fishery reached its lowest catches since the mid-nineties in 2015, after which the catches have increased again (table 4.4.1.1). It is mainly the fishery in the fourth quarter that has increased since 2015, with up to 2/3 of the catches taken in this quarter. This fishery is now mainly in the central Norwegian Sea, north of the Faroes and east of Iceland, whereas before 2015 it used to be stretched out towards the coast of Norway and up towards the Bear Island. Changes in migration have also resulted in late arrival at the Norwegian coast for this part of the stock during the

winter in recent years. The Norwegian coastal fleet (smaller vessel that cannot go that far off-shore) have therefore not been able to access this herring during the winter fishery and targeted younger fish (mostly of the 2013 year-class) which overwintered in Norwegian fjords.

4.14 Recommendations

For some years there have been issues with age reading of herring. These issues were raised around 2010, and since then two scale/otolith exchanges and a workshop have been held; and a final workshop was planned after the second exchange. There were, however, concerns with the second scale/otolith exchange and the final workshop was postponed indefinitely. It is therefore recommended to organise a new scale/otolith exchange and a follow up workshop.

There are several topics to cover in the recommended work.

Firstly, age-error matrices are needed as input to the stock-assessment, to evaluate sensitivity to ageing errors, and such age-error matrices are an output of age-reading inter-calibrations.

Secondly, stock mixing is an issue. There are several herring stocks surrounding the distribution area of Norwegian spring spawning (NSS) herring *e.g.* North Sea herring, Icelandic summer spawning herring and Faroese autumn spawning herring. Mixing with these other stocks in the fringe areas of the NSS herring distribution area leads to confounding effects on the survey indices of NSS herring in the ecosystem surveys. Methods to separate the NSS herring stock from the other herring stocks are needed – both with regards to get the most accurate age-reading as well as the confounding effect on the survey indices.

Finally, the experience from earlier exchanges is that age of older fish is more prone to be underestimated when aged by otoliths. Some of the institutes mainly sample and read scales, whereas other institutes use the otoliths.

4.15 References

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4.16 Missing surveys and catch data for Covid-19 disruption – some recommended methods and reporting requirements.

This document contains two pieces of information for working groups that encounter issues caused by missing data as a result of the Covid-19 disruption:

1. Proposed approaches to provide ICES advice in the absence of 2020 data in one or more survey abundance series.
2. Template for reporting deviations from stock annex caused by missing information from Covid-19 disruption

1. Proposed approaches to provide ICES advice in the absence of 2020 data in one or more survey abundance series.

With the occurrence of COVID-19 in 2020, a number of scientific surveys for use in ICES stock assessments have been disrupted. In most ICES assessments, this disruption of the surveys in 2020 will only impact in the assessments to be conducted in 2021. However, there are a number of assessments that actually make use of surveys conducted in-year (a 2020 assessment makes use of a survey conducted earlier in 2020).

In cases where a survey used in a stock assessment has not been conducted, it becomes impossible to conform exactly to the methods described in the stock annex to conduct the assessment. In extreme cases, the assessment simply cannot be updated. The following describes some generic guidance for providing advice in these cases in 2020. In all cases where the stock annex was not followed, this should be adequately documented in the expert group report.

Category 1 and 2 stocks

1) All survey indices missing:

When all survey indices are missing for the most recent years, an update of the assessment is not possible. In these cases, advice could be provided by using the results of the previous assessment (e.g. using the results of the 2019 assessment) and making a two-year projection. For the first of the interim years (2019), the actual catch-at-age from the 2019 fishery would be used to calculate the 2020 interim year beginning of the year numbers.

2) Incomplete index because one or more surveys are missing.

In many cases, a number of surveys are combined to derive an index of abundance for use in a category 1 assessment. In such cases, it may be possible to 'fill-in' the index for the year where one of the survey is missing through a model-based approach. One such approach recently developed is the vector autoregressive spatio-temporal (VAST; Thorson 2019) model that can be implemented using the publicly available VAST (www.github.com/james-thorson/VAST) package. This was used in the case of Black-bellied anglerfish in Subarea 7 and divisions 8.a–b and 8.d (ank.27.78abd). Other models such as generalized linear models (GLMs) have also been used

as a method of imputation for missing strata in surveys but they require some assumptions on the distribution of catches (see Rago 2005)

3) No survey for the most recent year of an index but other indices available.

In these cases, the index can still be used in the assessment providing that the model can deal with missing values for an index. It should be noted that this could be problematic if the missing value is used to provide an estimate of recruitment.

Alternatively, the index with missing data for 2020 could be left out of the model. This should only be done after a comparison showing that leaving the survey out produces results that are comparable with an analysis that uses all surveys. Comparisons between the previous assessment conducted with all indices and a similar assessment but without the index that is missing data in 2020 would be instructive in that regard.

Category 3 and 4

1) All survey indices missing:

If the advice is biennial and uses the current year survey (note that most advice in cat 3-4 would not be using the 2020 surveys), updated advice could be provided using the most recent data (in 2020, this would be using the survey index up to 2019). This would mean updating the advice on the basis of one additional point only instead of two.

If the advice is annual and uses the current year survey, then there is no additional information. In these cases if the advice was due, to consider the PA buffer (done every 3 years) then advice could be given by applying the PA buffer. If the PA buffer was not to be considered then advice would remain unchanged but the advice sheet should indicate that the survey information was not available.

2) One or more surveys missing in the calculation of a combined index.

Normally, the individual indices would first be normalized to a common period then would be averaged to produce a combined index. In the case of one or more surveys missing in this index in a particular year, the average is calculated over the available surveys. This approach has been used previously when a survey that was part of a combined index was not available.

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2. Template for reporting deviations from stock annex caused by missing information from Covid-19 disruption.

1. Stock: **Herring (*Clupea harengus*) in subareas 1, 2, and 5, and in divisions 4.a and 14.a, Norwegian spring-spawning herring (the Northeast Atlantic and the Arctic Ocean)**
2. Missing or deteriorated survey data: **Fleet 4, index of numbers at age 2 from acoustic survey in the Barents Sea was not conducted in 2020. This tuning series has a minor influence on the assessment of SSB, but since no new data on recruitment, assumptions of recruitment in 2020 had to be made**
3. Missing or deteriorated catch data: **No, 97% of catch covered by sampling programme**
4. Missing or deteriorated commercial *LPUE/CPUE* data: **No**
5. Missing or deteriorated biological data: (e.g. maturity data): **No**
6. Brief description of methods explored to remedy the challenge:
7. Suggested solution to the challenge, including reason for this selecting this solution: (clearly document changes from the normal procedures in the stock annex)
Instead of modelled recruitment based on fleet 4, median stochastic recruitment based on the years 1988–2019 was used as basis for recruitment in 2020
8. Was there an evaluation of the loss of certainty caused by the solution that was carried out? **Young year classes contribute very little to the fishery and there is minor effect on advice**

| Year | Norway | USSR/ Russia | Denmark | Faroes | Iceland | Ireland | Netherlands | Greenland | UK | Germany | France | Poland | Sweden | Total |
|-------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------|---------|---------|-------------|-----------|-------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| 1987 | 108417 | 18889 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 127306 |
| 1988 | 115076 | 20225 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 135301 |
| 1989 | 88707 | 15123 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 103830 |
| 1990 | 74604 | 11807 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 86411 |
| 1991 | 73683 | 11000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 84683 |
| 1992 | 91111 | 13337 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 104448 |
| 1993 | 199771 | 32645 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 232457 |
| 1994 | 380771 | 74400 | - | 2911 | 21146 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 479228 |
| 1995 | 529838 | 101987 | 30577 | 57084 | 174109 | - | 7969 | 2500 | 881 | 556 | - | - | - | 905501 |
| 1996 | 699161 | 119290 | 60681 | 52788 | 164957 | 19541 | 19664 | - | 46131 | 11978 | - | - | 22424 | 1220283 |
| 1997 | 860963 | 168900 | 44292 | 59987 | 220154 | 11179 | 8694 | - | 25149 | 6190 | 1500 | - | 19499 | 1426507 |
| 1998 | 743925 | 124049 | 35519 | 68136 | 197789 | 2437 | 12827 | - | 15971 | 7003 | 605 | - | 14863 | 1223131 |
| 1999 | 740640 | 157328 | 37010 | 55527 | 203381 | 2412 | 5871 | - | 19207 | - | - | - | 14057 | 1235433 |
| 2000 | 713500 | 163261 | 34968 | 68625 | 186035 | 8939 | - | - | 14096 | 3298 | - | - | 14749 | 1207201 |
| 2001 | 495036 | 109054 | 24038 | 34170 | 77693 | 6070 | 6439 | - | 12230 | 1588 | - | - | 9818 | 766136 |
| 2002 | 487233 | 113763 | 18998 | 32302 | 127197 | 1699 | 9392 | - | 3482 | 3017 | - | 1226 | 9486 | 807795 |
| 2003* | 477573 | 122846 | 14144 | 27943 | 117910 | 1400 | 8678 | - | 9214 | 3371 | - | - | 6431 | 789510 |
| 2004 | 477076 | 115876 | 23111 | 42771 | 102787 | 11 | 17369 | - | 1869 | 4810 | 400 | - | 7986 | 794066 |

| Year | Norway | USSR/ Russia | Denmark | Faroes | Iceland | Ireland | Netherlands | Greenland | UK | Germany | France | Poland | Sweden | Total |
|------|---------|-----------------|---------|--------|---------|---------|-------------|-----------|-------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| 2005 | 580804 | 132099 | 28368 | 65071 | 156467 | - | 21517 | - | - | 17676 | 0 | 561 | 680 | 1003243 |
| 2006 | 567237 | 120836 | 18449 | 63137 | 157474 | 4693 | 11625 | - | 12523 | 9958 | 80 | - | 2946 | 968958 |
| 2007 | 779089 | 162434 | 22911 | 64251 | 173621 | 6411 | 29764 | 4897 | 13244 | 6038 | 0 | 4333 | 0 | 1266993 |
| 2008 | 961603 | 193119 | 31128 | 74261 | 217602 | 7903 | 28155 | 3810 | 19737 | 8338 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1545656 |
| 2009 | 1016675 | 210105 | 32320 | 85098 | 265479 | 10014 | 24021 | 3730 | 25477 | 14452 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1687371 |
| 2010 | 871113 | 199472 | 26792 | 80281 | 205864 | 8061 | 26695 | 3453 | 24151 | 11133 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1457015 |
| 2011 | 572641 | 144428 | 26740 | 53271 | 151074 | 5727 | 8348 | 3426 | 14045 | 13296 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 992997 |
| 2012 | 491005 | 118595 | 21754 | 36190 | 120956 | 4813 | 6237 | 1490 | 12310 | 11945 | 0 | 0 | 705 | 826000 |
| 2013 | 359458 | 78521 | 17160 | 105038 | 90729 | 3815 | 5626 | 11788 | 8342 | 4244 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 684743 |
| 2014 | 263253 | 60292 | 12513 | 38529 | 58828 | 706 | 9175 | 13108 | 4233 | 669 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 461306 |
| 2015 | 176321 | 45853 | 9105 | 33031 | 42625 | 1400 | 5255 | 12434 | 55 | 2660 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 328740 |
| 2016 | 197501 | 50455 | 10384 | 44727 | 50418 | 2048 | 3519 | 17508 | 4031 | 2582 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 383174 |
| 2017 | 389383 | 91118 | 19037 | 98170 | 90400 | 3495 | 6679 | 12569 | 4358 | 5201 | 0 | 1 | 1155 | 721566 |
| 2018 | 332028 | 64185 | 17052 | 82062 | 83393 | 2428 | 4290 | 2465 | 2582 | 1989 | 0 | 0 | 425 | 592899 |
| 2019 | 430507 | 84364 | 21207 | 113945 | 108045 | 2775 | 5111 | 3190 | 1801 | 4188 | 0 | 1327 | 705 | 777165 |

***In 2003 the Norwegian catches were raised of 39433 to account for changes in percentages of water content.**

Table 4.4.1.2 Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Sampling coverage by year.

| Year | TOTAL CATCH | % catch covered by sampling programme | No. samples | No. Measured | No. Aged |
|------|-------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|----------|
| 2000 | 1207201 | 86 | 389 | 55956 | 10901 |
| 2001 | 766136 | 86 | 442 | 70005 | 11234 |
| 2002 | 807795 | 88 | 184 | 39332 | 5405 |
| 2003 | 789510 | 71 | 380 | 34711 | 11352 |
| 2004 | 794066 | 79 | 503 | 48784 | 13169 |
| 2005 | 1003243 | 86 | 459 | 49273 | 14112 |
| 2006 | 968958 | 93 | 631 | 94574 | 9862 |
| 2007 | 1266993 | 94 | 476 | 56383 | 14661 |
| 2008 | 1545656 | 94 | 722 | 81609 | 31438 |
| 2009 | 1686928 | 94 | 663 | 65536 | 12265 |
| 2010 | 1457015 | 91 | 1258 | 124071 | 12377 |
| 2011 | 992.997 | 95 | 766 | 79360 | 10744 |
| 2012 | 825.999 | 93 | 649 | 59327 | 14768 |
| 2013 | 684.743 | 91 | 402 | 33169 | 11431 |
| 2014 | 461.306 | 89 | 229 | 18370 | 5813 |
| 2015 | 328.739 | 92 | 177 | 25156 | 5039 |
| 2016 | 383.174 | 91 | 203 | 39120 | 5892 |
| 2017 | 721566 | 95 | 335 | 31755 | 7241 |
| 2018 | 592899 | 97 | 253 | 22106 | 6047 |
| 2019 | 777165 | 97 | 361 | 29856 | 7421 |

Table 4.4.1.3 Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Sampling coverage by country in 2019.

| COUNTRY | OFFICIAL CATCH | % catch covered by sampling programme | NO. SAM- PLES | NO. MEAS- URED | NO. AGED |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------|
| Denmark | 21207 | 100 | 9 | 1024 | 265 |
| Faroe Islands | 113945 | 90 | 13 | 729 | 690 |
| Germany | 4188 | 100 | 42 | 5998 | 153 |
| Greenland | 3190 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Iceland | 108045 | 100 | 95 | 2747 | 2028 |
| Ireland | 2775 | 40 | 2 | 93 | 71 |
| The Netherlands | 5111 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Norway | 430507 | 100 | 94 | 2825 | 2825 |
| Poland | 1327 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| UK_Scotland | 1801 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sweden | 705 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Russia | 84364 | 100 | 106 | 16440 | 1389 |
| Total for Stock | 777165 | 97 | 361 | 29856 | 7421 |

Table 4.4.1.4 Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Sampling coverage by ICES Division in 2019.

| Area | Official Catch | No Sam- ples | No Aged | No Meas- ured | No Aged/ 1000 tonnes | No Measured/ 1000 tonnes |
|-------|----------------|--------------|---------|---------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | 310 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2.a | 697777 | 265 | 265 | 23953 | 9 | 34 |
| 4.a | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.a | 77419 | 64 | 1260 | 1361 | 16 | 18 |
| 5.b | 1386 | 32 | 186 | 4542 | 134 | 3277 |
| 14.a | 268 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 777165 | 361 | 7421 | 29856 | 10 | 38 |

Table 4.4.1.5 Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Catch data provided by working group members and samples allocated to unsampled catches in SALLOC.

| Line | Country | Quarter | Div. | Catch (T) | Samples allocated (line) |
|------|-----------|---------|------|-----------|--------------------------|
| 1 | Norway | 1 | I | 278.2 | 2 |
| 2 | Norway | 1 | Ila | 165553.2 | |
| 3 | Norway | 2 | Ila | 877.2 | 2 |
| 4 | Norway | 3 | Ila | 865.6 | |
| 5 | Norway | 4 | Ila | 262927.7 | |
| 6 | Norway | 1 | IVa | 1.8 | 2 |
| 7 | Norway | 4 | IVa | 3.1 | 5 |
| 8 | Iceland | 3 | Ila | 919 | |
| 9 | Iceland | 4 | Ila | 48638 | |
| 10 | Iceland | 3 | Va | 56600 | |
| 11 | Iceland | 4 | Va | 1888 | |
| 12 | Faroes | 2 | Ila | 940 | |
| 13 | Faroes | 3 | Ila | 9270 | 4,8,21 |
| 14 | Faroes | 4 | Ila | 84531 | |
| 15 | Faroes | 4 | Vb | 5 | 11,23 |
| 16 | Faroes | 3 | Va | 16993 | |
| 17 | Faroes | 4 | Va | 1938 | 11 |
| 18 | Faroes | 3 | XIVb | 268 | 16 |
| 19 | Russia | 2 | I | 32 | 21 |
| 20 | Russia | 2 | Ila | 31.5 | 12 |
| 21 | Russia | 3 | Ila | 14916 | |
| 22 | Russia | 4 | Ila | 68003 | |
| 23 | Russia | 3 | Vb | 1381 | |
| 24 | Germany | 4 | Ila | 4188.465 | |
| 25 | Denmark | 1 | Ila | 7222.951 | |
| 26 | Denmark | 4 | Ila | 13984.33 | |
| 27 | Greenland | 3 | Ila | 991 | 4,8,21 |
| 28 | Greenland | 4 | Ila | 2199 | 5,9,14,22,24,26,30 |

| Line | Country | Quarter | Div. | Catch (T) | Samples allocated (line) |
|------|-------------|---------|------|-----------|--------------------------|
| 29 | Ireland | 1 | Ila | 1676.914 | 2,25 |
| 30 | Ireland | 4 | Ila | 1098.5 | |
| 31 | Netherlands | 4 | Ila | 5110.8 | 5,9,14,22,24,26,30 |
| 32 | Poland | 4 | Ila | 1326.6 | 5,9,14,22,24,26,30 |
| 33 | Sweden | 1 | Ila | 705 | 2,25 |
| 34 | Scotland | 1 | Ila | 1801 | 2,25 |

Table 4.4.3.1. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Catch in numbers (thousands).

| Year | AGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 1950 | 5112600 | 2000000 | 600000 | 276200 | 184800 | 185500 | 547000 | 628600 | 79500 | 88600 | 109500 | 86900 | 194500 | 368300 | 66400 | 344300 |
| 1951 | 1635500 | 7607700 | 400000 | 6600 | 383800 | 172400 | 164400 | 515600 | 602000 | 77100 | 82700 | 103100 | 107600 | 253500 | 348000 | 352500 |
| 1952 | 13721600 | 9149700 | 1232900 | 39300 | 60500 | 602300 | 136300 | 204500 | 380200 | 377900 | 79200 | 85700 | 107700 | 106800 | 186500 | 564400 |
| 1953 | 5697200 | 5055000 | 581300 | 740100 | 46600 | 100900 | 355600 | 81900 | 110900 | 314100 | 394900 | 61700 | 91200 | 94100 | 98800 | 730400 |
| 1954 | 10675990 | 7071090 | 855400 | 266300 | 1435500 | 142900 | 236000 | 490300 | 128100 | 199800 | 440400 | 460700 | 88400 | 100600 | 133000 | 803200 |
| 1955 | 5175600 | 2871100 | 510100 | 93000 | 276400 | 2045100 | 114300 | 189600 | 274700 | 85300 | 193400 | 295600 | 203200 | 58700 | 84600 | 580600 |
| 1956 | 5363900 | 2023700 | 627100 | 116500 | 251600 | 314200 | 2555100 | 110000 | 203900 | 264200 | 130700 | 198300 | 272800 | 163300 | 63000 | 565100 |
| 1957 | 5001900 | 3290800 | 219500 | 23300 | 373300 | 153800 | 228500 | 1985300 | 72000 | 127300 | 182500 | 88400 | 121200 | 149300 | 131600 | 281400 |
| 1958 | 9666990 | 2798100 | 666400 | 17500 | 17900 | 110900 | 89300 | 194400 | 973500 | 70700 | 123000 | 200900 | 98700 | 77400 | 70900 | 255600 |
| 1959 | 17896280 | 198530 | 325500 | 15100 | 26800 | 25900 | 146600 | 114800 | 240700 | 1103800 | 88600 | 124300 | 198000 | 88500 | 77400 | 235900 |
| 1960 | 12884310 | 13580790 | 392500 | 121700 | 18200 | 28100 | 24400 | 96200 | 73300 | 203900 | 1163000 | 85200 | 129700 | 153500 | 56700 | 168900 |
| 1961 | 6207500 | 16075600 | 2884800 | 31200 | 8100 | 4100 | 15000 | 19400 | 61600 | 49200 | 136100 | 728100 | 49700 | 45000 | 63000 | 60100 |
| 1962 | 3693200 | 4081100 | 1041300 | 1843800 | 8000 | 3100 | 7200 | 20200 | 11900 | 59100 | 52600 | 117000 | 813500 | 44200 | 54700 | 152300 |
| 1963 | 4807000 | 2119200 | 2045300 | 760400 | 835800 | 5300 | 1800 | 3600 | 18300 | 9300 | 107700 | 92500 | 174100 | 923700 | 79600 | 185300 |
| 1964 | 3613000 | 2728300 | 220300 | 114600 | 399000 | 2045800 | 13700 | 1500 | 3000 | 24900 | 29300 | 95600 | 82400 | 153000 | 772800 | 336800 |
| 1965 | 2303000 | 3780900 | 2853600 | 89900 | 256200 | 571100 | 2199700 | 19500 | 14900 | 7400 | 19100 | 40000 | 100500 | 107800 | 138700 | 883100 |
| 1966 | 3926500 | 662800 | 1678000 | 2048700 | 26900 | 466600 | 1306000 | 2884500 | 37900 | 14300 | 17400 | 26200 | 11000 | 69100 | 72100 | 556700 |

| Year | AGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|--------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 1967 | 426800 | 9877100 | 70400 | 1392300 | 3254000 | 26600 | 421300 | 1132000 | 1720800 | 8900 | 5700 | 3500 | 8500 | 8900 | 17500 | 104400 |
| 1968 | 1783600 | 437000 | 388300 | 99100 | 1880500 | 1387400 | 14220 | 94000 | 134100 | 345100 | 2000 | 1100 | 830 | 2500 | 2600 | 17000 |
| 1969 | 561200 | 507100 | 141900 | 188200 | 800 | 8800 | 4700 | 700 | 11700 | 33600 | 36000 | 300 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 2400 |
| 1970 | 119300 | 529400 | 33200 | 6300 | 18600 | 600 | 3300 | 3300 | 1000 | 13400 | 26200 | 28100 | 300 | 100 | 200 | 2000 |
| 1971 | 30500 | 42900 | 85100 | 1820 | 1020 | 1240 | 360 | 1110 | 1130 | 360 | 4410 | 6910 | 5450 | 0 | 20 | 120 |
| 1972 | 347100 | 41000 | 20400 | 35376 | 3476 | 3583 | 2481 | 694 | 1486 | 198 | 0 | 494 | 593 | 593 | 0 | 0 |
| 1973 | 29300 | 3500 | 1700 | 2389 | 25200 | 651 | 1506 | 278 | 178 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 180 | 0 |
| 1974 | 65900 | 7800 | 3900 | 100 | 241 | 24505 | 257 | 196 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1975 | 30600 | 3600 | 1800 | 3268 | 132 | 910 | 30667 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1976 | .20100 | 2400 | 1200 | 23248 | 5436 | 0 | 0 | 13086 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1977 | 43000 | 6200 | 3100 | 22103 | 23595 | 336 | 0 | 419 | 10766 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1978 | 20100 | 2400 | 1200 | 3019 | 12164 | 20315 | 870 | 0 | 620 | 5027 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1979 | 32600 | 3800 | 1900 | 6352 | 1866 | 6865 | 11216 | 326 | 0 | 0 | 2534 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1980 | 6900 | 800 | 400 | 6407 | 5814 | 2278 | 8165 | 15838 | 441 | 8 | 0 | 2688 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1981 | 8300 | 1100 | 11900 | 4166 | 4591 | 8596 | 2200 | 4512 | 8280 | 345 | 103 | 114 | 964 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1982 | 22600 | 1100 | 200 | 13817 | 7892 | 4507 | 6258 | 1960 | 5075 | 6047 | 121 | 37 | 37 | 121 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | 127000 | 4680 | 1670 | 3183 | 21191 | 9521 | 6181 | 6823 | 1293 | 4598 | 7329 | 143 | 40 | 143 | 860 | 0 |

| AGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 1984 | 33860 | 1700 | 2490 | 4483 | 5388 | 61543 | 18202 | 12638 | 15608 | 7215 | 16338 | 6478 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1650 |
| 1985 | 28570 | 13150 | 207220 | 21500 | 15500 | 16500 | 130000 | 59000 | 55000 | 63000 | 10000 | 31000 | 50000 | 0 | 0 | 2640 |
| 1986 | 13810 | 1380 | 3090 | 539785 | 17594 | 14500 | 15500 | 105000 | 75000 | 42000 | 77000 | 19469 | 66000 | 80000 | 0 | 2470 |
| 1987 | 13850 | 6330 | 35770 | 19776 | 501393 | 18672 | 3502 | 7058 | 28000 | 12000 | 9500 | 4500 | 7834 | 6500 | 7000 | 450 |
| 1988 | 15490 | 2790 | 9110 | 62923 | 25059 | 550367 | 9452 | 3679 | 5964 | 14583 | 8872 | 2818 | 3356 | 2682 | 1560 | 540 |
| 1989 | 7120 | 1930 | 25200 | 2890 | 3623 | 5650 | 324290 | 3469 | 800 | 679 | 3297 | 1375 | 679 | 321 | 260 | 0 |
| 1990 | 1020 | 400 | 15540 | 18633 | 2658 | 11875 | 10854 | 226280 | 1289 | 1519 | 2036 | 2415 | 646 | 179 | 590 | 480 |
| 1991 | 100 | 3370 | 3330 | 8438 | 2780 | 1410 | 14698 | 8867 | 218851 | 2499 | 461 | 87 | 690 | 103 | 260 | 540 |
| 1992 | 1630 | 150 | 1340 | 12586 | 33100 | 4980 | 1193 | 11981 | 5748 | 225677 | 2483 | 639 | 247 | 1236 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | 6570 | 130 | 7240 | 28408 | 106866 | 87269 | 8625 | 3648 | 29603 | 18631 | 410110 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | 430 | 20 | 8100 | 32500 | 110090 | 363920 | 164800 | 15580 | 8140 | 37330 | 35660 | 645410 | 2830 | 460 | 100 | 2070 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 1130 | 57590 | 346460 | 622810 | 637840 | 231090 | 15510 | 15850 | 69750 | 83740 | 911880 | 4070 | 250 | 450 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 30140 | 34360 | 713620 | 1571000 | 940580 | 406280 | 103410 | 5680 | 7370 | 66090 | 17570 | 836550 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 21820 | 130450 | 270950 | 1795780 | 1993620 | 761210 | 326490 | 60870 | 20020 | 32400 | 90520 | 19120 | 370330 | 300 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 82891 | 70323 | 242365 | 368310 | 1760319 | 1263750 | 381482 | 129971 | 42502 | 25343 | 3478 | 112604 | 5633 | 108514 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 5029 | 137626 | 35820 | 134813 | 429433 | 1604959 | 1164263 | 291394 | 106005 | 14524 | 40040 | 7202 | 88598 | 63983 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 14395 | 84016 | 560379 | 34933 | 110719 | 404460 | 1299253 | 1045001 | 216980 | 71589 | 16260 | 22701 | 23321 | 71811 |

| AGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 2076 | 102293 | 160678 | 426822 | 38749 | 95991 | 296460 | 839136 | 507106 | 73673 | 23722 | 3505 | 3356 | 22164 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 62031 | 198360 | 643161 | 255516 | 326495 | 29843 | 93530 | 264675 | 663059 | 339326 | 52922 | 12437 | 7000 | 10087 |
| 2003 | 0 | 3461 | 4524 | 75243 | 323958 | 730468 | 175878 | 167776 | 22866 | 74494 | 217108 | 567253 | 219097 | 38555 | 8111 | 6192 |
| 2004 | 125 | 1846 | 43800 | 24299 | 92300 | 429510 | 714433 | 111022 | 137940 | 26656 | 52467 | 169196 | 401564 | 210547 | 28028 | 11883 |
| 2005 | 0 | 442 | 20411 | 447788 | 94206 | 170547 | 643600 | 930309 | 121856 | 123291 | 37967 | 65289 | 139331 | 344822 | 126879 | 15697 |
| 2006 | 0 | 1968 | 45438 | 75824 | 729898 | 82107 | 171370 | 726041 | 772217 | 88701 | 77115 | 30339 | 57882 | 133665 | 142240 | 49128 |
| 2007 | 0 | 4475 | 8450 | 224636 | 366983 | 1804495 | 152916 | 242923 | 728836 | 511664 | 47215 | 25384 | 15316 | 24488 | 64755 | 58465 |
| 2008 | 0 | 39898 | 123949 | 36630 | 550274 | 670681 | 2295912 | 199592 | 256132 | 586583 | 369620 | 29633 | 36025 | 23775 | 25195 | 63176 |
| 2009 | 0 | 3468 | 113424 | 192641 | 149075 | 1193781 | 914748 | 1929631 | 142931 | 262037 | 423972 | 238174 | 45519 | 9337 | 10153 | 70538 |
| 2010 | 0 | 75981 | 61673 | 101948 | 209295 | 189784 | 1064866 | 711951 | 1421939 | 175010 | 180164 | 340781 | 179039 | 12558 | 11602 | 49773 |
| 2011 | 0 | 126972 | 249809 | 61706 | 104634 | 234330 | 210165 | 755382 | 543212 | 642787 | 90515 | 117230 | 136509 | 45082 | 6628 | 11638 |
| 2012 | 0 | 2680 | 13083 | 211630 | 49999 | 119627 | 281908 | 263330 | 747839 | 314694 | 357902 | 53109 | 44982 | 64273 | 12420 | 3604 |
| 2013 | 0 | 1 | 20715 | 60364 | 276901 | 71287 | 112558 | 283658 | 242243 | 591912 | 169525 | 145318 | 24936 | 10614 | 9725 | 2299 |
| 2014 | 0 | 265 | 1441 | 28301 | 57838 | 257529 | 50424 | 71721 | 194814 | 147083 | 381317 | 83050 | 57315 | 12746 | 1809 | 7501 |
| 2015 | 0 | 647 | 3244 | 16139 | 55749 | 52369 | 152347 | 34046 | 65728 | 156075 | 103393 | 201141 | 24310 | 49373 | 3369 | 6397 |
| 2016 | 0 | 197 | 2351 | 45483 | 43416 | 112147 | 85937 | 164454 | 52267 | 73576 | 174655 | 96476 | 179051 | 38546 | 32880 | 8379 |
| 2017 | 0 | 618 | 16390 | 64275 | 305483 | 114976 | 248192 | 162566 | 289931 | 98836 | 133145 | 276874 | 107473 | 220368 | 22357 | 49442 |

| AGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 2018 | 0 | 1261 | 22414 | 25638 | 59802 | 264182 | 150759 | 179628 | 109121 | 180968 | 85954 | 99061 | 212052 | 113841 | 136096 | 39249 |
| 2019 | 0 | 769 | 2205 | 148669 | 64237 | 185336 | 557804 | 146597 | 217346 | 119855 | 167569 | 133910 | 104730 | 220400 | 91773 | 121229 |

Table 4.4.4.1. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Weight at age in the catch (kg).

| age | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 1950 | 0.007 | 0.025 | 0.058 | 0.110 | 0.188 | 0.211 | 0.234 | 0.253 | 0.266 | 0.280 | 0.294 | 0.303 | 0.312 | 0.32 | 0.323 | 0.334 |
| 1951 | 0.009 | 0.029 | 0.068 | 0.130 | 0.222 | 0.249 | 0.276 | 0.298 | 0.314 | 0.330 | 0.346 | 0.357 | 0.368 | 0.377 | 0.381 | 0.394 |
| 1952 | 0.008 | 0.026 | 0.061 | 0.115 | 0.197 | 0.221 | 0.245 | 0.265 | 0.279 | 0.293 | 0.308 | 0.317 | 0.327 | 0.335 | 0.339 | 0.349 |
| 1953 | 0.008 | 0.027 | 0.063 | 0.120 | 0.205 | 0.230 | 0.255 | 0.275 | 0.290 | 0.305 | 0.320 | 0.330 | 0.34 | 0.347 | 0.351 | 0.363 |
| 1954 | 0.008 | 0.026 | 0.062 | 0.117 | 0.201 | 0.225 | 0.250 | 0.269 | 0.284 | 0.299 | 0.313 | 0.323 | 0.333 | 0.341 | 0.345 | 0.356 |
| 1955 | 0.008 | 0.027 | 0.063 | 0.119 | 0.204 | 0.229 | 0.254 | 0.274 | 0.289 | 0.304 | 0.318 | 0.328 | 0.338 | 0.346 | 0.350 | 0.362 |
| 1956 | 0.008 | 0.028 | 0.066 | 0.126 | 0.215 | 0.241 | 0.268 | 0.289 | 0.304 | 0.320 | 0.336 | 0.346 | 0.357 | 0.365 | 0.369 | 0.382 |
| 1957 | 0.008 | 0.028 | 0.066 | 0.127 | 0.216 | 0.243 | 0.269 | 0.290 | 0.306 | 0.322 | 0.338 | 0.348 | 0.359 | 0.367 | 0.371 | 0.384 |
| 1958 | 0.009 | 0.030 | 0.070 | 0.133 | 0.227 | 0.255 | 0.283 | 0.305 | 0.321 | 0.338 | 0.355 | 0.366 | 0.377 | 0.386 | 0.390 | 0.403 |
| 1959 | 0.009 | 0.030 | 0.071 | 0.135 | 0.231 | 0.259 | 0.287 | 0.310 | 0.327 | 0.344 | 0.360 | 0.372 | 0.383 | 0.392 | 0.397 | 0.409 |
| 1960 | 0.006 | 0.011 | 0.074 | 0.119 | 0.188 | 0.277 | 0.337 | 0.318 | 0.363 | 0.379 | 0.360 | 0.420 | 0.411 | 0.439 | 0.450 | 0.447 |
| 1961 | 0.006 | 0.010 | 0.045 | 0.087 | 0.159 | 0.276 | 0.322 | 0.372 | 0.363 | 0.393 | 0.407 | 0.397 | 0.422 | 0.447 | 0.465 | 0.452 |

| Year | age | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 1962 | 0.009 | 0.023 | 0.055 | 0.085 | 0.148 | 0.288 | 0.333 | 0.360 | 0.352 | 0.350 | 0.374 | 0.384 | 0.374 | 0.394 | 0.399 | 0.414 |
| 1963 | 0.008 | 0.026 | 0.047 | 0.098 | 0.171 | 0.275 | 0.268 | 0.323 | 0.329 | 0.336 | 0.341 | 0.358 | 0.385 | 0.353 | 0.381 | 0.386 |
| 1964 | 0.009 | 0.024 | 0.059 | 0.139 | 0.219 | 0.239 | 0.298 | 0.295 | 0.339 | 0.350 | 0.358 | 0.351 | 0.367 | 0.375 | 0.372 | 0.433 |
| 1965 | 0.009 | 0.016 | 0.048 | 0.089 | 0.217 | 0.234 | 0.262 | 0.331 | 0.360 | 0.367 | 0.386 | 0.395 | 0.393 | 0.404 | 0.401 | 0.431 |
| 1966 | 0.008 | 0.017 | 0.040 | 0.063 | 0.246 | 0.260 | 0.265 | 0.301 | 0.410 | 0.425 | 0.456 | 0.460 | 0.467 | 0.446 | 0.459 | 0.472 |
| 1967 | 0.009 | 0.015 | 0.036 | 0.066 | 0.093 | 0.305 | 0.305 | 0.310 | 0.333 | 0.359 | 0.413 | 0.446 | 0.401 | 0.408 | 0.439 | 0.430 |
| 1968 | 0.010 | 0.027 | 0.049 | 0.075 | 0.108 | 0.158 | 0.375 | 0.383 | 0.364 | 0.382 | 0.441 | 0.410 | | 0.517 | 0.491 | 0.485 |
| 1969 | 0.009 | 0.021 | 0.047 | 0.072 | | 0.152 | 0.296 | | 0.329 | 0.329 | 0.341 | | | | | 0.429 |
| 1970 | 0.008 | 0.058 | 0.085 | 0.105 | 0.171 | | 0.216 | 0.277 | 0.298 | 0.304 | 0.305 | 0.309 | | | | 0.376 |
| 1971 | 0.011 | 0.053 | 0.121 | 0.177 | 0.216 | 0.250 | | 0.305 | 0.333 | | 0.366 | 0.377 | 0.388 | | | |
| 1972 | 0.011 | 0.029 | 0.062 | 0.103 | 0.154 | 0.215 | 0.258 | | 0.322 | | | | | | | |
| 1973 | 0.006 | 0.053 | 0.106 | 0.161 | 0.213 | | 0.255 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1974 | 0.006 | 0.055 | 0.117 | | | 0.249 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1975 | 0.009 | 0.079 | 0.169 | 0.241 | | | 0.381 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1976 | 0.007 | 0.062 | 0.132 | 0.189 | 0.250 | | | 0.323 | | | | | | | | |
| 1977 | 0.011 | 0.091 | 0.193 | 0.316 | 0.350 | | | 0.511 | | | | | | | | |
| 1978 | 0.012 | 0.100 | 0.210 | 0.274 | 0.424 | 0.454 | | | | 0.613 | | | | | | |

| Year | age | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 1979 | 0.010 | 0.088 | 0.181 | 0.293 | 0.359 | 0.416 | 0.436 | | | | 0.553 | | | | | |
| 1980 | 0.012 | | | 0.266 | 0.399 | 0.449 | 0.460 | 0.485 | | | | 0.608 | | | | |
| 1981 | 0.010 | 0.082 | 0.163 | 0.196 | 0.291 | 0.341 | 0.368 | 0.380 | 0.397 | | | | | | | |
| 1982 | 0.010 | 0.087 | 0.159 | 0.256 | 0.312 | 0.378 | 0.415 | 0.435 | 0.449 | 0.448 | | | | | | |
| 1983 | 0.011 | 0.090 | 0.165 | 0.217 | 0.265 | 0.337 | 0.378 | 0.410 | 0.426 | 0.435 | 0.444 | | | | | |
| 1984 | 0.009 | 0.047 | 0.145 | 0.218 | 0.262 | 0.325 | 0.346 | 0.381 | 0.400 | 0.413 | 0.405 | 0.426 | | | | 0.415 |
| 1985 | 0.009 | 0.022 | 0.022 | 0.214 | 0.277 | 0.295 | 0.338 | 0.360 | 0.381 | 0.397 | 0.409 | 0.417 | 0.435 | | | 0.435 |
| 1986 | 0.007 | 0.077 | 0.097 | 0.055 | 0.249 | 0.294 | 0.312 | 0.352 | 0.374 | 0.398 | 0.402 | 0.401 | 0.410 | 0.410 | | 0.410 |
| 1987 | 0.010 | 0.075 | 0.091 | 0.124 | 0.173 | 0.253 | 0.232 | 0.312 | 0.328 | 0.349 | 0.353 | 0.370 | 0.385 | 0.385 | 0.385 | |
| 1988 | 0.008 | 0.062 | 0.075 | 0.124 | 0.154 | 0.194 | 0.241 | 0.265 | 0.304 | 0.305 | 0.317 | 0.308 | 0.334 | 0.334 | 0.334 | |
| 1989 | 0.010 | 0.060 | 0.204 | 0.188 | 0.264 | 0.260 | 0.282 | 0.306 | | | 0.422 | 0.364 | | | | |
| 1990 | 0.007 | | 0.102 | 0.230 | 0.239 | 0.266 | 0.305 | 0.308 | 0.376 | 0.407 | 0.412 | 0.424 | | | | |
| 1991 | | 0.015 | 0.104 | 0.208 | 0.250 | 0.288 | 0.312 | 0.316 | 0.330 | 0.344 | | | | | | |
| 1992 | 0.007 | | 0.103 | 0.191 | 0.233 | 0.304 | 0.337 | 0.365 | 0.361 | 0.371 | 0.403 | | | 0.404 | | |
| 1993 | 0.007 | | 0.106 | 0.153 | 0.243 | 0.282 | 0.320 | 0.330 | 0.365 | 0.373 | 0.379 | | | | | |
| 1994 | | | 0.102 | 0.194 | 0.239 | 0.280 | 0.317 | 0.328 | 0.356 | 0.372 | 0.390 | 0.379 | 0.399 | 0.403 | | |
| 1995 | | | 0.102 | 0.153 | 0.192 | 0.234 | 0.283 | 0.328 | 0.349 | 0.356 | 0.374 | 0.366 | 0.393 | 0.387 | | |

| | | age | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 1996 | | | 0.136 | 0.136 | 0.168 | 0.206 | 0.262 | 0.309 | 0.337 | 0.366 | 0.360 | 0.361 | 0.367 | 0.379 | | |
| 1997 | | | 0.089 | 0.167 | 0.184 | 0.207 | 0.232 | 0.277 | 0.305 | 0.331 | 0.328 | 0.344 | 0.343 | 0.397 | 0.357 | |
| 1998 | | | 0.111 | 0.150 | 0.216 | 0.221 | 0.249 | 0.277 | 0.316 | 0.338 | 0.374 | 0.372 | 0.366 | 0.396 | 0.377 | 0.406 |
| 1999 | | | 0.096 | 0.173 | 0.228 | 0.262 | 0.274 | 0.292 | 0.307 | 0.335 | 0.362 | 0.371 | 0.399 | 0.396 | 0.400 | 0.404 |
| 2000 | | | 0.124 | 0.175 | 0.222 | 0.242 | 0.289 | 0.303 | 0.310 | 0.328 | 0.349 | 0.383 | 0.411 | 0.410 | 0.419 | 0.409 |
| 2001 | | | 0.105 | 0.166 | 0.214 | 0.252 | 0.268 | 0.305 | 0.308 | 0.322 | 0.337 | 0.363 | 0.353 | 0.378 | 0.400 | 0.427 |
| 2002 | | | 0.056 | 0.128 | 0.198 | 0.255 | 0.281 | 0.303 | 0.322 | 0.323 | 0.334 | 0.345 | 0.369 | 0.407 | 0.410 | 0.435 |
| 2003 | | 0.062 | 0.068 | 0.169 | 0.218 | 0.257 | 0.288 | 0.316 | 0.323 | 0.348 | 0.354 | 0.351 | 0.363 | 0.372 | 0.376 | 0.429 |
| 2004 | 0.022 | 0.066 | 0.143 | 0.18 | 0.227 | 0.26 | 0.29 | 0.323 | 0.355 | 0.375 | 0.383 | 0.399 | 0.395 | 0.405 | 0.429 | 0.439 |
| 2005 | | 0.092 | 0.106 | 0.181 | 0.235 | 0.266 | 0.290 | 0.315 | 0.344 | 0.367 | 0.384 | 0.372 | 0.384 | 0.398 | 0.402 | 0.413 |
| 2006 | | 0.055 | 0.102 | 0.171 | 0.238 | 0.268 | 0.292 | 0.311 | 0.330 | 0.365 | 0.374 | 0.376 | 0.388 | 0.396 | 0.398 | 0.407 |
| 2007 | 0.000 | 0.074 | 0.137 | 0.162 | 0.228 | 0.271 | 0.316 | 0.332 | 0.342 | 0.358 | 0.361 | 0.381 | 0.390 | 0.400 | 0.405 | 0.399 |
| 2008 | 0.000 | 0.026 | 0.106 | 0.145 | 0.209 | 0.254 | 0.296 | 0.318 | 0.341 | 0.353 | 0.363 | 0.367 | 0.395 | 0.396 | 0.386 | 0.413 |
| 2009 | | 0.040 | 0.156 | 0.184 | 0.220 | 0.251 | 0.291 | 0.311 | 0.338 | 0.347 | 0.363 | 0.375 | 0.382 | 0.375 | 0.375 | 0.387 |
| 2010 | | 0.059 | 0.107 | 0.177 | 0.218 | 0.261 | 0.279 | 0.311 | 0.325 | 0.343 | 0.362 | 0.370 | 0.388 | 0.391 | 0.376 | 0.441 |
| 2011 | | 0.011 | 0.098 | 0.200 | 0.257 | 0.273 | 0.300 | 0.316 | 0.340 | 0.348 | 0.365 | 0.371 | 0.387 | 0.374 | 0.403 | 0.401 |
| 2012 | | 0.034 | 0.126 | 0.211 | 0.272 | 0.301 | 0.308 | 0.331 | 0.335 | 0.351 | 0.354 | 0.370 | 0.389 | 0.389 | 0.382 | 0.388 |

| age | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 2013 | | 0.048 | 0.163 | 0.237 | 0.276 | 0.300 | 0.331 | 0.339 | 0.351 | 0.357 | 0.370 | 0.373 | 0.394 | 0.391 | 0.389 | 0.367 |
| 2014 | | 0.057 | 0.179 | 0.233 | 0.271 | 0.293 | 0.322 | 0.342 | 0.353 | 0.367 | 0.365 | 0.374 | 0.375 | 0.378 | 0.418 | 0.371 |
| 2015 | | 0.059 | 0.146 | 0.203 | 0.272 | 0.323 | 0.331 | 0.358 | 0.370 | 0.372 | 0.383 | 0.382 | 0.392 | 0.386 | 0.383 | 0.391 |
| 2016 | | 0.048 | 0.111 | 0.212 | 0.255 | 0.290 | 0.333 | 0.339 | 0.361 | 0.367 | 0.370 | 0.381 | 0.378 | 0.388 | 0.383 | 0.395 |
| 2017 | | 0.092 | 0.143 | 0.205 | 0.241 | 0.292 | 0.322 | 0.350 | 0.360 | 0.382 | 0.392 | 0.391 | 0.396 | 0.399 | 0.407 | 0.394 |
| 2018 | | 0.068 | 0.127 | 0.207 | 0.240 | 0.276 | 0.321 | 0.348 | 0.371 | 0.380 | 0.399 | 0.404 | 0.400 | 0.407 | 0.408 | 0.418 |
| 2019 | | 0.135 | 0.186 | 0.209 | 0.235 | 0.269 | 0.298 | 0.327 | 0.345 | 0.376 | 0.387 | 0.403 | 0.409 | 0.423 | 0.417 | 0.449 |

Table 4.4.4.2. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Weight at age in the stock (kg).

| AGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 1950 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.204 | 0.230 | 0.255 | 0.275 | 0.290 | 0.305 | 0.315 | 0.325 | 0.330 | 0.340 | 0.345 | 0.364 |
| 1951 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.204 | 0.230 | 0.255 | 0.275 | 0.290 | 0.305 | 0.315 | 0.325 | 0.330 | 0.340 | 0.345 | 0.364 |
| 1952 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.204 | 0.230 | 0.255 | 0.275 | 0.290 | 0.305 | 0.315 | 0.325 | 0.330 | 0.340 | 0.345 | 0.364 |
| 1953 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.204 | 0.230 | 0.255 | 0.275 | 0.290 | 0.305 | 0.315 | 0.325 | 0.330 | 0.340 | 0.345 | 0.364 |
| 1954 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.204 | 0.230 | 0.255 | 0.275 | 0.290 | 0.305 | 0.315 | 0.325 | 0.330 | 0.340 | 0.345 | 0.364 |
| 1955 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.195 | 0.213 | 0.260 | 0.275 | 0.290 | 0.305 | 0.315 | 0.325 | 0.330 | 0.340 | 0.345 | 0.364 |
| 1956 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.205 | 0.230 | 0.249 | 0.275 | 0.290 | 0.305 | 0.315 | 0.325 | 0.330 | 0.340 | 0.345 | 0.364 |

| Year | AGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 1957 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.136 | 0.228 | 0.255 | 0.262 | 0.290 | 0.305 | 0.315 | 0.325 | 0.330 | 0.340 | 0.345 | 0.364 |
| 1958 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.204 | 0.242 | 0.292 | 0.295 | 0.293 | 0.305 | 0.315 | 0.330 | 0.340 | 0.345 | 0.352 | 0.363 |
| 1959 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.204 | 0.252 | 0.260 | 0.290 | 0.300 | 0.305 | 0.315 | 0.325 | 0.330 | 0.340 | 0.345 | 0.358 |
| 1960 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.204 | 0.270 | 0.291 | 0.293 | 0.321 | 0.318 | 0.320 | 0.344 | 0.349 | 0.370 | 0.379 | 0.378 |
| 1961 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.232 | 0.250 | 0.292 | 0.302 | 0.304 | 0.323 | 0.322 | 0.321 | 0.344 | 0.357 | 0.363 | 0.368 |
| 1962 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.219 | 0.291 | 0.300 | 0.316 | 0.324 | 0.326 | 0.335 | 0.338 | 0.334 | 0.347 | 0.354 | 0.358 |
| 1963 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.185 | 0.253 | 0.294 | 0.312 | 0.329 | 0.327 | 0.334 | 0.341 | 0.349 | 0.341 | 0.358 | 0.375 |
| 1964 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.194 | 0.213 | 0.264 | 0.317 | 0.363 | 0.353 | 0.349 | 0.354 | 0.357 | 0.359 | 0.365 | 0.402 |
| 1965 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.186 | 0.199 | 0.236 | 0.260 | 0.363 | 0.350 | 0.370 | 0.360 | 0.378 | 0.387 | 0.390 | 0.394 |
| 1966 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.185 | 0.219 | 0.222 | 0.249 | 0.306 | 0.354 | 0.377 | 0.391 | 0.379 | 0.378 | 0.361 | 0.383 |
| 1967 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.180 | 0.228 | 0.269 | 0.270 | 0.294 | 0.324 | 0.420 | 0.430 | 0.366 | 0.368 | 0.433 | 0.414 |
| 1968 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.115 | 0.206 | 0.266 | 0.275 | 0.274 | 0.285 | 0.350 | 0.325 | 0.363 | 0.408 | 0.388 | 0.378 |
| 1969 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.115 | 0.145 | 0.270 | 0.300 | 0.306 | 0.308 | 0.318 | 0.340 | 0.368 | 0.360 | 0.393 | 0.397 |
| 1970 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.047 | 0.100 | 0.209 | 0.272 | 0.230 | 0.295 | 0.317 | 0.323 | 0.325 | 0.329 | 0.380 | 0.370 | 0.380 | 0.391 |
| 1971 | 0.001 | 0.015 | 0.080 | 0.100 | 0.190 | 0.225 | 0.250 | 0.275 | 0.290 | 0.310 | 0.325 | 0.335 | 0.345 | 0.355 | 0.365 | 0.390 |
| 1972 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.070 | 0.150 | 0.150 | 0.140 | 0.210 | 0.240 | 0.270 | 0.300 | 0.325 | 0.335 | 0.345 | 0.355 | 0.365 | 0.390 |
| 1973 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.170 | 0.259 | 0.342 | 0.384 | 0.409 | 0.404 | 0.461 | 0.520 | 0.534 | 0.500 | 0.500 | 0.500 | 0.500 |

| AGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 1974 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.170 | 0.259 | 0.342 | 0.384 | 0.409 | 0.444 | 0.461 | 0.520 | 0.543 | 0.482 | 0.482 | 0.482 | 0.482 |
| 1975 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.181 | 0.259 | 0.342 | 0.384 | 0.409 | 0.444 | 0.461 | 0.520 | 0.543 | 0.482 | 0.482 | 0.482 | 0.482 |
| 1976 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.181 | 0.259 | 0.342 | 0.384 | 0.409 | 0.444 | 0.461 | 0.520 | 0.543 | 0.482 | 0.482 | 0.482 | 0.482 |
| 1977 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.181 | 0.259 | 0.343 | 0.384 | 0.409 | 0.444 | 0.461 | 0.520 | 0.543 | 0.482 | 0.482 | 0.482 | 0.482 |
| 1978 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.180 | 0.294 | 0.326 | 0.371 | 0.409 | 0.461 | 0.476 | 0.520 | 0.543 | 0.500 | 0.500 | 0.500 | 0.500 |
| 1979 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.178 | 0.232 | 0.359 | 0.385 | 0.420 | 0.444 | 0.505 | 0.520 | 0.551 | 0.500 | 0.500 | 0.500 | 0.500 |
| 1980 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.175 | 0.283 | 0.347 | 0.402 | 0.421 | 0.465 | 0.465 | 0.520 | 0.534 | 0.500 | 0.500 | 0.500 | 0.500 |
| 1981 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.170 | 0.224 | 0.336 | 0.378 | 0.387 | 0.408 | 0.397 | 0.520 | 0.543 | 0.512 | 0.512 | 0.512 | 0.512 |
| 1982 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.170 | 0.204 | 0.303 | 0.355 | 0.383 | 0.395 | 0.413 | 0.453 | 0.468 | 0.506 | 0.506 | 0.506 | 0.506 |
| 1983 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.155 | 0.249 | 0.304 | 0.368 | 0.404 | 0.424 | 0.437 | 0.436 | 0.493 | 0.495 | 0.495 | 0.495 | 0.495 |
| 1984 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.140 | 0.204 | 0.295 | 0.338 | 0.376 | 0.395 | 0.407 | 0.413 | 0.422 | 0.437 | 0.437 | 0.437 | 0.437 |
| 1985 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.148 | 0.234 | 0.265 | 0.312 | 0.346 | 0.370 | 0.395 | 0.397 | 0.428 | 0.428 | 0.428 | 0.428 | 0.428 |
| 1986 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.085 | 0.054 | 0.206 | 0.265 | 0.289 | 0.339 | 0.368 | 0.391 | 0.382 | 0.388 | 0.395 | 0.395 | 0.395 | 0.395 |
| 1987 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.055 | 0.090 | 0.143 | 0.241 | 0.279 | 0.299 | 0.316 | 0.342 | 0.343 | 0.362 | 0.376 | 0.376 | 0.376 | 0.376 |
| 1988 | 0.001 | 0.015 | 0.050 | 0.098 | 0.135 | 0.197 | 0.277 | 0.315 | 0.339 | 0.343 | 0.359 | 0.365 | 0.376 | 0.376 | 0.376 | 0.376 |
| 1989 | 0.001 | 0.015 | 0.100 | 0.154 | 0.175 | 0.209 | 0.252 | 0.305 | 0.367 | 0.377 | 0.359 | 0.395 | 0.396 | 0.396 | 0.396 | 0.396 |
| 1990 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.048 | 0.219 | 0.198 | 0.258 | 0.288 | 0.309 | 0.428 | 0.370 | 0.403 | 0.387 | 0.440 | 0.440 | 0.440 | 0.44 |

| AGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 1991 | 0.001 | 0.011 | 0.037 | 0.147 | 0.210 | 0.244 | 0.300 | 0.324 | 0.336 | 0.343 | 0.382 | 0.366 | 0.425 | 0.425 | 0.425 | 0.425 |
| 1992 | 0.001 | 0.007 | 0.030 | 0.128 | 0.224 | 0.296 | 0.327 | 0.355 | 0.345 | 0.367 | 0.341 | 0.361 | 0.430 | 0.470 | 0.470 | 0.46 |
| 1993 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.025 | 0.081 | 0.201 | 0.265 | 0.323 | 0.354 | 0.358 | 0.381 | 0.369 | 0.396 | 0.393 | 0.374 | 0.403 | 0.4 |
| 1994 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.025 | 0.075 | 0.151 | 0.254 | 0.318 | 0.371 | 0.347 | 0.412 | 0.382 | 0.407 | 0.410 | 0.410 | 0.410 | 0.41 |
| 1995 | 0.001 | 0.018 | 0.025 | 0.066 | 0.138 | 0.230 | 0.296 | 0.346 | 0.388 | 0.363 | 0.409 | 0.414 | 0.422 | 0.410 | 0.410 | 0.426 |
| 1996 | 0.001 | 0.018 | 0.025 | 0.076 | 0.118 | 0.188 | 0.261 | 0.316 | 0.346 | 0.374 | 0.390 | 0.390 | 0.384 | 0.398 | 0.398 | 0.398 |
| 1997 | 0.001 | 0.018 | 0.025 | 0.096 | 0.118 | 0.174 | 0.229 | 0.286 | 0.323 | 0.370 | 0.378 | 0.386 | 0.360 | 0.393 | 0.391 | 0.391 |
| 1998 | 0.001 | 0.018 | 0.025 | 0.074 | 0.147 | 0.174 | 0.217 | 0.242 | 0.278 | 0.304 | 0.310 | 0.359 | 0.340 | 0.344 | 0.385 | 0.369 |
| 1999 | 0.001 | 0.018 | 0.025 | 0.102 | 0.150 | 0.223 | 0.240 | 0.264 | 0.283 | 0.315 | 0.345 | 0.386 | 0.386 | 0.386 | 0.382 | 0.395 |
| 2000 | 0.001 | 0.018 | 0.025 | 0.119 | 0.178 | 0.225 | 0.271 | 0.285 | 0.298 | 0.311 | 0.339 | 0.390 | 0.398 | 0.406 | 0.414 | 0.427 |
| 2001 | 0.001 | 0.018 | 0.025 | 0.075 | 0.178 | 0.238 | 0.247 | 0.296 | 0.307 | 0.314 | 0.328 | 0.351 | 0.376 | 0.406 | 0.414 | 0.425 |
| 2002 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.023 | 0.057 | 0.177 | 0.241 | 0.275 | 0.302 | 0.311 | 0.314 | 0.328 | 0.341 | 0.372 | 0.405 | 0.415 | 0.438 |
| 2003 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.055 | 0.098 | 0.159 | 0.211 | 0.272 | 0.305 | 0.292 | 0.331 | 0.337 | 0.347 | 0.356 | 0.381 | 0.414 | 0.433 |
| 2004 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.055 | 0.106 | 0.149 | 0.212 | 0.241 | 0.279 | 0.302 | 0.337 | 0.354 | 0.355 | 0.360 | 0.371 | 0.400 | 0.429 |
| 2005 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.046 | 0.112 | 0.156 | 0.234 | 0.267 | 0.295 | 0.330 | 0.363 | 0.377 | 0.414 | 0.406 | 0.308 | 0.420 | 0.452 |
| 2006 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.042 | 0.107 | 0.179 | 0.232 | 0.272 | 0.297 | 0.318 | 0.371 | 0.365 | 0.393 | 0.395 | 0.399 | 0.415 | 0.428 |
| 2007 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.036 | 0.086 | 0.155 | 0.226 | 0.265 | 0.312 | 0.310 | 0.364 | 0.384 | 0.352 | 0.386 | 0.304 | 0.420 | 0.412 |

| AGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ |
| 2008** | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.044 | 0.077 | 0.146 | 0.212 | 0.269 | 0.289 | 0.327 | 0.351 | 0.358 | 0.372 | 0.411 | 0.353 | 0.389 | 0.393 |
| 2009*** | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.044 | 0.077 | 0.141 | 0.215 | 0.270 | 0.306 | 0.336 | 0.346 | 0.364 | 0.369 | 0.411 | 0.353 | 0.389 | 0.393 |
| 2010**** | 0.001 | 0.01 | 0.044 | 0.077 | 0.188 | 0.22 | 0.251 | 0.286 | 0.308 | 0.333 | 0.344 | 0.354 | 0.373 | 0.353 | 0.389 | 0.393 |
| 2011 | 0.001 | 0.01 | 0.044 | 0.118 | 0.185 | 0.209 | 0.246 | 0.277 | 0.310 | 0.322 | 0.339 | 0.349 | 0.364 | 0.363 | 0.389 | 0.393 |
| 2012 | 0.001 | 0.01 | 0.044 | 0.138 | 0.185 | 0.256 | 0.273 | 0.290 | 0.305 | 0.330 | 0.342 | 0.361 | 0.390 | 0.377 | 0.389 | 0.393 |
| 2013 | 0.001 | 0.01 | 0.044 | 0.138 | 0.204 | 0.267 | 0.305 | 0.309 | 0.320 | 0.328 | 0.346 | 0.350 | 0.390 | 0.377 | 0.389 | 0.393 |
| 2014 | 0.001 | 0.01 | 0.044 | 0.138 | 0.198 | 0.274 | 0.301 | 0.326 | 0.333 | 0.339 | 0.347 | 0.344 | 0.362 | 0.362 | 0.389 | 0.393 |
| 2015 | 0.001 | 0.01 | 0.044 | 0.138 | 0.187 | 0.243 | 0.299 | 0.326 | 0.319 | 0.345 | 0.346 | 0.354 | 0.382 | 0.376 | 0.389 | 0.393 |
| 2016 | 0.001 | 0.01 | 0.054 | 0.115 | 0.186 | 0.247 | 0.293 | 0.320 | 0.334 | 0.353 | 0.354 | 0.352 | 0.361 | 0.370 | 0.380 | 0.388 |
| 2017 | 0.001 | 0.01 | 0.054 | 0.115 | 0.190 | 0.247 | 0.282 | 0.322 | 0.338 | 0.351 | 0.359 | 0.361 | 0.361 | 0.368 | 0.380 | 0.386 |
| 2018 | 0.001 | 0.01 | 0.054 | 0.115 | 0.149 | 0.225 | 0.260 | 0.289 | 0.312 | 0.343 | 0.359 | 0.361 | 0.369 | 0.368 | 0.377 | 0.386 |
| 2019 | 0.001 | 0.01 | 0.054 | 0.104 | 0.151 | 0.203 | 0.277 | 0.311 | 0.331 | 0.355 | 0.353 | 0.363 | 0.381 | 0.376 | 0.385 | 0.382 |
| 2020 | 0.001 | 0.01 | 0.054 | 0.104 | 0.150 | 0.203 | 0.266 | 0.301 | 0.328 | 0.343 | 0.358 | 0.366 | 0.374 | 0.367 | 0.384 | 0.391 |

** mean weight at ages 11 and 13 are mean of 5 previous years at the same age. These age groups were not present in the catches of the wintering survey from which the stock weight are derived.

*** derived from catch data from the wintering area north of 69°N during December 2008 – January 2009 for age groups 4–11.

**** derived from catch data from the wintering area north of 69°N during January 2010 for age groups 4–12.

| Year | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ | Total | Biomass |
|------|-----|-----|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|---------|
| 2005 | 38 | 238 | 661 | 2128 | 5947 | 8328 | 613 | 503 | 156 | 92 | 576 | 1152 | 587 | 9 | 21026 | 5260 |
| 2006 | 26 | 90 | 6054 | 548 | 882 | 3362 | 3311 | 110 | 86 | 20 | 89 | 58 | 246 | 63 | 14951 | 3431 |
| 2007 | 33 | 367 | 1618 | 12397 | 815 | 655 | 2956 | 3205 | 141 | 228 | 40 | 204 | 284 | 470 | 23427 | 5350 |
| 2008 | 15 | 48 | 2564 | 2824 | 8882 | 522 | 471 | 1566 | 1567 | 161 | 102 | 46 | 128 | 136 | 19090 | 4553 |
| 2009 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2012 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2013 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | 204 | 533 | 2754 | 744 | 3267 | 388 | 692 | 2715 | 784 | 7222 | 367 | 1658 | 51 | 237 | 21662 | 6365 |
| 2016 | 18 | 197 | 237 | 594 | 365 | 2119 | 240 | 514 | 2930 | 652 | 3995 | 199 | 824 | 97 | 12982 | 4182 |
| 2017 | 19 | 110 | 1076 | 641 | 880 | 428 | 1326 | 181 | 206 | 2026 | 303 | 2542 | 80 | 729 | 10550 | 3314 |
| 2018 | 104 | 146 | 1720 | 2771 | 459 | 845 | 639 | 1095 | 444 | 370 | 1159 | 368 | 1538 | 354 | 12013 | 3262 |
| 2019 | 2 | 372 | 310 | 940 | 3778 | 754 | 879 | 660 | 1054 | 736 | 412 | 1807 | 182 | 2161 | 14166 | 4250 |
| 2020 | 6 | 44 | 3502 | 571 | 1212 | 3337 | 530 | 609 | 364 | 650 | 131 | 279 | 677 | 825 | 12750 | 3274 |

Table 4.4.7.2. Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Acoustic estimates (billion individuals) of immature herring in the Barents Sea in May/June from IESNS. Values in the years 2009–2019 are estimated with StoX (mean of bootstrap with 1000 iterations). "Fleet 4".

| Year | AGEe | | | | |
|---------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1991 | 24.3 | 5.2 | | | |
| 1992 | 32.6 | 14 | 5.7 | | |
| 1993 | 102.7 | 25.8 | 1.5 | | |
| 1994 | 6.6 | 59.2 | 18 | 1.7 | |
| 1995 | 0.5 | 7.7 | 8 | 1.1 | |
| 1996* | 0.1 | 0.25 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 0.03 |
| 1997** | 2.6 | 0.04 | 0.4 | 0.35 | 0.05 |
| 1998 | 9.5 | 4.7 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0 |
| 1999 | 49.5 | 4.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | 105.4 | 27.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2001 | 0.3 | 7.6 | 8.8 | 0 | 0 |
| 2002 | 0.5 | 3.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2003*** | | | | | |
| 2004*** | | | | | |
| 2005 | 23.3 | 4.5 | 2.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| 2006 | 3.7 | 35.0 | 5.3 | 0.87 | 0 |
| 2007 | 2.1 | 3.7 | 12.5 | 1.9 | 0 |
| 2008^ | | | | | |
| 2009 | 0.289 | 0.300 | 0.233 | 0.060 | |
| 2010 | 5.196 | 1.380 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| 2011 | 1.166 | 3.920 | 0.041 | 0.000 | |
| 2012 | 0.787 | 0.030 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| 2013 | 0.107 | 2.190 | 0.211 | 0.070 | |
| 2014 | 4.239 | 3.110 | 1.728 | 0.127 | 0.043 |
| 2015 | 0.345 | 11.760 | 1.183 | 0.206 | 0.000 |
| 2016 | 1.826 | 5.620 | 1.568 | 0.101 | 0.038 |

| AGEe | | | | | |
|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2017 | 14.522 | 3.080 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| 2018 | 7.329 | 17.420 | 0.827 | 0.009 | |
| 2019 | 0.113 | 2.370 | 17.481 | 0.044 | |
| 2020*** | | | | | |

*Average of Norwegian and Russian estimates

**Combination of Norwegian and Russian estimates as described in 1998 WG report, since then only Russian estimates

***No surveys

^Not a full survey

Table 4.4.7.3. Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Estimates from the international acoustic survey on the feeding areas in the Norwegian Sea in May (IESNS). Numbers in millions. Biomass in thousands. Values in the years 2008-2020 are estimated indices by StoX (mean of bootstrap with 1000 iterations). "Fleet 5".

| Year | Age | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | Biomass |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|---------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ | Total | |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 4114 | 22461 | 13244 | 4916 | 2045 | 424 | 14 | 7 | 155 | 0 | 3134 | | | 50514 | 8532 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 1169 | 3599 | 18867 | 13546 | 2473 | 1771 | 178 | 77 | 288 | 190 | 60 | 2697 | | 44915 | 9435 |
| 1998 | 24 | 1404 | 367 | 1099 | 4410 | 16378 | 10160 | 2059 | 804 | 183 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 492 | 37415 | 8004 |
| 1999 | 0 | 215 | 2191 | 322 | 965 | 3067 | 11763 | 6077 | 853 | 258 | 5 | 14 | 0 | 158 | 128 | 26016 | 6299 |
| 2000 | 0 | 157 | 1353 | 2783 | 92 | 384 | 1302 | 7194 | 5344 | 1689 | 271 | 0 | 114 | 0 | 75 | 20758 | 6001 |
| 2001 | 0 | 1540 | 8312 | 1430 | 1463 | 179 | 204 | 3215 | 5433 | 1220 | 94 | 178 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 23274 | 3937 |
| 2002 | 0 | 677 | 6343 | 9619 | 1418 | 779 | 375 | 847 | 1941 | 2500 | 1423 | 61 | 78 | 28 | 0 | 26089 | 4628 |
| 2003 | 32073 | 8115 | 6561 | 9985 | 9961 | 1499 | 732 | 146 | 228 | 1865 | 2359 | 1769 | | 287 | 0 | 75580 | 6653 |
| 2004 | 0 | 13735 | 1543 | 5227 | 12571 | 10710 | 1075 | 580 | 76 | 313 | 362 | 1294 | 1120 | 10 | 88 | 48704 | 7687 |
| 2005 | 0 | 1293 | 19679 | 1353 | 1765 | 6205 | 5371 | 651 | 388 | 139 | 262 | 526 | 1003 | 364 | 115 | 39114 | 5109 |
| 2006 | 0 | 19 | 306 | 14560 | 1396 | 2011 | 6521 | 6978 | 679 | 713 | 173 | 407 | 921 | 618 | 243 | 35545 | 9100 |
| 2007 | 0 | 411 | 2889 | 5877 | 20292 | 1260 | 1992 | 6780 | 5582 | 647 | 488 | 372 | 403 | 1048 | 1010 | 49051 | 12161 |
| 2008 | 0 | 1213 | 655 | 10997 | 8406 | 14798 | 1543 | 2232 | 4890 | 2790 | 511 | 148 | 172 | 244 | 529 | 49187 | 10655 |
| 2009 | 0 | 137 | 1817 | 2280 | 12118 | 8599 | 9735 | 2054 | 1433 | 2608 | 1375 | 237 | 198 | 112 | 248 | 43057 | 9692 |
| 2010 | 231 | 119 | 572 | 2296 | 1828 | 8395 | 5918 | 5676 | 923 | 888 | 1002 | 550 | 89 | 42 | 62 | 28772 | 6649 |
| 2011 | 0 | 1110 | 921 | 1663 | 3592 | 2605 | 9303 | 4390 | 4257 | 771 | 956 | 732 | 269 | 29 | 33 | 30731 | 7336 |

| Year | Age | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | |
|------|-----|-----|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-------|---------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15+ | Total | Biomass |
| 2012 | 0 | 396 | 2942 | 410 | 668 | 1736 | 2633 | 4328 | 1884 | 2148 | 297 | 604 | 303 | 139 | 41 | 18540 | 4476 |
| 2013 | 0 | 201 | 718 | 3555 | 425 | 1161 | 1859 | 2905 | 4449 | 2772 | 1865 | 678 | 790 | 222 | 102 | 21722 | 5653 |
| 2014 | 13 | 515 | 1258 | 784 | 2788 | 715 | 1118 | 2634 | 2268 | 2806 | 1118 | 703 | 337 | 72 | 212 | 17350 | 4504 |
| 2015 | 0 | 391 | 432 | 1316 | 1132 | 3535 | 1309 | 1191 | 3156 | 2526 | 4457 | 687 | 816 | 290 | 211 | 21450 | 5851 |
| 2016 | 0 | 75 | 3550 | 1538 | 2229 | 1749 | 2631 | 938 | 1092 | 1806 | 1882 | 2853 | 934 | 436 | 130 | 21851 | 5408 |
| 2017 | 10 | 131 | 948 | 4295 | 1198 | 1543 | 826 | 1414 | 317 | 738 | 1008 | 1741 | 2230 | 507 | 237 | 17159 | 4152 |
| 2018 | 0 | 496 | 1004 | 1968 | 5664 | 970 | 1409 | 569 | 1279 | 354 | 675 | 1564 | 1464 | 1498 | 500 | 19412 | 4987 |
| 2019 | 4 | 157 | 2625 | 680 | 2187 | 4656 | 1158 | 1223 | 952 | 1232 | 823 | 655 | 1406 | 917 | 803 | 19487 | 4805 |
| 2020 | 0 | 43 | 472 | 13065 | 513 | 1009 | 2492 | 786 | 629 | 434 | 694 | 324 | 505 | 726 | 902 | 22616 | 4210 |

Table 4.4.8.1 Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Relative standard error of estimated catch-at-age used by XSAM.

| Year/Age | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1988 | 0.362 | 0.197 | 0.263 | 0.100 | 0.358 | 0.482 | 0.414 | 0.312 | 0.365 | 0.524 | 0.375 |
| 1989 | 0.263 | 0.520 | 0.484 | 0.421 | 0.118 | 0.491 | 0.779 | 0.820 | 0.499 | 0.657 | 0.675 |
| 1990 | 0.306 | 0.289 | 0.534 | 0.333 | 0.343 | 0.132 | 0.670 | 0.636 | 0.580 | 0.550 | 0.594 |
| 1991 | 0.497 | 0.371 | 0.526 | 0.652 | 0.311 | 0.365 | 0.133 | 0.544 | 0.926 | 1.566 | 0.627 |
| 1992 | 0.662 | 0.327 | 0.241 | 0.438 | 0.687 | 0.332 | 0.419 | 0.132 | 0.545 | 0.836 | 0.641 |
| 1993 | 0.389 | 0.253 | 0.167 | 0.178 | 0.368 | 0.483 | 0.250 | 0.289 | 0.109 | NA | NA |
| 1994 | 0.376 | 0.243 | 0.165 | 0.113 | 0.145 | 0.306 | 0.375 | 0.232 | 0.236 | 0.095 | 0.425 |
| 1995 | 0.699 | 0.203 | 0.115 | 0.096 | 0.095 | 0.131 | 0.306 | 0.304 | 0.191 | 0.180 | 0.085 |
| 1996 | 0.248 | 0.238 | 0.092 | 0.072 | 0.084 | 0.110 | 0.168 | 0.420 | 0.387 | 0.194 | 0.087 |
| 1997 | 0.275 | 0.157 | 0.124 | 0.069 | 0.066 | 0.090 | 0.117 | 0.199 | 0.283 | 0.243 | 0.104 |
| 1998 | 0.181 | 0.190 | 0.129 | 0.113 | 0.069 | 0.077 | 0.112 | 0.157 | 0.223 | 0.262 | 0.131 |
| 1999 | 0.437 | 0.154 | 0.235 | 0.155 | 0.108 | 0.071 | 0.079 | 0.122 | 0.167 | 0.313 | 0.137 |
| 2000 | 0.313 | 0.180 | 0.099 | 0.237 | 0.165 | 0.110 | 0.076 | 0.081 | 0.133 | 0.189 | 0.155 |
| 2001 | 0.577 | 0.169 | 0.147 | 0.108 | 0.230 | 0.172 | 0.121 | 0.087 | 0.102 | 0.187 | 0.208 |
| 2002 | 0.198 | 0.137 | 0.095 | 0.127 | 0.117 | 0.249 | 0.174 | 0.125 | 0.094 | 0.116 | 0.181 |
| 2003 | 0.451 | 0.186 | 0.118 | 0.091 | 0.143 | 0.145 | 0.271 | 0.187 | 0.133 | 0.099 | 0.124 |
| 2004 | 0.221 | 0.266 | 0.175 | 0.108 | 0.092 | 0.165 | 0.154 | 0.258 | 0.209 | 0.144 | 0.094 |
| 2005 | 0.281 | 0.106 | 0.173 | 0.144 | 0.095 | 0.084 | 0.16 | 0.159 | 0.231 | 0.195 | 0.096 |
| 2006 | 0.218 | 0.186 | 0.091 | 0.181 | 0.144 | 0.091 | 0.089 | 0.177 | 0.185 | 0.248 | 0.112 |
| 2007 | 0.371 | 0.132 | 0.113 | 0.068 | 0.149 | 0.129 | 0.091 | 0.102 | 0.216 | 0.262 | 0.146 |
| 2008 | 0.159 | 0.234 | 0.100 | 0.094 | 0.063 | 0.137 | 0.127 | 0.098 | 0.113 | 0.250 | 0.150 |
| 2009 | 0.164 | 0.139 | 0.150 | 0.078 | 0.085 | 0.067 | 0.152 | 0.126 | 0.108 | 0.130 | 0.155 |
| 2010 | 0.198 | 0.169 | 0.135 | 0.139 | 0.081 | 0.092 | 0.074 | 0.143 | 0.141 | 0.116 | 0.127 |
| 2011 | 0.128 | 0.198 | 0.168 | 0.130 | 0.135 | 0.090 | 0.100 | 0.095 | 0.176 | 0.162 | 0.137 |
| 2012 | 0.323 | 0.134 | 0.212 | 0.161 | 0.123 | 0.126 | 0.090 | 0.119 | 0.114 | 0.208 | 0.159 |
| 2013 | 0.280 | 0.200 | 0.124 | 0.189 | 0.164 | 0.123 | 0.129 | 0.097 | 0.144 | 0.151 | 0.215 |
| 2014 | 0.647 | 0.253 | 0.202 | 0.126 | 0.211 | 0.189 | 0.138 | 0.151 | 0.112 | 0.181 | 0.183 |
| 2015 | 0.501 | 0.302 | 0.205 | 0.209 | 0.149 | 0.239 | 0.194 | 0.148 | 0.168 | 0.137 | 0.18 |

| Year/Age | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 2010 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2011 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2012 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2013 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2014 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 2015 | 0.297 | 0.206 | 0.276 | 0.199 | 0.319 | 0.280 | 0.207 | 0.273 | 0.167 | 0.215 |
| 2016 | 0.371 | 0.356 | 0.290 | 0.323 | 0.219 | 0.355 | 0.300 | 0.204 | 0.284 | 0.180 |
| 2017 | 0.422 | 0.254 | 0.285 | 0.266 | 0.312 | 0.243 | 0.378 | 0.367 | 0.221 | 0.194 |
| 2018 | 0.396 | 0.229 | 0.206 | 0.307 | 0.268 | 0.286 | 0.253 | 0.310 | 0.322 | 0.197 |
| 2019 | 0.322 | 0.335 | 0.262 | 0.192 | 0.275 | 0.266 | 0.283 | 0.255 | 0.277 | 0.184 |
| 2020 | 0.517 | 0.196 | 0.293 | 0.248 | 0.198 | 0.298 | 0.289 | 0.324 | 0.284 | 0.224 |

Table 4.4.8.3 Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Relative standard error of Fleet 4 used by XSAM.

| Year/Age | 2 |
|----------|-------|
| 1991 | 0.430 |
| 1992 | 0.370 |
| 1993 | 0.337 |
| 1994 | 0.298 |
| 1995 | 0.405 |
| 1996 | 0.681 |
| 1997 | 0.899 |
| 1998 | 0.437 |
| 1999 | 0.434 |
| 2000 | 0.334 |
| 2001 | 0.406 |
| 2002 | 0.449 |
| 2003 | NA |
| 2004 | NA |
| 2005 | 0.440 |
| 2006 | 0.322 |

| Year/Age | 2 |
|----------|-------|
| 2007 | 0.453 |
| 2008 | 0.639 |
| 2009 | 0.662 |
| 2010 | 0.526 |
| 2011 | 0.449 |
| 2012 | 0.939 |
| 2013 | 0.490 |
| 2014 | 0.465 |
| 2015 | 0.380 |
| 2016 | 0.425 |
| 2017 | 0.466 |
| 2018 | 0.358 |
| 2019 | 0.484 |
| 2020 | NA |

Table 4.4.8.4 Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Relative standard error of Fleet 5 used by XSAM.

| Year/Age | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1996 | 0.201 | 0.135 | 0.152 | 0.193 | 0.237 | 0.345 | 0.773 | 0.911 | 0.437 | 0.215 |
| 1997 | 0.271 | 0.208 | 0.140 | 0.152 | 0.227 | 0.246 | 0.423 | 0.516 | 0.378 | 0.218 |
| 1998 | 0.357 | 0.275 | 0.198 | 0.145 | 0.162 | 0.237 | 0.296 | 0.421 | NA | 0.327 |
| 1999 | 0.234 | 0.368 | 0.284 | 0.216 | 0.157 | 0.183 | 0.292 | 0.388 | 0.987 | 0.374 |
| 2000 | 0.262 | 0.221 | 0.495 | 0.353 | 0.264 | 0.176 | 0.189 | 0.248 | 0.383 | 0.417 |
| 2001 | 0.170 | 0.258 | 0.257 | 0.423 | 0.410 | 0.213 | 0.188 | 0.268 | 0.492 | 0.420 |
| 2002 | 0.182 | 0.164 | 0.259 | 0.298 | 0.355 | 0.292 | 0.240 | 0.226 | 0.259 | 0.430 |
| 2003 | 0.180 | 0.163 | 0.163 | 0.255 | 0.303 | 0.444 | 0.399 | 0.243 | 0.229 | 0.237 |
| 2004 | 0.254 | 0.190 | 0.154 | 0.160 | 0.276 | 0.320 | 0.518 | 0.370 | 0.358 | 0.226 |
| 2005 | 0.139 | 0.262 | 0.246 | 0.182 | 0.189 | 0.311 | 0.352 | 0.449 | 0.386 | 0.238 |
| 2006 | 0.372 | 0.149 | 0.260 | 0.238 | 0.180 | 0.177 | 0.308 | 0.305 | 0.426 | 0.234 |
| 2007 | 0.219 | 0.185 | 0.138 | 0.266 | 0.239 | 0.179 | 0.187 | 0.312 | 0.333 | 0.220 |
| 2008 | 0.311 | 0.159 | 0.170 | 0.148 | 0.254 | 0.232 | 0.193 | 0.221 | 0.330 | 0.275 |

| Year/Age | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 2009 | 0.244 | 0.231 | 0.156 | 0.169 | 0.164 | 0.237 | 0.258 | 0.224 | 0.261 | 0.297 |
| 2010 | 0.321 | 0.231 | 0.244 | 0.170 | 0.185 | 0.186 | 0.287 | 0.289 | 0.281 | 0.302 |
| 2011 | 0.287 | 0.249 | 0.208 | 0.224 | 0.166 | 0.198 | 0.200 | 0.299 | 0.284 | 0.277 |
| 2012 | 0.218 | 0.347 | 0.309 | 0.247 | 0.224 | 0.199 | 0.242 | 0.235 | 0.375 | 0.276 |
| 2013 | 0.304 | 0.208 | 0.344 | 0.271 | 0.243 | 0.218 | 0.197 | 0.221 | 0.243 | 0.245 |
| 2014 | 0.266 | 0.298 | 0.221 | 0.304 | 0.274 | 0.224 | 0.232 | 0.220 | 0.274 | 0.263 |
| 2015 | 0.343 | 0.263 | 0.273 | 0.208 | 0.264 | 0.270 | 0.214 | 0.226 | 0.197 | 0.239 |
| 2016 | 0.208 | 0.254 | 0.233 | 0.246 | 0.224 | 0.286 | 0.275 | 0.244 | 0.242 | 0.198 |
| 2017 | 0.285 | 0.199 | 0.269 | 0.254 | 0.294 | 0.259 | 0.369 | 0.302 | 0.281 | 0.195 |
| 2018 | 0.281 | 0.240 | 0.186 | 0.283 | 0.259 | 0.321 | 0.265 | 0.360 | 0.309 | 0.192 |
| 2019 | 0.224 | 0.308 | 0.234 | 0.195 | 0.272 | 0.268 | 0.285 | 0.268 | 0.294 | 0.205 |
| 2020 | 0.336 | 0.153 | 0.329 | 0.281 | 0.226 | 0.298 | 0.314 | 0.343 | 0.307 | 0.227 |

Table 4.5.1.1. Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Parameter estimates of the final XSAM model fit. The estimates from the final 2019 assessment are also shown.

| Parameter | Estimate | Std. Error | CV | Estimate 2019 | Std. Error 2019 |
|---------------------|----------|------------|-------|---------------|-----------------|
| $\log(N_{3,1988})$ | 7.079 | 0.168 | 0.024 | 7.075 | 0.17 |
| $\log(N_{4,1988})$ | 6.611 | 0.208 | 0.031 | 6.604 | 0.209 |
| $\log(N_{5,1988})$ | 9.583 | 0.070 | 0.007 | 9.584 | 0.076 |
| $\log(N_{6,1988})$ | 4.813 | 0.378 | 0.079 | 4.812 | 0.369 |
| $\log(N_{7,1988})$ | 3.498 | 0.524 | 0.150 | 3.487 | 0.506 |
| $\log(N_{8,1988})$ | 3.068 | 0.583 | 0.190 | 3.115 | 0.554 |
| $\log(N_{9,1988})$ | 4.062 | 0.453 | 0.112 | 4.08 | 0.445 |
| $\log(N_{10,1988})$ | 3.269 | 0.659 | 0.202 | 3.275 | 0.645 |
| $\log(N_{11,1988})$ | 3.161 | 0.690 | 0.218 | 3.054 | 0.693 |
| $\log(N_{12,1988})$ | 3.557 | 0.746 | 0.210 | 3.502 | 0.728 |
| $\log(q_3^{F1})$ | -9.633 | 0.182 | 0.019 | -9.594 | 0.188 |
| $\log(q_4^{F1})$ | -8.073 | 0.130 | 0.016 | -8.102 | 0.138 |
| $\log(q_5^{F1})$ | -7.547 | 0.120 | 0.016 | -7.555 | 0.125 |
| $\log(q_6^{F1})$ | -7.299 | 0.119 | 0.016 | -7.31 | 0.124 |

| Parameter | Estimate | Std. Error | CV | Estimate 2019 | Std. Error 2019 |
|---------------------|----------|------------|-------|---------------|-----------------|
| $\log(q_7^{F1})$ | -7.134 | 0.130 | 0.018 | -7.165 | 0.138 |
| $\log(q_8^{F1})$ | -6.925 | 0.094 | 0.014 | -6.925 | 0.099 |
| $\log(q_2^{F4})$ | -14.304 | 0.179 | 0.012 | -14.304 | 0.177 |
| $\log(q_3^{F5})$ | -7.637 | 0.108 | 0.014 | -7.609 | 0.111 |
| $\log(q_4^{F5})$ | -7.105 | 0.097 | 0.014 | -7.157 | 0.1 |
| $\log(q_5^{F5})$ | -6.922 | 0.096 | 0.014 | -6.911 | 0.098 |
| $\log(q_6^{F5})$ | -6.795 | 0.098 | 0.014 | -6.779 | 0.101 |
| $\log(q_7^{F5})$ | -6.720 | 0.104 | 0.016 | -6.707 | 0.108 |
| $\log(q_8^{F5})$ | -6.536 | 0.111 | 0.017 | -6.533 | 0.114 |
| $\log(q_9^{F5})$ | -6.527 | 0.123 | 0.019 | -6.517 | 0.127 |
| $\log(q_{10}^{F5})$ | -6.469 | 0.138 | 0.021 | -6.477 | 0.143 |
| $\log(q_{11}^{F5})$ | -6.424 | 0.135 | 0.021 | -6.442 | 0.143 |
| $\log(\sigma_1^2)$ | -5.000 | 1.420 | 0.284 | -5 | 1.472 |
| $\log(\sigma_2^2)$ | -2.730 | 0.255 | 0.094 | -2.718 | 0.271 |
| $\log(\sigma_4^2)$ | -2.204 | 0.308 | 0.140 | -2.167 | 0.31 |
| $\log(\sigma_R^2)$ | -0.082 | 0.261 | 3.186 | -0.146 | 0.261 |
| $\log(h)$ | 1.575 | 0.066 | 0.042 | 1.587 | 0.068 |
| μ_R | 9.329 | 0.176 | 0.019 | 9.344 | 0.173 |
| α_Y | -0.519 | 0.307 | 0.591 | -0.537 | 0.311 |
| β_Y | 0.808 | 0.111 | 0.137 | 0.806 | 0.112 |
| α_{2U} | -1.238 | 0.169 | 0.137 | -1.241 | 0.172 |
| α_{3U} | -0.625 | 0.098 | 0.157 | -0.621 | 0.1 |
| α_{4U} | -0.219 | 0.062 | 0.284 | -0.215 | 0.064 |
| α_{5U} | 0.045 | 0.053 | 1.165 | 0.046 | 0.054 |
| α_{6U} | 0.200 | 0.057 | 0.284 | 0.201 | 0.059 |
| α_{7U} | 0.264 | 0.061 | 0.233 | 0.265 | 0.063 |
| α_{8U} | 0.326 | 0.068 | 0.208 | 0.324 | 0.07 |
| α_{9U} | 0.365 | 0.074 | 0.202 | 0.364 | 0.076 |

| Parameter | Estimate | Std. Error | CV | Estimate 2019 | Std. Error 2019 |
|----------------|----------|------------|-------|---------------|-----------------|
| α_{10U} | 0.415 | 0.080 | 0.193 | 0.431 | 0.082 |
| β_U | 0.604 | 0.054 | 0.089 | 0.602 | 0.054 |

Table 4.5.1.2 Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Point estimates of Stock in numbers (millions).

| Year/Age | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1988 | 660 | 1187 | 743 | 14520 | 123 | 33 | 22 | 58 | 26 | 24 | 35 |
| 1989 | 1171 | 255 | 957 | 621 | 12006 | 101 | 27 | 16 | 40 | 16 | 42 |
| 1990 | 4307 | 471 | 215 | 810 | 521 | 10003 | 84 | 22 | 12 | 29 | 46 |
| 1991 | 11401 | 1745 | 400 | 182 | 681 | 435 | 8356 | 69 | 17 | 10 | 60 |
| 1992 | 18620 | 4630 | 1494 | 341 | 154 | 572 | 365 | 6964 | 57 | 14 | 57 |
| 1993 | 49953 | 7564 | 3970 | 1269 | 286 | 129 | 477 | 303 | 5758 | 46 | 58 |
| 1994 | 59830 | 20288 | 6480 | 3348 | 1035 | 231 | 105 | 386 | 244 | 4561 | 81 |
| 1995 | 15722 | 24290 | 17375 | 5457 | 2623 | 775 | 177 | 81 | 298 | 183 | 3430 |
| 1996 | 5704 | 6375 | 20751 | 14548 | 4164 | 1751 | 506 | 128 | 59 | 205 | 2235 |
| 1997 | 2156 | 2308 | 5411 | 17165 | 11130 | 2799 | 1123 | 331 | 89 | 40 | 1353 |
| 1998 | 10836 | 870 | 1914 | 4357 | 13077 | 7744 | 1744 | 658 | 205 | 54 | 753 |
| 1999 | 6446 | 4375 | 716 | 1478 | 3359 | 9566 | 5415 | 1115 | 408 | 121 | 456 |
| 2000 | 32789 | 2610 | 3645 | 559 | 1128 | 2493 | 6782 | 3628 | 696 | 241 | 297 |
| 2001 | 28974 | 13285 | 2184 | 2720 | 418 | 828 | 1779 | 4630 | 2236 | 406 | 264 |
| 2002 | 11399 | 11747 | 11267 | 1740 | 1994 | 312 | 613 | 1279 | 3211 | 1476 | 443 |
| 2003 | 6675 | 4615 | 9925 | 9097 | 1282 | 1396 | 226 | 429 | 868 | 2134 | 1277 |
| 2004 | 57781 | 2706 | 3909 | 8204 | 7143 | 944 | 1019 | 164 | 302 | 584 | 2230 |
| 2005 | 24348 | 23447 | 2300 | 3258 | 6632 | 5500 | 702 | 738 | 119 | 212 | 1744 |
| 2006 | 42944 | 9875 | 19826 | 1895 | 2604 | 5076 | 3892 | 478 | 499 | 78 | 1122 |
| 2007 | 12059 | 17417 | 8397 | 16406 | 1524 | 2036 | 3721 | 2666 | 330 | 345 | 700 |
| 2008 | 17566 | 4884 | 14774 | 6915 | 12587 | 1154 | 1490 | 2532 | 1766 | 222 | 709 |
| 2009 | 7036 | 7086 | 4132 | 12175 | 5348 | 8774 | 814 | 1024 | 1618 | 1113 | 618 |
| 2010 | 5004 | 2822 | 5931 | 3391 | 9410 | 3804 | 5700 | 545 | 636 | 964 | 1063 |
| 2011 | 15176 | 2008 | 2352 | 4873 | 2701 | 7093 | 2649 | 3548 | 341 | 391 | 1095 |
| 2012 | 5323 | 6090 | 1677 | 1929 | 3926 | 2108 | 5343 | 1797 | 2365 | 221 | 938 |

| Year/Age | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
|----------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 2013 | 8062 | 2152 | 5097 | 1383 | 1552 | 3108 | 1611 | 3922 | 1266 | 1652 | 812 |
| 2014 | 5299 | 3266 | 1813 | 4177 | 1114 | 1229 | 2419 | 1203 | 2867 | 913 | 1922 |
| 2015 | 18059 | 2150 | 2778 | 1512 | 3390 | 902 | 984 | 1902 | 921 | 2159 | 2264 |
| 2016 | 7769 | 7332 | 1835 | 2338 | 1249 | 2764 | 734 | 788 | 1503 | 713 | 3528 |
| 2017 | 4537 | 3154 | 6255 | 1539 | 1915 | 1000 | 2203 | 579 | 613 | 1143 | 3286 |
| 2018 | 27096 | 1839 | 2667 | 5131 | 1218 | 1428 | 733 | 1594 | 418 | 421 | 3153 |
| 2019 | 3305 | 10991 | 1561 | 2219 | 4145 | 926 | 1072 | 540 | 1179 | 302 | 2502 |
| 2020 | 11255 | 1340 | 9310 | 1285 | 1747 | 3067 | 670 | 744 | 373 | 827 | 1761 |

Table 4.5.1.3 Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Point estimates of Fishing mortality.

| Year/Age | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1988 | 0.050 | 0.065 | 0.029 | 0.040 | 0.045 | 0.046 | 0.150 | 0.231 | 0.351 | 0.178 | 0.178 |
| 1989 | 0.011 | 0.021 | 0.017 | 0.027 | 0.033 | 0.036 | 0.078 | 0.110 | 0.153 | 0.092 | 0.092 |
| 1990 | 0.004 | 0.012 | 0.015 | 0.024 | 0.031 | 0.030 | 0.053 | 0.073 | 0.099 | 0.071 | 0.071 |
| 1991 | 0.001 | 0.005 | 0.011 | 0.019 | 0.025 | 0.025 | 0.032 | 0.044 | 0.057 | 0.048 | 0.048 |
| 1992 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.013 | 0.024 | 0.030 | 0.030 | 0.035 | 0.040 | 0.055 | 0.056 | 0.056 |
| 1993 | 0.001 | 0.005 | 0.020 | 0.054 | 0.063 | 0.059 | 0.064 | 0.069 | 0.083 | 0.104 | 0.104 |
| 1994 | 0.001 | 0.005 | 0.022 | 0.094 | 0.140 | 0.115 | 0.100 | 0.108 | 0.135 | 0.152 | 0.152 |
| 1995 | 0.003 | 0.007 | 0.028 | 0.120 | 0.254 | 0.275 | 0.177 | 0.171 | 0.222 | 0.330 | 0.330 |
| 1996 | 0.005 | 0.014 | 0.040 | 0.118 | 0.247 | 0.294 | 0.274 | 0.212 | 0.243 | 0.440 | 0.440 |
| 1997 | 0.008 | 0.037 | 0.067 | 0.122 | 0.213 | 0.323 | 0.384 | 0.328 | 0.352 | 0.465 | 0.465 |
| 1998 | 0.007 | 0.044 | 0.108 | 0.110 | 0.163 | 0.208 | 0.297 | 0.329 | 0.381 | 0.422 | 0.422 |
| 1999 | 0.004 | 0.032 | 0.099 | 0.120 | 0.148 | 0.194 | 0.250 | 0.321 | 0.374 | 0.512 | 0.512 |
| 2000 | 0.003 | 0.028 | 0.143 | 0.140 | 0.160 | 0.187 | 0.232 | 0.334 | 0.390 | 0.562 | 0.562 |
| 2001 | 0.003 | 0.015 | 0.078 | 0.161 | 0.142 | 0.150 | 0.180 | 0.216 | 0.266 | 0.264 | 0.264 |
| 2002 | 0.004 | 0.019 | 0.064 | 0.155 | 0.206 | 0.173 | 0.206 | 0.238 | 0.259 | 0.257 | 0.257 |
| 2003 | 0.003 | 0.016 | 0.040 | 0.092 | 0.156 | 0.164 | 0.171 | 0.204 | 0.247 | 0.275 | 0.275 |
| 2004 | 0.002 | 0.013 | 0.032 | 0.063 | 0.111 | 0.145 | 0.173 | 0.174 | 0.204 | 0.328 | 0.328 |
| 2005 | 0.002 | 0.018 | 0.044 | 0.074 | 0.118 | 0.196 | 0.235 | 0.241 | 0.265 | 0.405 | 0.405 |
| 2006 | 0.002 | 0.012 | 0.039 | 0.068 | 0.096 | 0.160 | 0.228 | 0.220 | 0.219 | 0.389 | 0.389 |

| Year/Age | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 2007 | 0.004 | 0.015 | 0.044 | 0.115 | 0.128 | 0.162 | 0.235 | 0.262 | 0.247 | 0.238 | 0.238 |
| 2008 | 0.008 | 0.017 | 0.043 | 0.107 | 0.211 | 0.199 | 0.225 | 0.298 | 0.312 | 0.260 | 0.260 |
| 2009 | 0.014 | 0.028 | 0.048 | 0.108 | 0.191 | 0.281 | 0.253 | 0.326 | 0.368 | 0.338 | 0.338 |
| 2010 | 0.013 | 0.032 | 0.046 | 0.078 | 0.133 | 0.212 | 0.324 | 0.319 | 0.337 | 0.465 | 0.465 |
| 2011 | 0.013 | 0.030 | 0.048 | 0.066 | 0.098 | 0.133 | 0.238 | 0.256 | 0.281 | 0.310 | 0.310 |
| 2012 | 0.006 | 0.028 | 0.043 | 0.068 | 0.084 | 0.119 | 0.159 | 0.201 | 0.209 | 0.206 | 0.206 |
| 2013 | 0.004 | 0.021 | 0.049 | 0.067 | 0.083 | 0.100 | 0.142 | 0.163 | 0.177 | 0.098 | 0.098 |
| 2014 | 0.002 | 0.012 | 0.032 | 0.059 | 0.061 | 0.072 | 0.091 | 0.117 | 0.134 | 0.075 | 0.075 |
| 2015 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.023 | 0.041 | 0.054 | 0.056 | 0.073 | 0.086 | 0.107 | 0.076 | 0.076 |
| 2016 | 0.002 | 0.009 | 0.026 | 0.049 | 0.072 | 0.077 | 0.087 | 0.101 | 0.123 | 0.105 | 0.105 |
| 2017 | 0.003 | 0.017 | 0.048 | 0.084 | 0.143 | 0.161 | 0.173 | 0.175 | 0.225 | 0.190 | 0.190 |
| 2018 | 0.002 | 0.014 | 0.034 | 0.064 | 0.124 | 0.137 | 0.156 | 0.152 | 0.177 | 0.206 | 0.206 |
| 2019 | 0.003 | 0.016 | 0.045 | 0.089 | 0.151 | 0.174 | 0.215 | 0.218 | 0.205 | 0.315 | 0.315 |
| 2020 | 0.003 | 0.016 | 0.045 | 0.089 | 0.144 | 0.166 | 0.200 | 0.211 | 0.215 | 0.307 | 0.307 |

Table 4.5.1.4 Norwegian spring spawning herring. Final stock summary table. High and low represent approximate 95 % confidence limits.

| Year | Recruitment (Age 2) millions | High | Low | Stock Size: SSB thousnd tonnes | High | Low | Catches thousand tonnes | Fishing Pressure: F Ages 5-12 | High | Low |
|------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|------|------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 1988 | 660 | 977 | 342 | 2122 | 2404 | 1840 | 135 | 0.042 | 0.06 | 0.025 |
| 1989 | 1171 | 1654 | 687 | 3281 | 3717 | 2844 | 104 | 0.033 | 0.048 | 0.019 |
| 1990 | 4307 | 5356 | 3259 | 3551 | 4014 | 3088 | 86 | 0.03 | 0.043 | 0.017 |
| 1991 | 11401 | 13374 | 9429 | 3328 | 3760 | 2895 | 85 | 0.031 | 0.045 | 0.017 |
| 1992 | 18620 | 21410 | 15830 | 3354 | 3767 | 2941 | 104 | 0.039 | 0.055 | 0.022 |
| 1993 | 49953 | 55595 | 44310 | 3326 | 3697 | 2954 | 232 | 0.076 | 0.101 | 0.051 |
| 1994 | 59830 | 66137 | 53523 | 3456 | 3826 | 3086 | 479 | 0.128 | 0.161 | 0.095 |
| 1995 | 15722 | 18168 | 13277 | 3524 | 3879 | 3169 | 906 | 0.218 | 0.261 | 0.175 |
| 1996 | 5704 | 6863 | 4546 | 4107 | 4464 | 3750 | 1220 | 0.191 | 0.224 | 0.158 |
| 1997 | 2156 | 2733 | 1578 | 5365 | 5789 | 4941 | 1427 | 0.194 | 0.223 | 0.164 |
| 1998 | 10836 | 12679 | 8993 | 5939 | 6405 | 5473 | 1223 | 0.188 | 0.219 | 0.157 |
| 1999 | 6446 | 7705 | 5187 | 5827 | 6316 | 5339 | 1235 | 0.214 | 0.25 | 0.178 |
| 2000 | 32789 | 36929 | 28648 | 4848 | 5297 | 4400 | 1207 | 0.258 | 0.304 | 0.212 |
| 2001 | 28974 | 32798 | 25151 | 4020 | 4423 | 3617 | 766 | 0.204 | 0.244 | 0.164 |
| 2002 | 11399 | 13364 | 9433 | 3548 | 3923 | 3174 | 808 | 0.225 | 0.269 | 0.181 |
| 2003 | 6675 | 8002 | 5348 | 4180 | 4595 | 3766 | 790 | 0.152 | 0.182 | 0.122 |

| Year | Recruitment (Age 2) | High | Low | Stock Size: SSB | High | Low | Catches | Fishing Pressure: F | High | Low |
|------|---------------------|-------|-------|-----------------|------|------|-----------------|---------------------|-------|-------|
| | millions | | | thousnd tonnes | | | thousand tonnes | Ages 5-12 | | |
| 2004 | 57781 | 64349 | 51213 | 5272 | 5774 | 4769 | 794 | 0.128 | 0.153 | 0.103 |
| 2005 | 24348 | 27911 | 20785 | 5399 | 5929 | 4868 | 1003 | 0.173 | 0.206 | 0.14 |
| 2006 | 42944 | 48551 | 37336 | 5364 | 5886 | 4842 | 969 | 0.177 | 0.212 | 0.141 |
| 2007 | 12059 | 14310 | 9808 | 6904 | 7547 | 6261 | 1267 | 0.156 | 0.185 | 0.126 |
| 2008 | 17566 | 20592 | 14540 | 6988 | 7668 | 6308 | 1546 | 0.201 | 0.238 | 0.165 |
| 2009 | 7036 | 8524 | 5547 | 6956 | 7679 | 6233 | 1687 | 0.207 | 0.243 | 0.171 |
| 2010 | 5004 | 6141 | 3867 | 6160 | 6858 | 5463 | 1457 | 0.215 | 0.256 | 0.175 |
| 2011 | 15176 | 17977 | 12375 | 5815 | 6528 | 5103 | 993 | 0.16 | 0.192 | 0.128 |
| 2012 | 5323 | 6570 | 4076 | 5650 | 6384 | 4916 | 826 | 0.142 | 0.173 | 0.112 |
| 2013 | 8062 | 9894 | 6231 | 5277 | 5994 | 4560 | 685 | 0.122 | 0.15 | 0.094 |
| 2014 | 5299 | 6719 | 3879 | 5086 | 5802 | 4370 | 461 | 0.086 | 0.106 | 0.065 |
| 2015 | 18059 | 22277 | 13841 | 4719 | 5400 | 4038 | 329 | 0.069 | 0.087 | 0.05 |
| 2016 | 7769 | 10236 | 5303 | 4477 | 5119 | 3835 | 383 | 0.087 | 0.11 | 0.065 |
| 2017 | 4537 | 6457 | 2617 | 4450 | 5081 | 3820 | 722 | 0.165 | 0.205 | 0.125 |
| 2018 | 27096 | 37286 | 16906 | 4072 | 4697 | 3447 | 593 | 0.131 | 0.164 | 0.098 |
| 2019 | 3305 | 6131 | 479 | 3916 | 4569 | 3263 | 777 | 0.191 | 0.24 | 0.141 |
| 2020 | 11255 | 32781 | 0 | 3315 | 3948 | 2682 | | | | |

| Year | Recruitment (Age 2) millions | High | Low | Stock Size: SSB thousnd tonnes | High | Low | Catches thousand tonnes | Fishing Pressure: F Ages 5-12 | High | Low |
|---------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|------|------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Average | 16341 | 19711 | 13283 | 4654 | 5186 | 4123 | 791 | 0.145 | 0.175 | 0.114 |

Table 4.8.1.1 Norwegian Spring-spawning herring. Input to short-term prediction. Stock size is in millions and weight in kg.

| Input for | 2020 | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------|-----------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| | Stockno | Natural | Maturity | Proportion of M | Proportion of F | Weight | Exploitatio | Weight |
| age | 1-Jan. | mortality | ogive | before spawning | before spawning | in stock | pattern | in catch |
| 2 | 11255 | 0.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.054 | 0.003 | 0.152 |
| 3 | 1340 | 0.15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.104 | 0.016 | 0.207 |
| 4 | 9310 | 0.15 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 0.150 | 0.043 | 0.239 |
| 5 | 1285 | 0.15 | 0.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.203 | 0.086 | 0.279 |
| 6 | 1747 | 0.15 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.266 | 0.138 | 0.314 |
| 7 | 3067 | 0.15 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.301 | 0.159 | 0.341 |
| 8 | 670 | 0.15 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.328 | 0.192 | 0.359 |
| 9 | 744 | 0.15 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.343 | 0.203 | 0.379 |
| 10 | 374 | 0.15 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.358 | 0.206 | 0.393 |
| 11 | 827 | 0.15 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.366 | 0.294 | 0.399 |
| 12 | 1761 | 0.15 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.379 | 0.294 | 0.409 |

| Input for | 2021 and 2022 | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|--------------|----------|
| | Stockno | Natural | Maturity | Proportion of M | Proportion of F | Weight | Exploitation | Weight |
| age | 1-Jan. | mortality | ogive (2021/2022) | before spawning | before spawning | in stock | pattern | in catch |
| 2 | 11255 | 0.9 | 0/0 | 0 | 0 | 0.054 | 0.012 | 0.152 |
| 3 | | 0.15 | 0/0 | 0 | 0 | 0.108 | 0.057 | 0.207 |
| 4 | | 0.15 | 0.4/0.4 | 0 | 0 | 0.150 | 0.158 | 0.239 |
| 5 | | 0.15 | 0.6/0.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.210 | 0.312 | 0.279 |
| 6 | | 0.15 | 1/0.9 | 0 | 0 | 0.268 | 0.486 | 0.314 |
| 7 | | 0.15 | 1/1 | 0 | 0 | 0.300 | 0.565 | 0.341 |
| 8 | | 0.15 | 1/1 | 0 | 0 | 0.324 | 0.672 | 0.359 |
| 9 | | 0.15 | 1/1 | 0 | 0 | 0.347 | 0.722 | 0.379 |
| 10 | | 0.15 | 1/1 | 0 | 0 | 0.357 | 0.767 | 0.393 |
| 11 | | 0.15 | 1/1 | 0 | 0 | 0.363 | 1 | 0.399 |
| 12 | | 0.15 | 1/1 | 0 | 0 | 0.378 | 1 | 0.409 |

Table 4.8.2.1 Norwegian spring spawning herring. Short-term prediction.

| Basis: | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| SSB (2020): | 3.315 million t |
| Landings(2020): | 693 915 t (sum of national quotas) |
| SSB(2021): | 3.505 million t |
| Fw5-12+(2020) | 0.187 |
| Recruitment(2020-2022): | 11.255, 11.255, 11.255 |

The catch options:

| Rationale | Catches (2021) | Basis | FW (2021) | SSB (2022) | P(SSB2022 <Blim) | % SSB change | %TAC change | %CATCH change |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Management strategy | 651033 | F=0.14 | 0.14 (0.110,0.189)* | 3.683 (2.780,4.984)* | 0.005 | 5 (-21,42)* | 24 | -6 |
| Fmsy | 722694 | F=0.157 | 0.157 (0.122,0.211)* | 3.623 (2.663,4.846)* | 0.006 | 3 (-24,38)* | 38 | 4 |
| Zero Catch | 0 | F=0 | 0 | 4.225(3.330,5.421)* | 0 | 21 (-5,55)* | -100 | -100 |
| Fpa | 1004581 | 0.227 | 0.227 (0.178,0.308)* | 3.390 (2.497,4.718)* | 0.026 | -3 (-29,35)* | 91 | 45 |
| Flim | 1242950 | 0.291 | 0.232 (0.229,0.408)* | 3.195 (2.298,4.356)* | 0.086 | -9 (-34,24)* | 136 | 79 |
| SSB ₂₀₂₂ =B _{lim} | 2099298 | F=0.568 | 0.568 (0.438,0.912)* | 2.500 (1.613,3.682)* | 0.532 | -29 (-54,-5)* | 299 | 203 |
| SSB ₂₀₂₂ =B _{pa} | 1256299 | F=0.295 | 0.295 (0.227,0.416)* | 3.184 (2.274,4.463)* | 0.074 | -9 (-35,27) | 139 | 81 |
| Status quo | 846569 | F=0.187 | 0.187 (0.143,0.258)* | 3.521 (2.585,4.796)* | 0.017 | 0 (-26,37)* | 64.1 | 22 |

*95% confidence interval

4.18 Figures

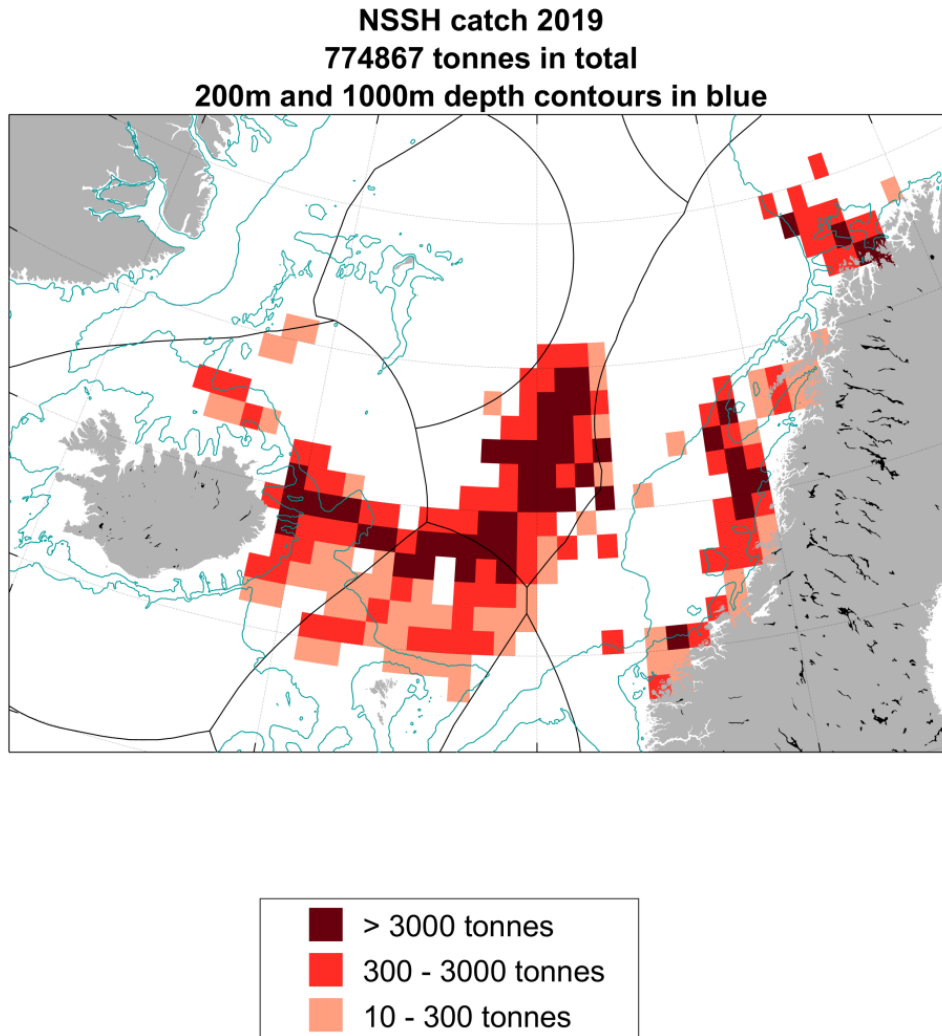


Figure 4.2.1.1. Total reported landings (ICES estimates) of Norwegian spring-spawning herring in 2019 by ICES rectangle. Landings below 10 tonnes per statistical rectangle are not included. The landings with information on statistical rectangle constitute 99.7% of the reported landings.

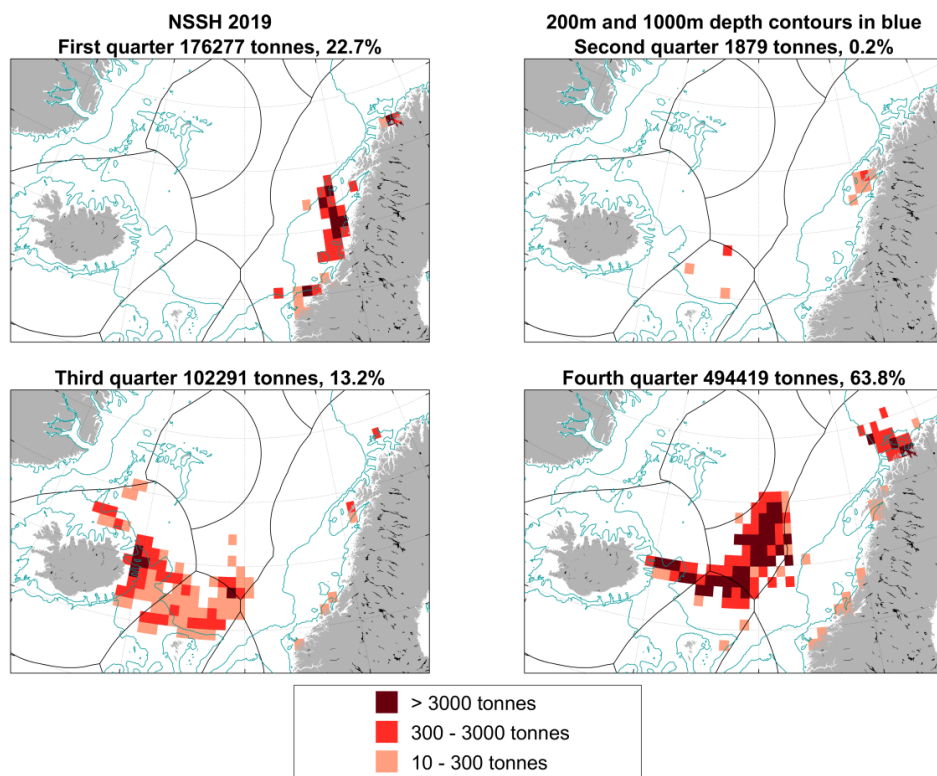


Figure 4.2.1.2. Total reported landings (ICES estimates) of Norwegian spring-spawning herring in 2019 by quarter and ICES rectangle. Landings below 10 tonnes per statistical rectangle are not included. The landings with information on statistical rectangle constitute 99.7% of the reported landings

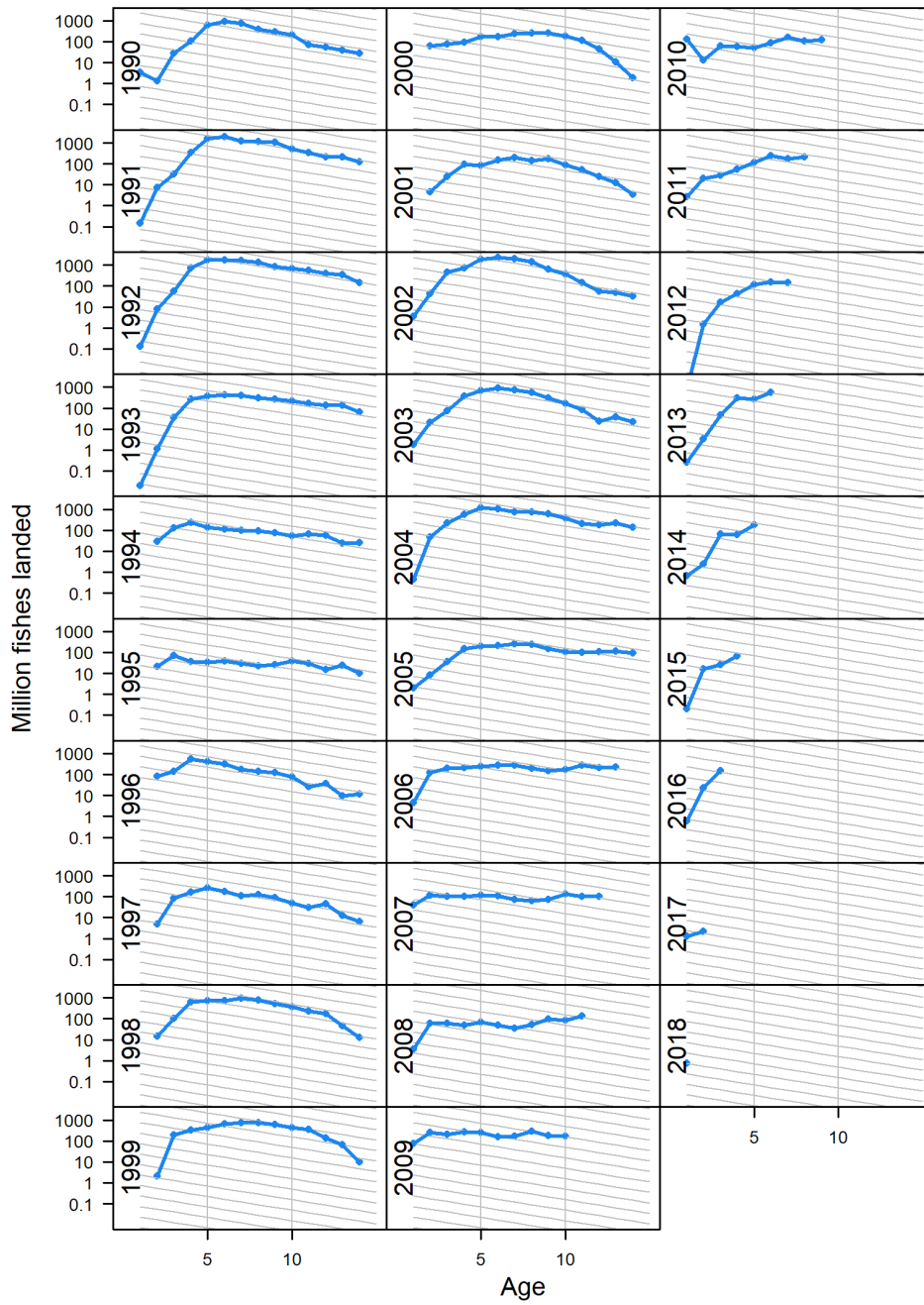


Figure 4.4.3.1. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Age disaggregated landings in numbers plotted on a log scale. Age is on x-axis. The labels indicate year classes and grey lines correspond to $Z = 0.3$.

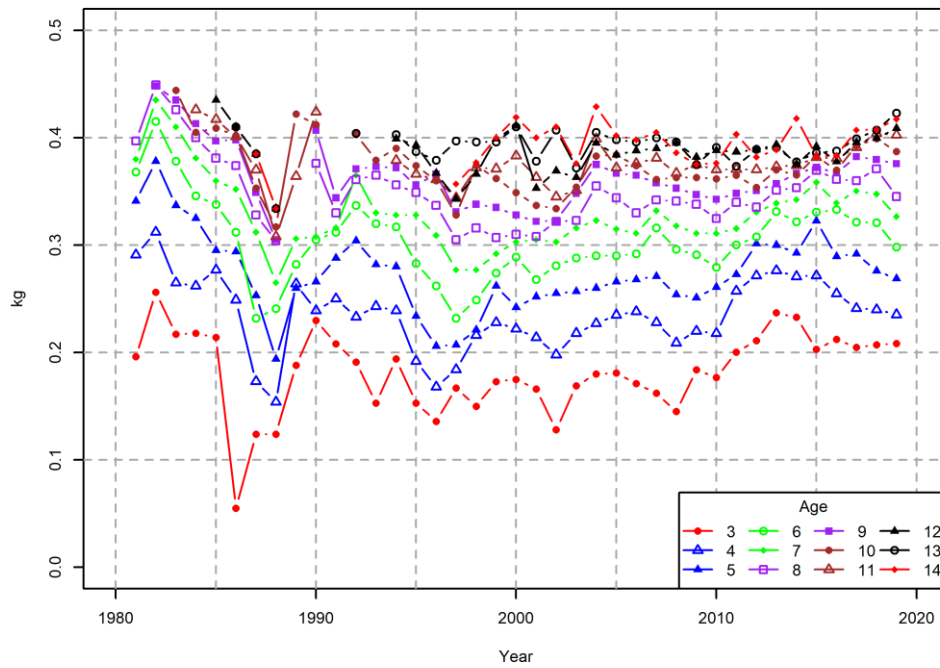


Figure 4.4.4.1. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Mean weight at age by age groups 3–14 in the years 1981–2019 in the landings.

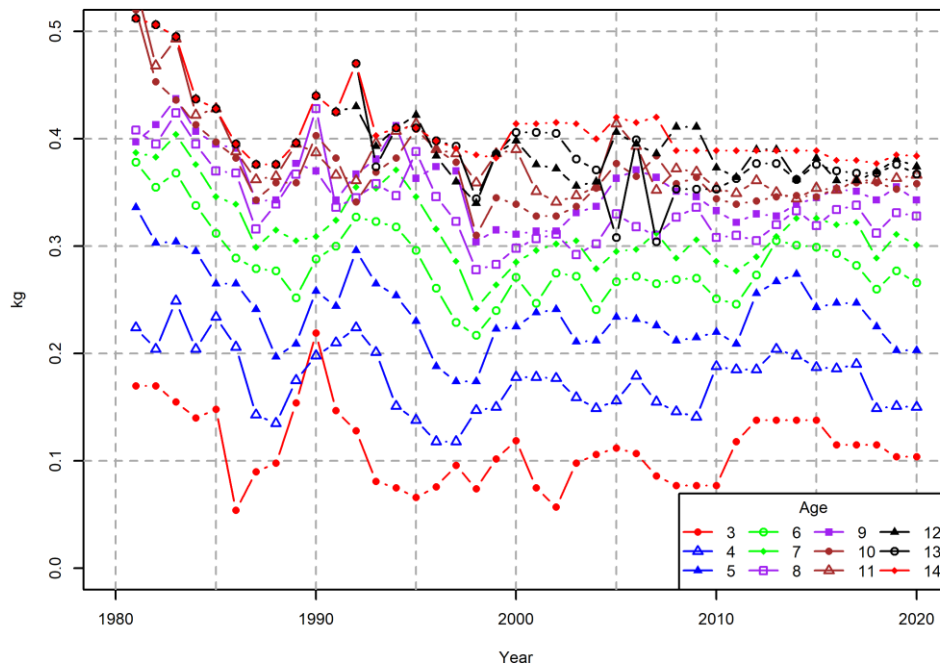


Figure 4.4.4.2. Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Mean weight at age in the stock by age groups 3–14 for the years 1981–2020.

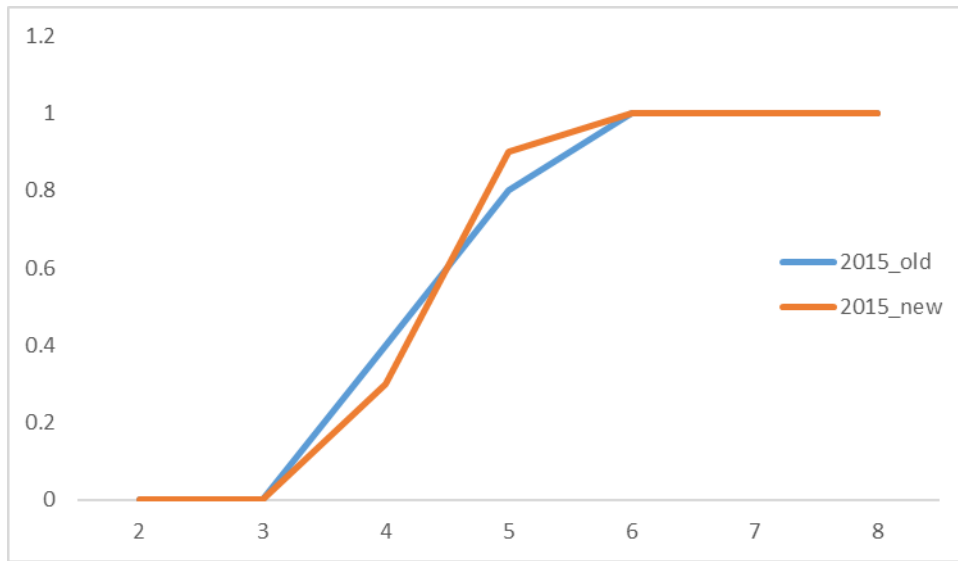


Figure 4.4.5.1. Assumed (blue line) and updated (orange line) maturity-at-age for the year 2015.

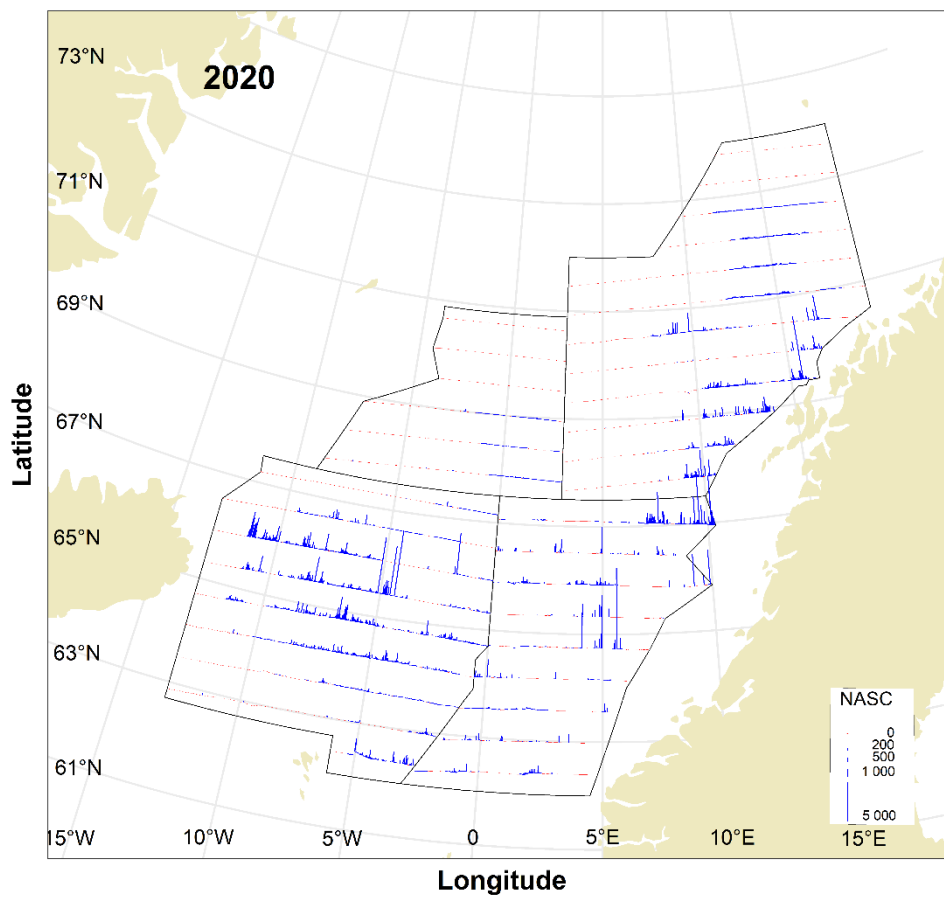


Figure 4.4.7.1. Distribution of Norwegian spring-spawning herring as measured during the IESNS survey in April-June 2020 in terms of NASC values (m^2/nm^2) for every 1 nautical mile.

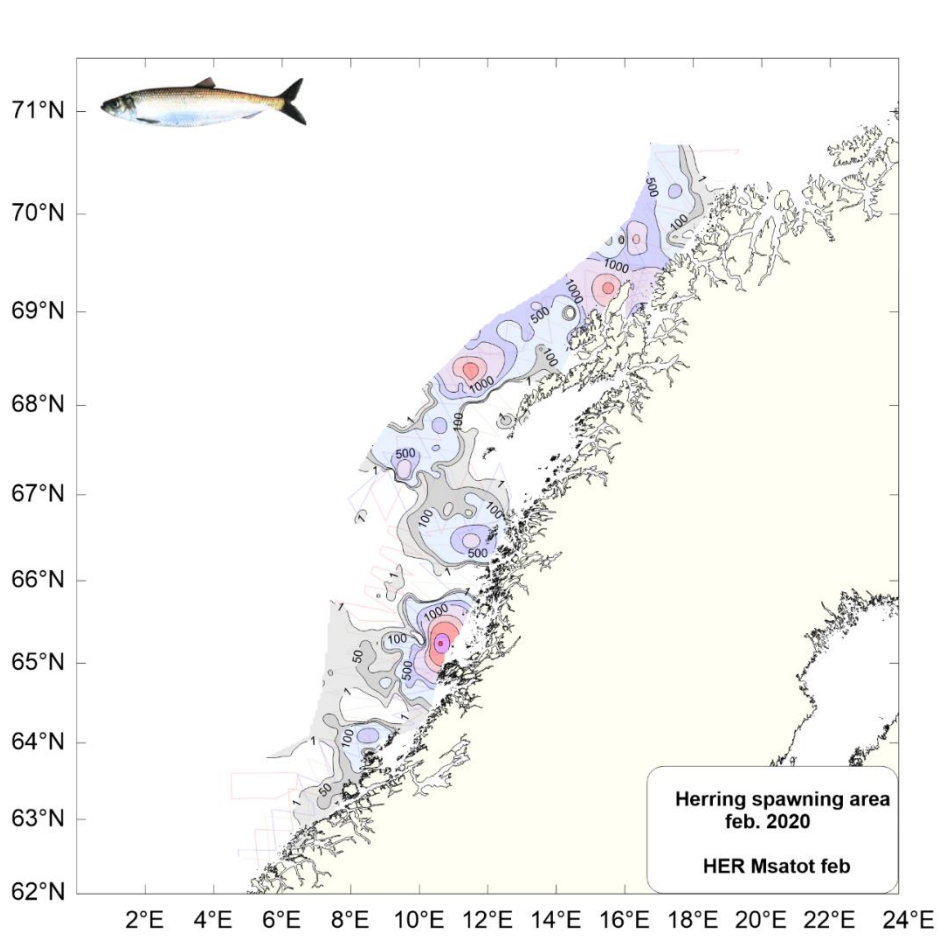


Figure 4.4.7.2. Norwegian acoustic survey on the NSSH spawning grounds. Distribution and acoustic density of herring recorded in 2020.

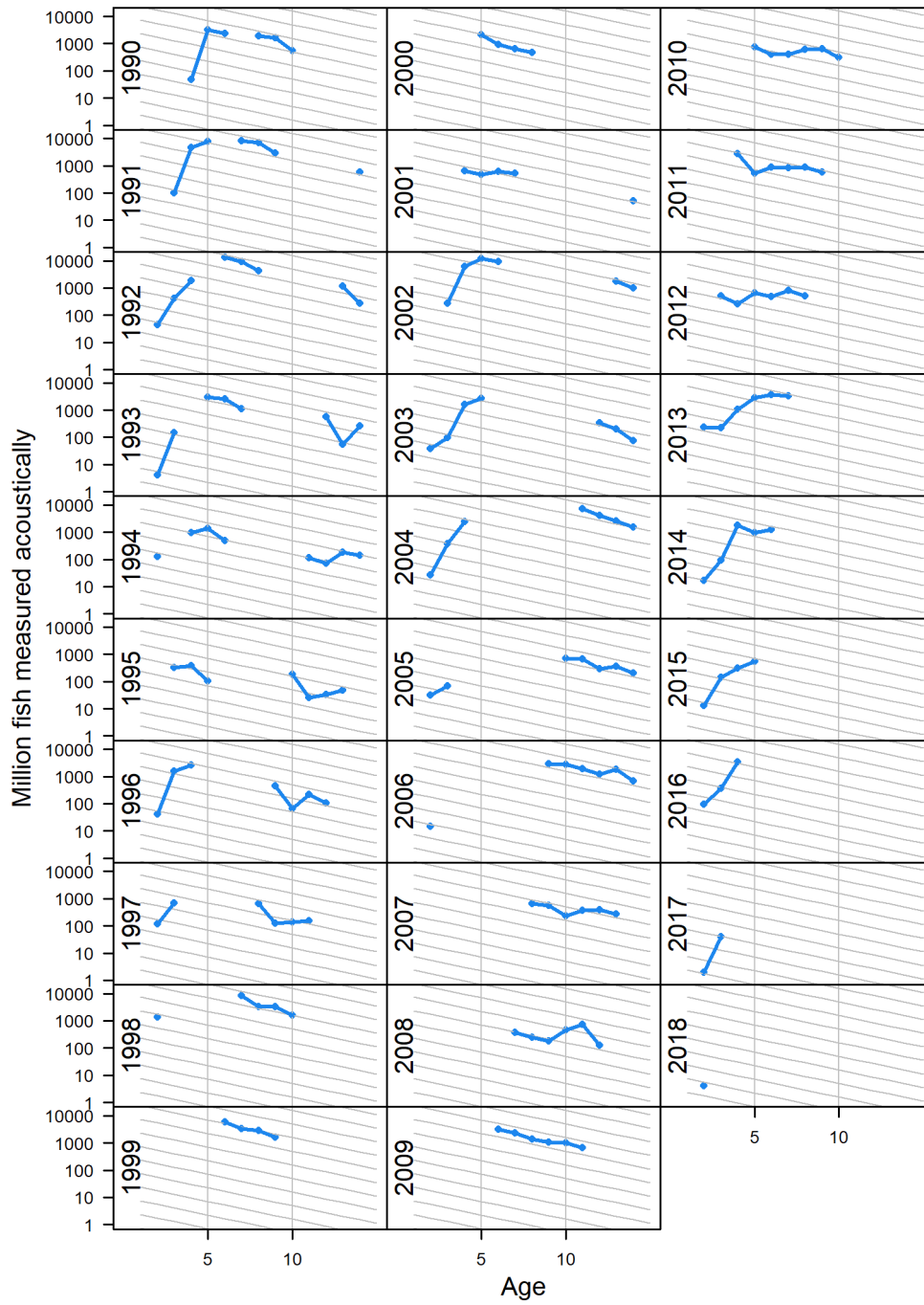


Figure 4.4.7.3. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Age disaggregated abundance indices (millions) from the acoustic survey on the spawning area in February-March (Fleet 1) plotted on a log scale. The labels indicate year classes and grey lines correspond to $Z = 0.3$. Age is on x-axis.

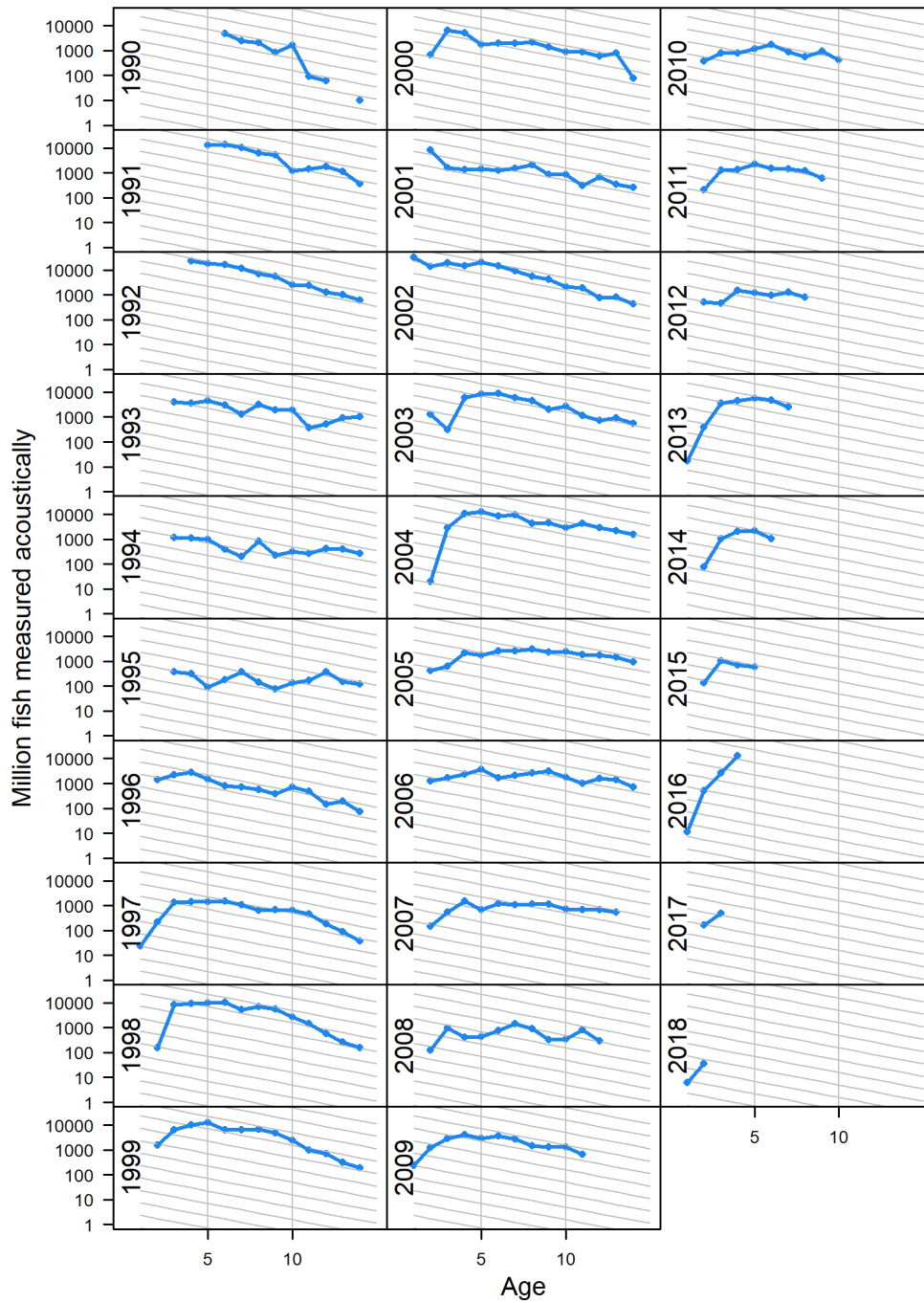


Figure 4.4.7.4. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Age disaggregated abundance indices (millions) from the acoustic survey on the feeding area in the Norwegian Sea in May (Fleet 5) plotted on a log scale. The labels indicate year classes and grey lines correspond to $Z = 0.3$.

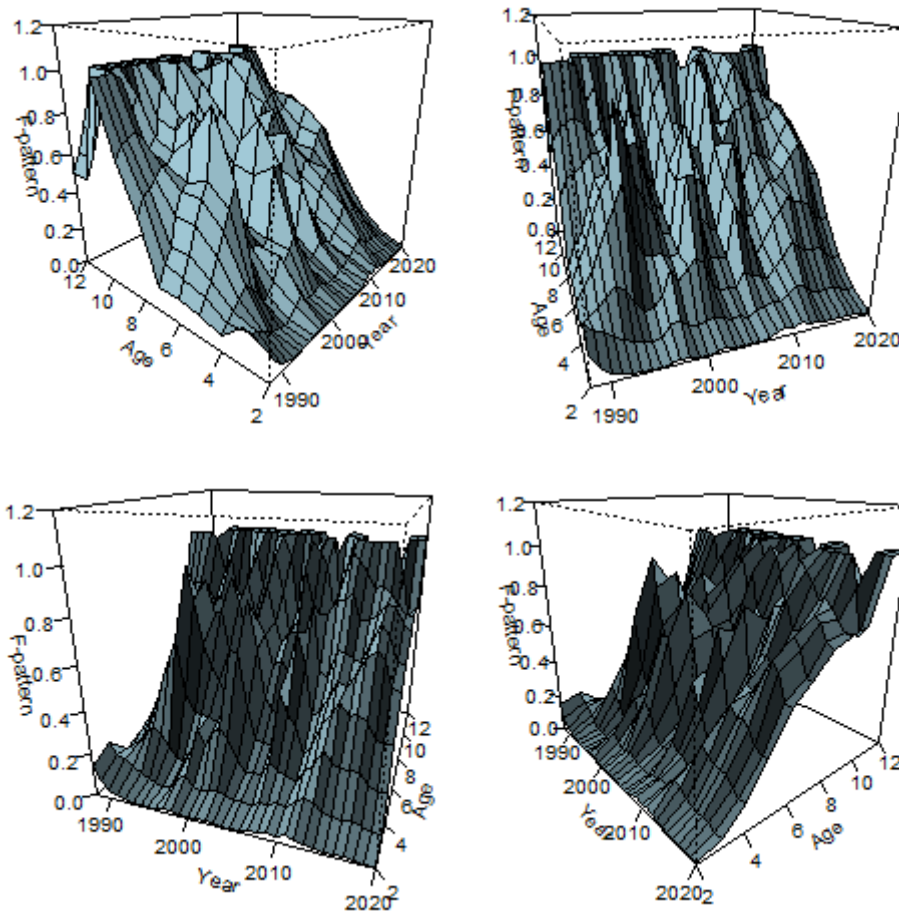


Figure 4.5.1.1. Estimated exploitation pattern for the years 1988–2020 by the XSAM model fit. All panels show the same data, but depicted at different angles to improve visibility at different time periods

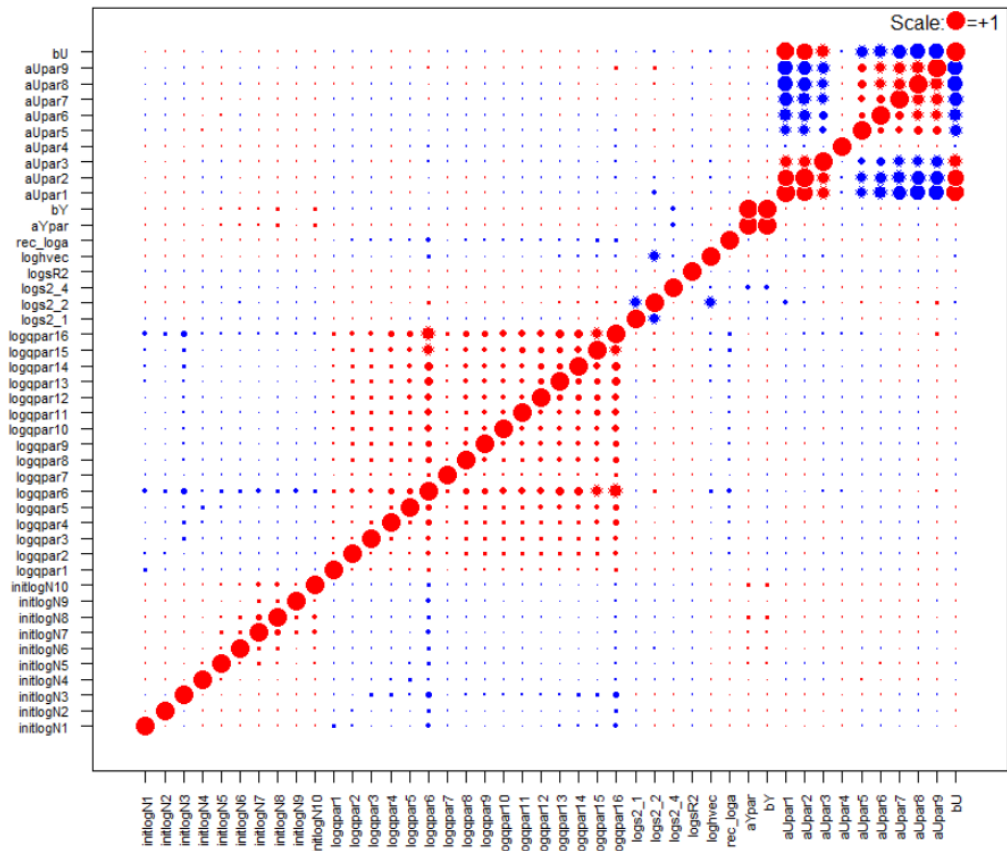


Figure 4.5.1.2. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Correlation between estimated parameters in the final XSAM model fit.

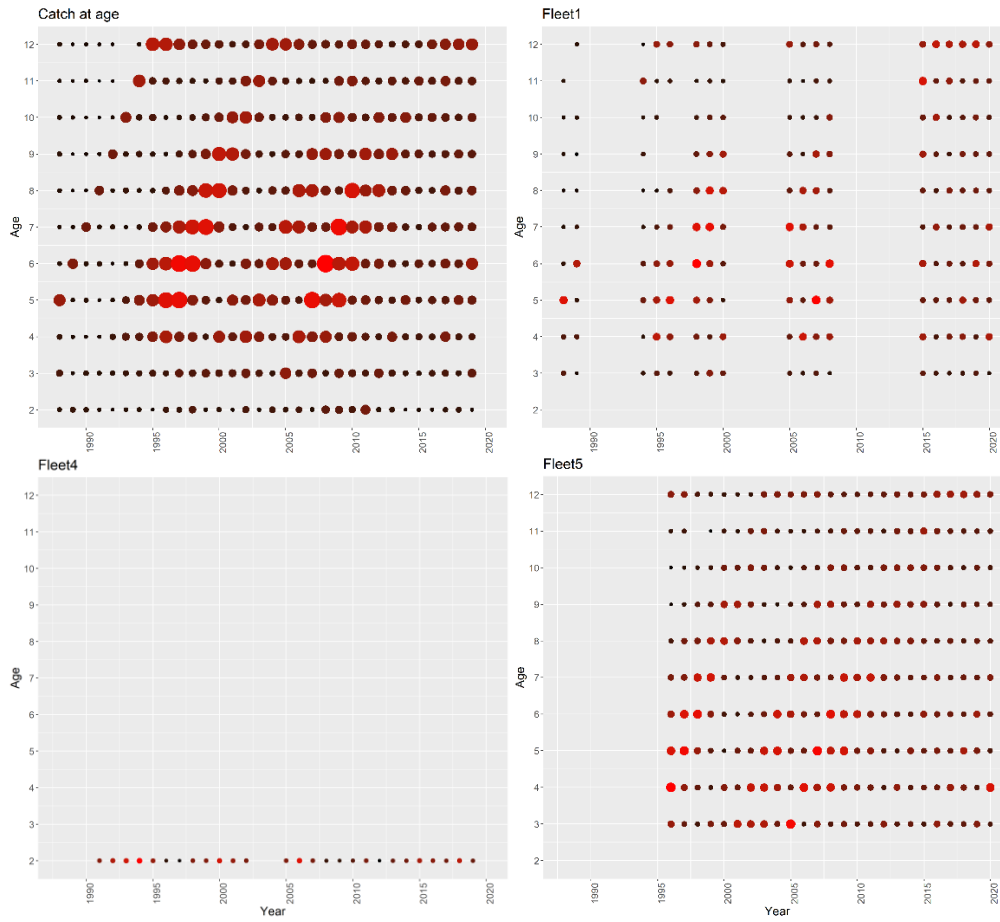


Figure 4.5.1.3. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Weights (inverse of variance) of data-input of the final XSAM model fit.

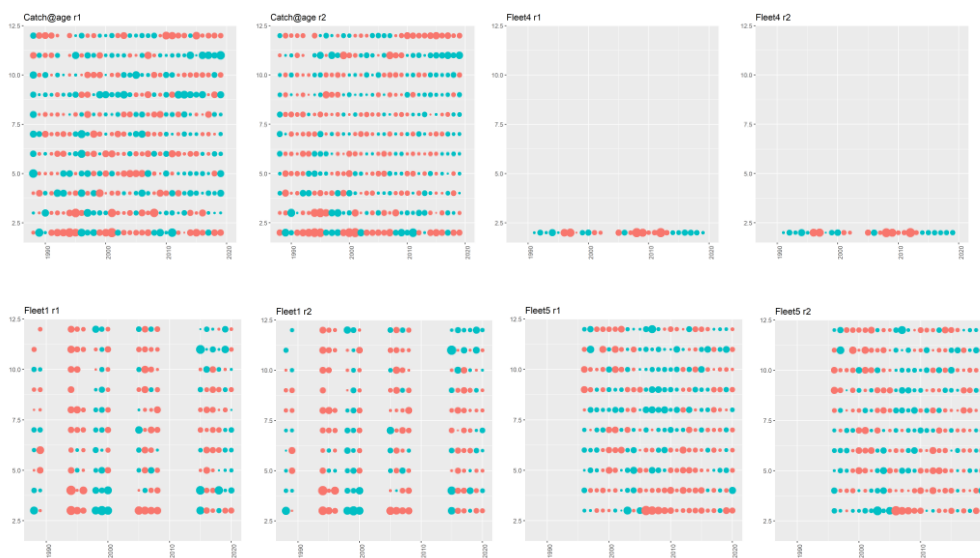


Figure 4.5.1.4. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Standardized residuals type 1 (left) and type 2 (right) (see text) of data-input of the final XSAM model fit. Red is positive and blue is negative residuals.

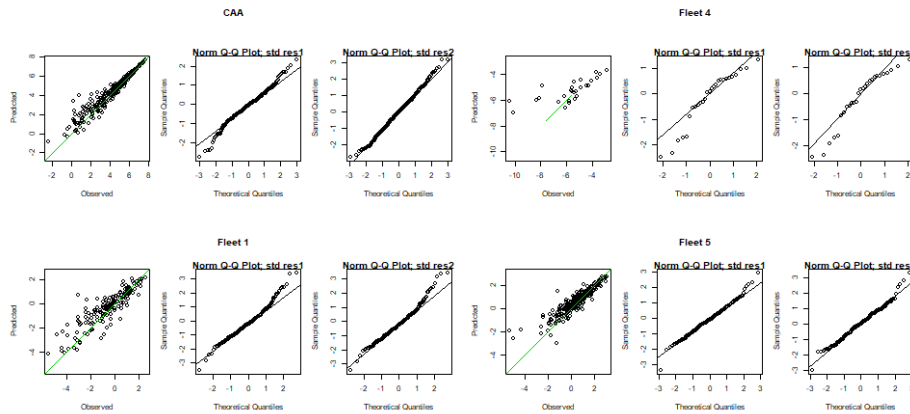


Figure 4.5.1.5. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Observed vs. predicted values (left column) and qq-plot based on type 1 (middle) and type 2 (right) residuals (see text) based on the final XSAM model fit.

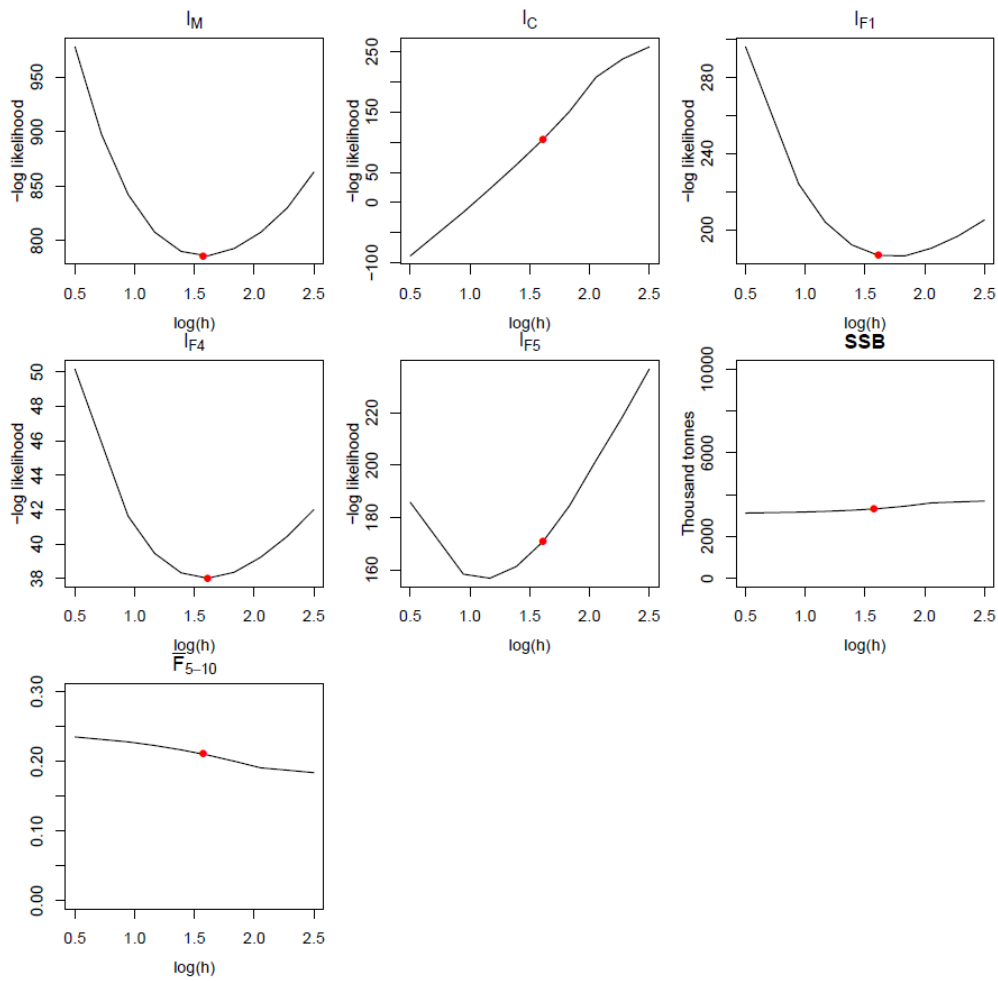


Figure 4.5.1.6. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Profiles of marginal log-likelihood I_M , the catch component I_C , Fleet 1 component I_{F1} , Fleet 4 component I_{F4} , Fleet 5 component I_{F5} , point estimate of SSB and average F (ages 5-12+) in 2020 over the common scaling factor for variance in data h for the final XSAM fit. The red dots indicate the value of the respective scaling factors for which the log-likelihood is maximized.

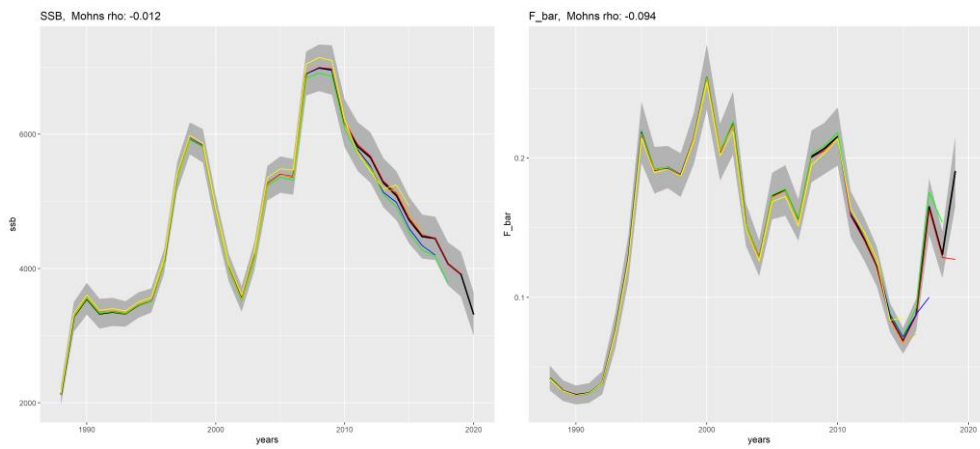


Figure 4.5.1.7. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Retrospective XSAM model fits of SSB and weighted average of fishing mortality ages 5-12 for the years 2015-2020. Mohn’s rho is shown in figure title.

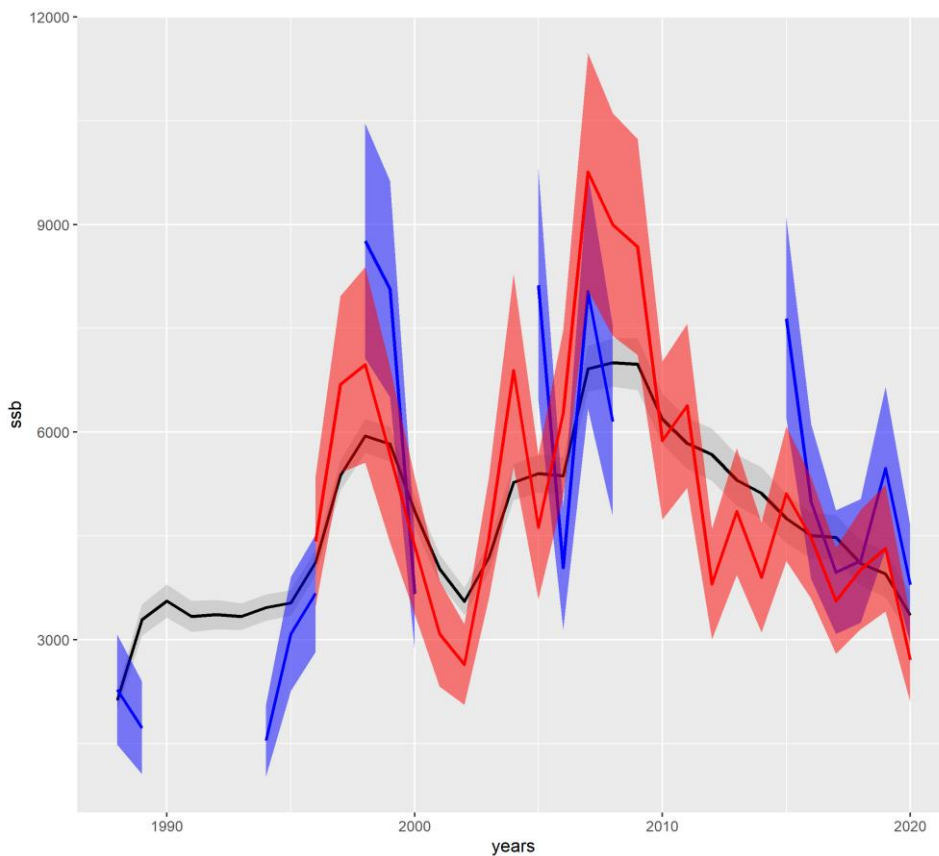


Figure 4.5.1.8. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Point estimates of Spawning-stock biomass by years 1988-2019 from model (black lines) and by survey indices from Fleet 1 (red) and Fleet 5 (blue). Shaded area is approximate to standard deviation.

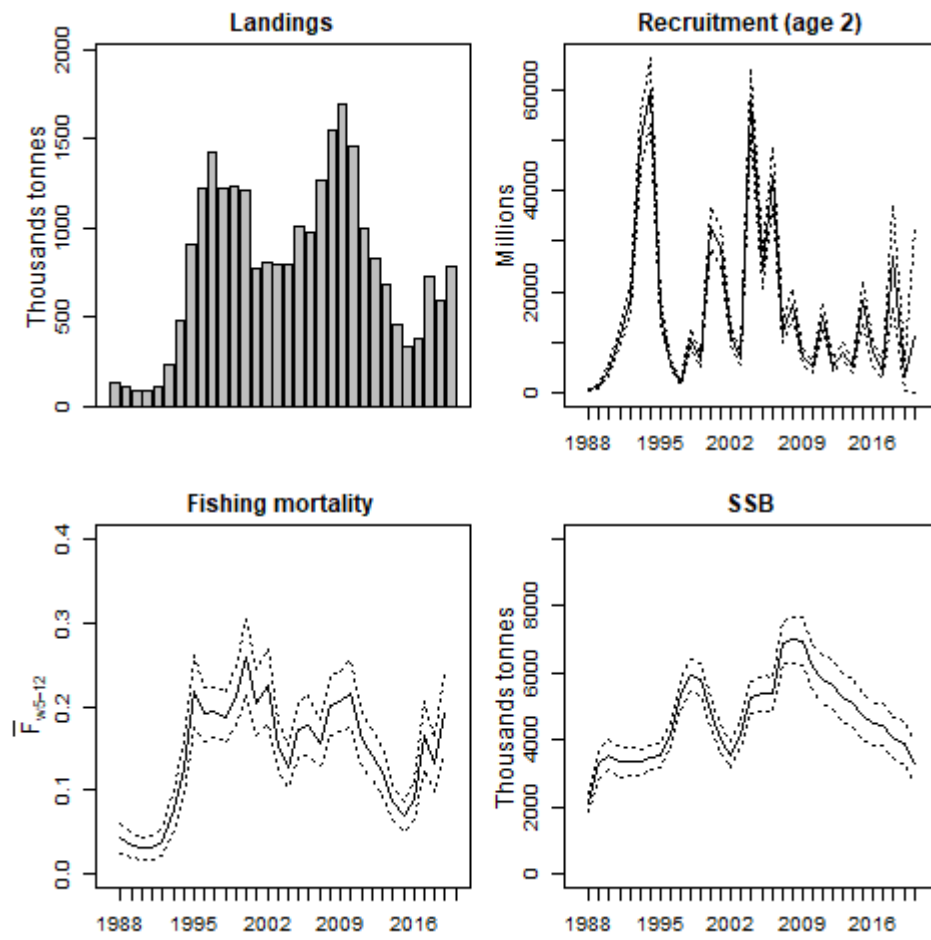


Figure 4.5.1.9. Total reported landings 1988–2019, estimated recruitment, weighted average of fishing mortality (ages 5-12) and spawning-stock biomass for the years 1988–2020 based on the final XSAM model fit.

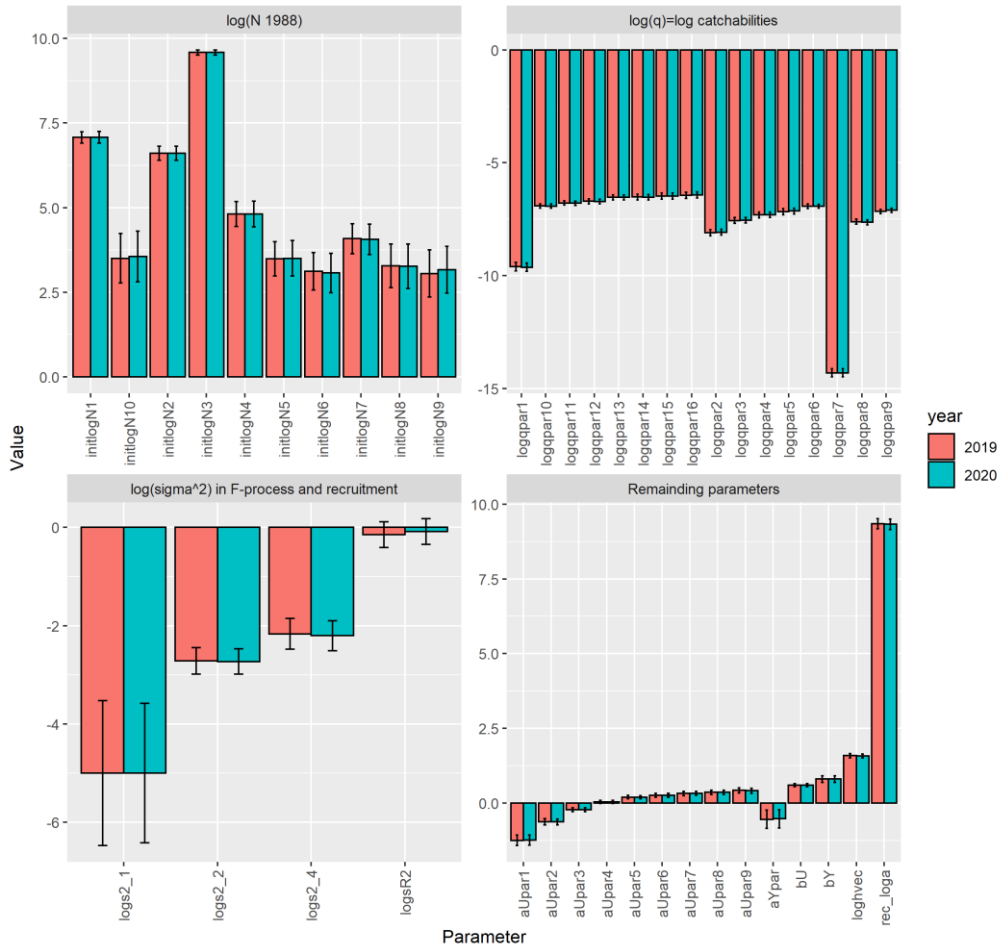


Figure 4.5.1.10. Norwegian spring-spawning herring. A visual representation of parameter estimates of the final XSAM model fit (see table 4.5.1.1). The estimates from the 2019 assessment are also shown (blue).

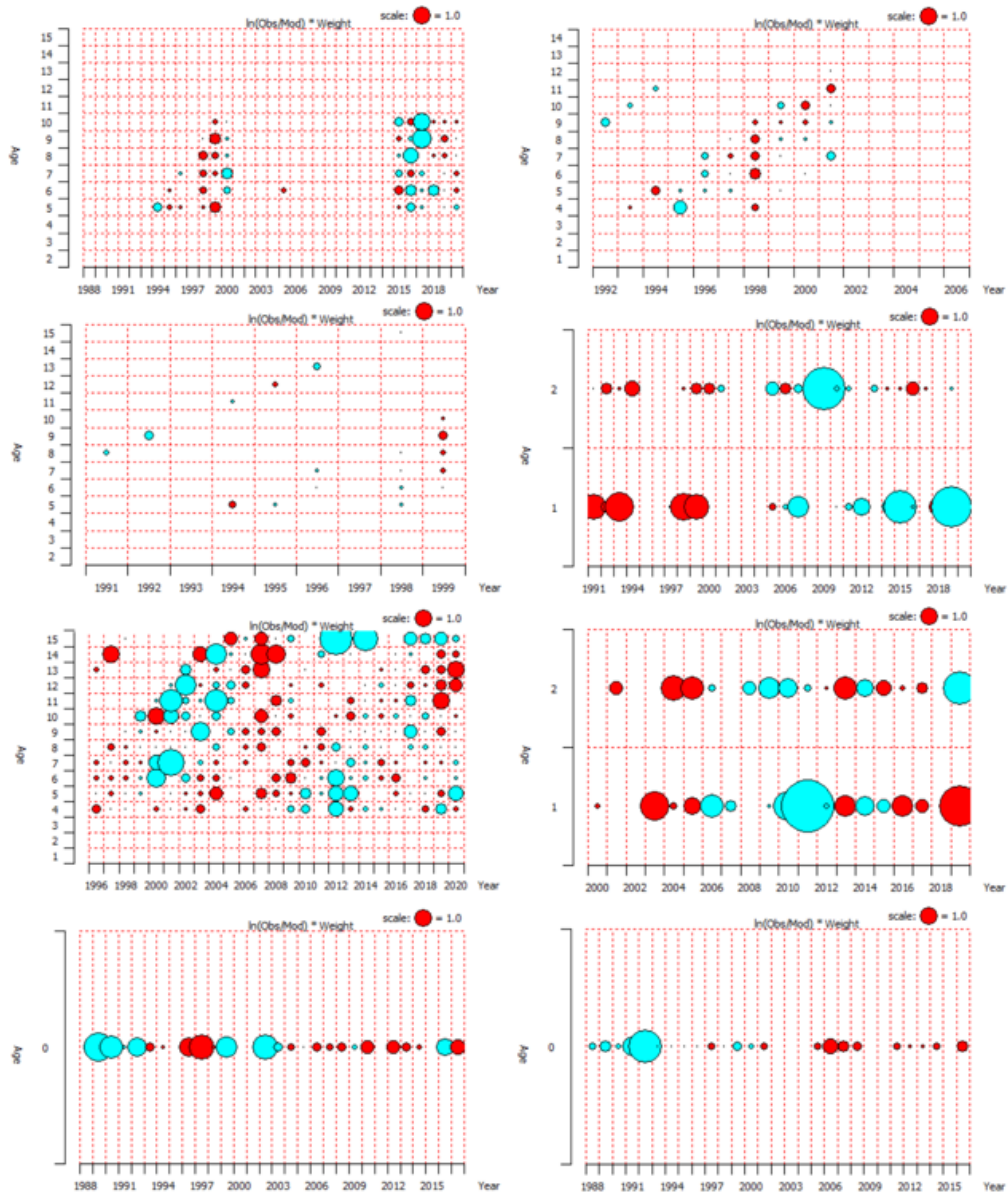


Figure 4.5.2.1.1. Norwegian spring-spawning herring. Residual sum of squares in the surveys separately from TASACS. First row starts with survey 1 and the last one in row four is larval survey.

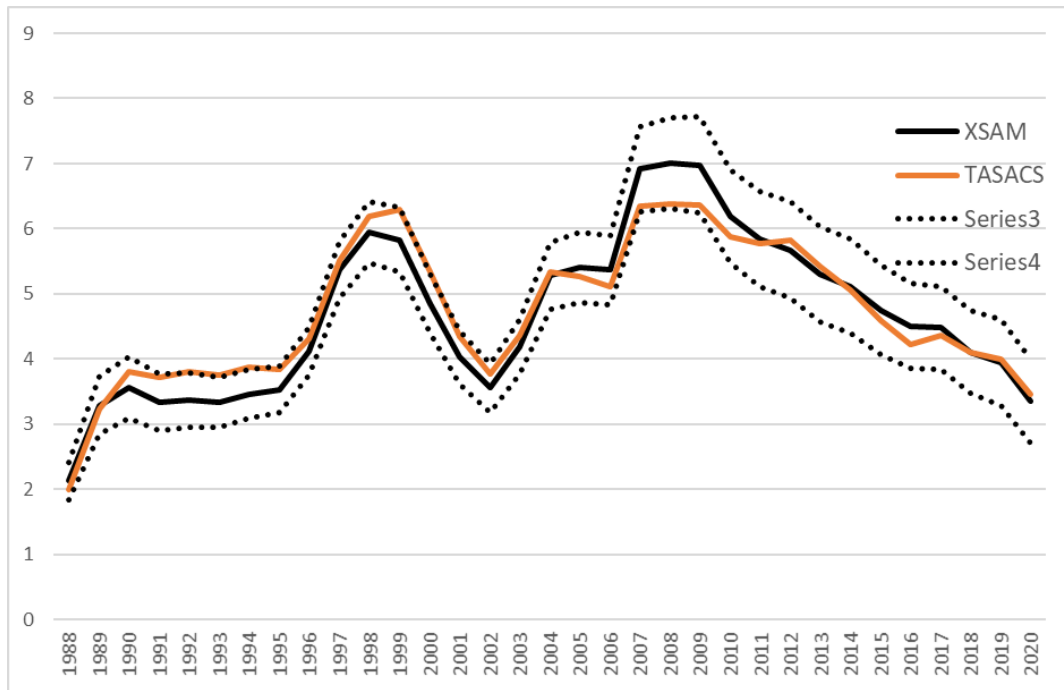


Figure 4.5.2.1.2. Comparison of SSB time-series from the final assessment from XSAM and exploratory runs from TASACS (following the 2008 benchmark procedure). 95% confidence intervals from the XSAM final assessment are shown (dotted lines).

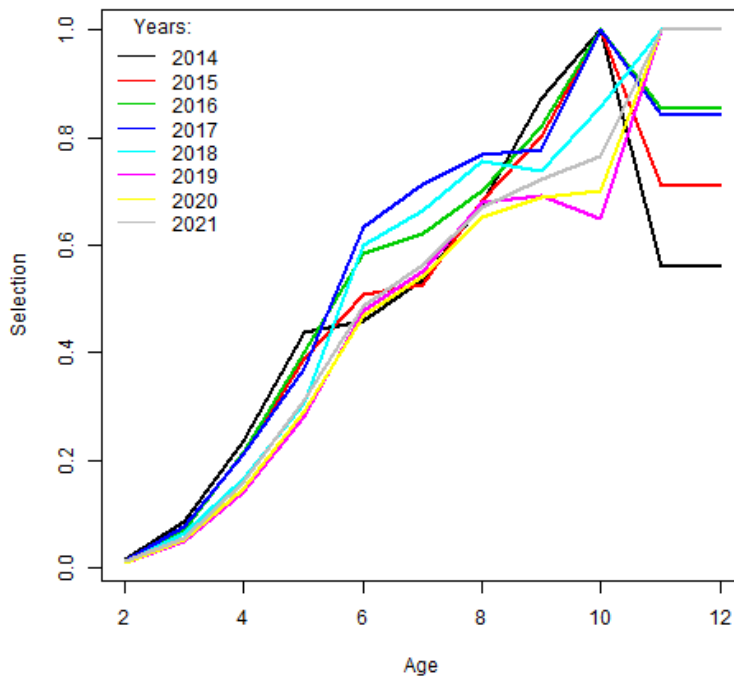


Figure 4.8.1.1. XSAM estimated selection pattern; selected years (estimates for 2014–2019 and predictions for 2020–2021) are shown in colours as indicated in the legend.

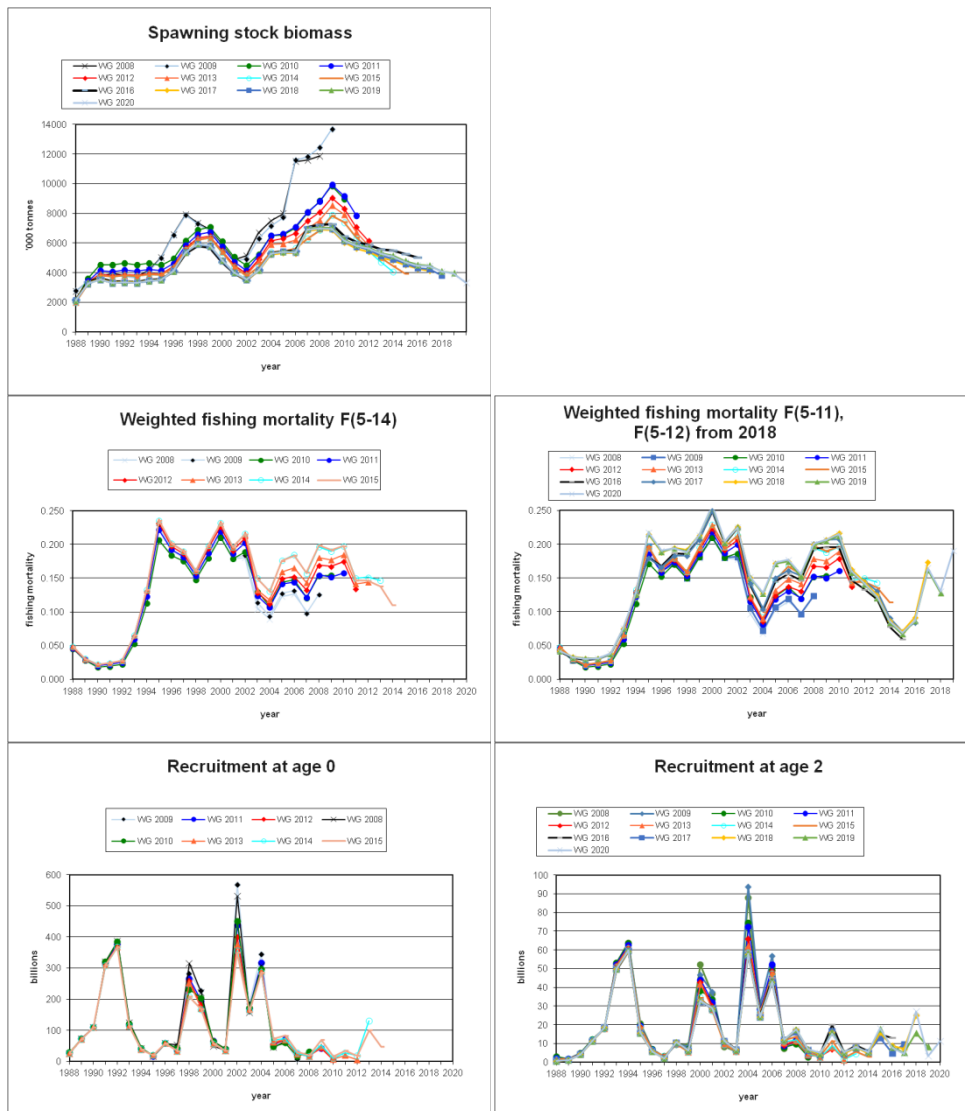


Figure 4.9.1. Norwegian spring spawning herring. Comparisons of spawning stock; weighted fishing mortality F(5-14) and F(5-11/5-12); and recruitment at age 0 and age 2 with previous assessments. In 2016 the proportion mature in the years 2006-2011 was changed; recruitment age changed from 0 to 2 and fishing mortality is calculated over ages 5 to 11. In 2018 (WKNSSHREF) the age range for the fishing mortality changed to ages 5 to 12.